

ABB MIRCO DRIVES

ACS150 drives

Quick installation and start-up guide



Safety instructions



WARNING! Obey these instructions. If you ignore them, injury or death, or damage to the equipment can occur. If you are not a qualified electrical professional, do not do electrical installation or maintenance

- Keep the drive in its package until you install it. After unpacking, protect the drive from dust, debris and moisture.
- Use the required personal protective equipment: safety shoes with metal toe cap, safety glasses, protective gloves and long sleeves, etc.
- When the drive or connected equipment is energized, do not do work on the drive, motor cable, motor, control cables or control circuits.

Electrical safety precautions

- 1. Clearly identify the work location and equipment.
- 2. Disconnect all possible voltage sources. Make sure that re-connection is not possible. Lock out and tag out.
 - Open the main disconnecting device of the drive.
 - Disconnect any dangerous external voltages from the control circuits.
 - After you disconnect power from the drive, always wait 5 minutes to let the intermediate circuit capacitors discharge before you continue.
- 3. Protect any other energized parts in the work location against contact.
- 4. Take special precautions when close to bare conductors.
- 5. Measure that the installation is de-energized.
 - Use a multimeter with a minimum impedance of 1 Mohm.
 - Make sure that the voltage between the drive input power terminals (U1, V1, W1) and the ground (\overline{PE}) is close to 0 V.
 - Make sure that the voltage between the drive output terminals (U2, V2, W2) and the ground (PE) is close to 0 $\rm V.$
 - Make sure that the voltage between the drive DC terminals (BRK+ and BRK-) and the ground (PE) is close to 0 V.
- 6. Install temporary grounding as required by the local regulations
- 7. Ask the person in control of the electrical installation work for a permit to

See the drive user's manual for the complete safety instructions.

1. Examine the installation area

The drive is intended for cabinet installation and has a degree of protection of IP20 / UL open type as standard.

Make sure that in the installation area

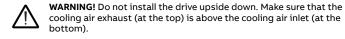
- There is sufficient space above and below the drive for cooling, and hot air does not recirculate. Refer to Free space requirements
- The ambient conditions are suitable. Refer to Ambient conditions.
- The mounting surface is non-flammable and can hold the weight of the drive.
- Refer to *Dimensions and weights*. Materials near the drive are non-flammable.
- There are no sources of strong magnetic fields, such as high-current singlecore conductors or contactor coils near the drive. A strong magnetic field can cause interference in the operation of the drive.

2. Install the drive

 $7.5 \text{ mm} (1.4 \times 0.3 \text{ in}) 1.$

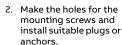
You can install the drive with screws or to a DIN rail [Top Hat, W x H = 35×75]

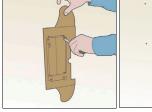
- Make sure that there is a minimum of 75 mm (3 in) of free space above and below the drive for cooling air.
- When placing drives on top of each other in a panel or cabinet, make sure that the hot air from the drives below do not directly enter the drive above.



To install the drive with screws

1. Cut out the mounting template from the package and use it to the mounting holes.





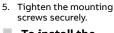


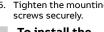
rail

figure.

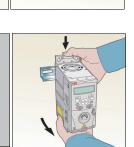
the wall.

3. Start to tighten the screws into the mounting holes. 4. Place the drive onto









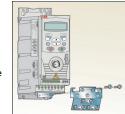
3. Attach the clamping plates

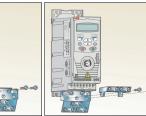
1. Fasten the clamping plate to the plate at the bottom of the drive with the

3. To remove the drive, press the release lever

on top of the drive

2. Fasten the I/O clamping plate to the clamping plate with the provided screws.





4. Measure the insulation resistance

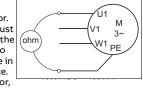
Measuring the insulation is typically not required in North America.

Drive: Do not do voltage tolerance or insulation resistance tests on the drive, because this can cause damage to the drive

Input power cable: Before you connect the input power cable, measure the insulation of the input power cable. Obey the local regulations

Motor and motor cable:

- Make sure that the motor cable is connected to the motor and disconnected from the drive output terminals U2, V2 and W2.
- Use a voltage of 1000 V DC to measure the insulation resistance between each phase conductor and the protective earth conductor. The insulation resistance of an ABB motor must be more than 100 Mohm (at 25 $^{\circ}$ C/77 $^{\circ}$ F). For the insulation resistance of other motors, refer to the manufacturer's documentation. Moisture in the motor decreases the insulation resistance. If you think that there is moisture in the motor, dry the motor and do the measurement again.



5. Select the cables

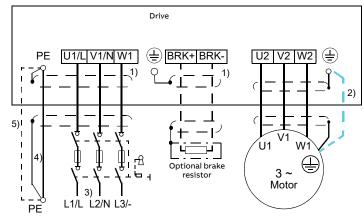
 $\label{lower} \textbf{Input power cable:} \ \ \text{IEC/EN} \ 61800-5-1 \ \text{requires two protective earth (ground)} \\ \text{conductors.} \ \ \text{Prefer a symmetrical shielded cable (VFD cable)}.$

Motor cable: Use a symmetrical shielded cable (VFD cable) for the best EMC performance and to meet the European EMC requirements

Control cable: Use a double-shielded twisted-pair cable for analog signals. Use a double- or single-shielded cable for digital, relay and I/O signals. Do not mix 24 V and 115/230 V signals in the same cable.

6. Connect the power cables

Connection diagram (shielded cables)



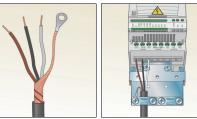
- Use a separate grounding cable if the conductivity of the cable shield is not sufficient (smaller than the conductivity of the phase conductor) for the protective grounding, or there is no symmetrically constructed grounding conductor in the cable.
- 3 In one-phase installations, connect phase to U1/L, neutral to V1/N and leave W1
- 4 Use two grounding conductors if the cross-section of a single grounding conductor is less than 10 mm2 Cu or 16 mm2 Al (IEC/EN 61800-5-1). For example, use the cable shield in addition to the fourth conductor.
- 5 Use a separate grounding cable (line side) if the conductivity of the fourth conductor or shield is not sufficient for the protective grounding.

Connection procedure (shielded cables)



WARNING! Make sure that the drive is compatible with the earthing system. You can connect all drive types to a symmetrically grounded TN-S system. For other systems, see the drive user's manual.

1. Strip the input power cable. Ground the cable shield (if any) under the grounding clamp. Twist the cable shield into a bundle, mark it accordingly and connect it to the grounding terminal. Connect other



conductors (PE) to the grounding terminal. Connect the phase conductors to the U1, V1 and W1 terminals.

- 2. Strip the motor cable. Ground the cable shield under the grounding clamp. Twist the motor cable shield into a bundle, mark it accordingly and connect it to the grounding terminal. Connect the phase conductors to the U2, V2 and W2 terminals.
- If applicable, connect the brake resistor cable to the BRK+ and BRK- terminals. Use a shielded cable and ground the shield under the grounding clamp.
- 4. Mechanically attach the cables on the outside of the drive.



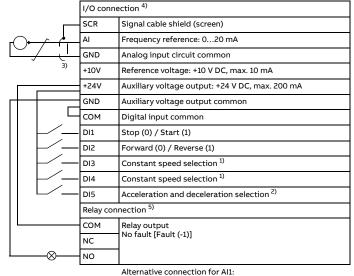
Frame size	Tightening torques					
	U1, V1, W1, U2, V2, W2, BRK+ and BRK-	PE				
R0R2	0.8 N·m (7 lbf·in)	1.2 N·m (11 lbf·in)				

00353783 L

7. Connect the control cables

Default I/O connections

The diagram shows the I/O connections when parameter $9902\,\mathrm{has}$ value 1 (ABB STANDARD).



	SCR	lf ·
		se
	Al	
		CC
<u>*</u> ^ ~	GND	
 _	GIND	
/ , l	4014	
7	+10V	
10 kohm		

you use voltage signal instead or current, switch the IU elector to U (0...10 V voltage signal), and use this onnection instead the one shown above

1) See parameter group 12 CONSTANT

2202 and 2203. 1 = ramp times according to parameters 2205 and 2206. 360 degree grounding under a clamp 4) Tightening torque: 0.22 N·m / 2 lbf·in 5) Tightening torque: 0.5 N·m / 4.4 lbf·in

2) 0 = ramp times according to parameters

(+)

DI3 DI4 Operation (parameter) Set speed through Speed 1 (1202) Speed 2 (1203) Speed 3 (1204)

Connection procedure

To prevent inductive coupling, keep the signal wire pairs twisted all the way up to the terminals.

- 5. Strip the outer insulation of the cable and ground the bare shield 360 degrees under the clamp.
- 6. Connect the conductors to the correct control terminals. Torque the input signals to 0.22 N·m (2 lbf·in) and relay output to 0.5 N·m
- 7. For double-shielded cables, twist also the grounding conductors of each pair in the cable together and
 - connect the bundle to the SCR terminal (terminal 1).

8. Mechanically attach the control cables on the outside of the drive. 8. Start up the drive



WARNING! Before you start up the drive, make sure that the installation is complete. Make sure that the cover of the drive is in place. Make sure also that the motor does not cause danger when it starts. Disconnect the motor from other machinery, if there is a risk of damage or injury. There is an extensive installation checklist in the drive user's manual.

Before you start, ensure that you have the motor nameplate data at hand

POW	/ER-UP	
	Apply input power. The panel powers up into the Output mode.	OUTPUT O PWD HZ
ENT	RY OF START-UP DATA	
	Select the application macro (parameter 9902) according to how the control cables are connected. The default value 1 (ABB STANDARD) is suitable in most cases.	9902 s
	The general parameter setting procedure in the Short parameter mode is described below.	
	1. To go to the Main menu, press if the bottom line shows OUTPUT; otherwise press repeatedly until you see MENU at the bottom. 1. To go to the Main menu, press if the bottom if the bottom.	ref menu FwD
	2. Press keys until you see "PAr S" on the display.	PAr S
	The display shows a parameter of the Short parameter mode.	9902 S
	4. Find the appropriate parameter with keys	LOC 9907 S
	5. Press and hold \(\subseteq \) for about two seconds until the parameter value is shown with \(\subseteq \subseteq \) under the value.	LOC 500 HZ PAR SEE FWD
	6. Change the value with keys . The value changes faster while you keep the key pressed down.	LOC 600 HZ PAR SEE FWD
	7. Save the parameter value by pressing \(\subseteq \).	0907 S
	Enter the motor data from the motor nameplate. motor nominal voltage (9905) motor nominal current (9906) motor nominal frequency (9907)	LOC 9905 S
	Set the maximum value for external reference REF1 (1105).	LOC 1105 S
	Set constant speeds 1, 2 and 3 (<i>1202, 1203, 1204</i>).	LOC 1202 S
	Set the minimum value (%) corresponding to the minimum signal for AI(1) (1301). Typical settings: 0% for 020 mA (or 010 V) signal 20% for 420 mA (or 210 V) signal	LOC 1301 S

Motor coasts to stop. 2 = Stop along ramp defined by parameter. ☐ Check the direction of the motor rotation.







2202

Set the acceleration time 1 (2202) and deceleration time 1 (2203).

ACCELERATION/DECELERATION TIMES

20% for 4...20 mA (or 2...10 V) signal

DIRECTION OF THE MOTOR ROTATION

1. Turn the potentiometer fully counterclockwise.

the motor rotates.

Set the maximum limit for the drive output frequency (2008). This is equal to power line frequency, typically. That is: 50 or 60 Hz.

Select the motor stop function (2102). 1 = Stop by cutting off the motor power supply.

2. If the drive is in remote control (REM shown on the left), switch to local control by pressing 3. Press to start the motor.
4. Turn the potentiometer slightly clockwise until

5. Check that the actual direction of the motor is the same as indicated on the display (FWD

To change the direction of the motor rotation:

1. Disconnect input power from the drive, and wait 5 minutes for the intermediate circuit

capacitors to discharge. Lock out and tag out. Measure the voltage between each input terminal (U1, V1 and W1) and earth with a multimeter to ensure that the drive is discharged.

2. Exchange the position of two motor cable phase conductors at the drive output terminals or at the motor connection box. 3. Verify your work by applying input power and repeating the check as described above.

means forward and REV reverse). 6. Press to stop the motor.

FINAL CHECK The start-up is now completed. If you want to

save your setting as a user macro, scroll to Parameter 9902 and select value -1 (USER S1

Check that there are no faults or alarms shown on the display.

The drive is now ready for use.

Related documents

ACS150 user's manual





ACS150 manual list

3AXD50000625970 Rev A EN 2020-04-21 © Copyright 2020 ABB. All rights reserved.

Fault codes

This is a short list of fault messages.

Fault	Description
F0001	OVERCURRENT - Output current has exceeded trip level.
F0002	DC OVERVOLT - Excessive intermediate circuit DC voltage.
F0003	DEV OVERTEMP - Drive IGBT temperature is excessive.
F0004	SHORT CIRC - Short-circuit in motor cable(s) or motor.
F0006	DC UNDERVOLT - Intermediate circuit DC voltage is not sufficient.
F0009	MOT OVERTEMP - Motor temperature estimation is too high.
F0016	EARTH FAULT - Drive has detected earth (ground) fault in motor or motor cable.
F0022	INPUT PHASE LOSS - Intermediate circuit DC voltage is oscillating due to missing input power line phase or blown fuse.

Ratings

	Inj	out			Output			Frame
ACS150-	/ _{1N}	/ _{1N} (480 V)	½N	I _{2,1/10}	I _{2max}	P_{N}		size
x = E/U ¹⁾	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	hp	
1-phase U _N =	230 V (20	0240 V)						
01x-02A4-2	6.1	-	2.4	3.6	4.2	0.37	0.5	RO
01x-04A7-2	11.4	-	4.7	7.1	8.2	0.75	1	R1
01x-06A7-2	16.1	-	6.7	10.1	11.7	1.1	1.5	R1
01x-07A5-2	16.8	-	7.5	11.3	13.1	1.5	2	R2
01x-09A8-2	21.0	-	9.8	14.7	17.2	2.2	3	R2
3-phase U _N =	230 V (20	0240 V)						
03x-02A4-2	4.3	-	2.4	3.6	4.2	0.37	0.5	RO
03x-03A5-2	6.1	-	3.5	5.3	6.1	0.55	0.75	RO
03x-04A7-2	7.6	-	4.7	7.1	8.2	0.75	1	R1
03x-06A7-2	11.8	-	6.7	10.1	11.7	1.1	1.5	R1
03x-07A5-2	12.0	-	7.5	11.3	13.1	1.5	2	R1
03x-09A8-2	14.3	-	9.8	14.7	17.2	2.2	3	R2
3-phase <i>U</i> _N =	400/480	V (38048	30 V)					
03x-01A2-4	2.2	1.8	1.2	1.8	2.1	0.37	0.5	RO
03x-01A9-4	3.6	3.0	1.9	2.9	3.3	0.55	0.75	RO
03x-02A4-4	4.1	3.4	2.4	3.6	4.2	0.75	1	R1
03x-03A3-4	6.0	5.0	3.3	5.0	5.8	1.1	1.5	R1
03x-04A1-4	6.9	5.8	4.1	6.2	7.2	1.5	2	R1
03x-05A6-4	9.6	8.0	5.6	8.4	9.8	2.2	3	R1
03x-07A3-4	11.6	9.7	7.3	11.0	12.8	3	4	R1
03x-08A8-4	13.6	11.3	8.8	13.2	15.4	4	5	R1

continuous rms input current (for dimensioning cables and fuses) I_{1N} (480 V) continuous rms input current (for dimensioning cables and fuses) for drives with 480 V input voltage

continuous rms current, 50% overload is allowed for one minute every ten minutes.

maximum (50% overload) current allowed for one minute every ten minutes 2.1/10 /_{2max} maximum output current. Available for two seconds at start, otherwise as long as allowed by the drive temperature.

typical motor power. The kilowatt ratings apply to most IEC 4-pole motors. The horsepower ratings apply to most NEMA 4-pole motors.

Fuses and typical power cable sizes

The table list the fuses for protection against short-circuits in the input power cable or drive. The table also shows typical power cable sizes

ACS150x	Fu	ses	Size of CU conductor in cablings								
= E/U	gG	UL Class T (600 V)	(U1, V	ply 1, W1)	_	Motor PE , V2, W2)		E	Brake (BRK+ and BRK-)		
	Α	Α	mm ²	AWG	mm ²	AWG	mm ²	AWG	mm ²	AWG	
-phase U _N = 230 V (200240 V)											
01x-02A4-2	10	10	2.5	14	0.75	18	2.5	14	2.5	14	
01x-04A7-2	16	20	2.5	14	0.75	18	2.5	14	2.5	14	
01x-06A7-2	16/20 ¹⁾	25	2.5	10	1.5	14	2.5	10	2.5	12	
01x-07A5-2	20/25 ¹⁾	30	2.5	10	1.5	14	2.5	10	2.5	12	
01x-09A8-2	25/35 ¹⁾	35	6	10	2.5	12	6	10	6	12	
3-phase <i>U</i> _N = 230 V (200240 V)											
03x-02A4-2	10	10	2.5	14	0.75	18	2.5	14	2.5	14	
03x-03A5-2	10	10	2.5	14	0.75	18	2.5	14	2.5	14	
03x-04A7-2	10	15	2.5	14	0.75	18	2.5	14	2.5	14	
03x-06A7-2	16	15	2.5	12	1.5	14	2.5	12	2.5	12	
03x-07A5-2	16	15	2.5	12	1.5	14	2.5	12	2.5	12	
03x-09A8-2	16	20	2.5	12	2.5	12	2.5	12	2.5	12	
3-phase <i>U</i> _N =	400/480	V (380	.480 V)								
03x-01A2-4	10	10	2.5	14	0.75	18	2.5	14	2.5	14	
03x-01A9-4	10	10	2.5	14	0.75	18	2.5	14	2.5	14	
03x-02A4-4	10	10	2.5	14	0.75	18	2.5	14	2.5	14	
03x-03A3-4	10	10	2.5	12	0.75	18	2.5	12	2.5	12	
03x-04A1-4	16	15	2.5	12	0.75	18	2.5	12	2.5	12	
03x-05A6-4	16	15	2.5	12	1.5	14	2.5	12	2.5	12	
03x-07A3-4	16	20	2.5	12	1.5	14	2.5	12	2.5	12	
03x-08A8-4	20	25	2.5	12	2.5	12	2.5	12	2.5	12	

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Ambient conditions

Requirement	During operation (installed for stationary use)				
Installation altitude	02000 m (06562 ft) above sea level (with output derating above 1000 m [3281 ft])				
Surrounding air temperature	-10+50 °C (14122 °F). If the temperature is more than 40 °C (104 °F), output derating is necessary. No frost permitted.				
Relative humidity	095% without condensation				
Contamination levels (IEC 60721-3-3: 2002)	No conductive dust permitted				
Shock (IEC 60068-2-27, ISTA 1A)	Not permitted				
Free fall	Not permitted				

 $^{1)}$ If 50% overload capacity is needed, use the larger fuse alternative.

Dimensions and weights

					D20 (c	abinet)	/ / / / /	nen				
Frame		H1 H2			Н3		w)	Weight	
size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
RO	169	6.65	202	7.95	239	9.41	70	2.76	142	5.59	1.1	2.4
R1	169	6.65	202	7.95	239	9.41	70	2.76	142	5.59	1.3/1.2 ¹⁾	2.9/2.6 ¹⁾
R2	169	6.65	202	7.95	239	9.41	105	4.13	142	5.59	1.5	3.3
					IF	20 / NI	EMA 1					,
Frame	H	14	H	15	'	W		D			Wei	ight
size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	-	-	kg	lb
R0	257	10.12	280	11.02	70	2.76	142	5.59	-	-	1.5	3.3
R1	257	10.12	280	11.02	70	2.76	142	5.59	-	-	1.7/1.6 ¹⁾	3.7/3.5 ¹⁾
R2	257	10.12	282	11.10	105	4.13	142	5.59	-	-	1.9	4.2

3AXD00000353783 L

200 V unit weight / 400 V unit weight

IP20 (cabinet) / UL open

height without fastenings or clamping plate H2 height with fastening and without clamping plate

H5 height with fastenings, connection box and hood

height with fastenings and clamping plate

width

IP20 / NEMA 1 (drive with optional MUL-xx kit installed) height with fastenings and connection box

Free space requirements

Ab	Above Below			Sides			
mm	in	mm	in	mm	in		
75	3	75	3	0	0		
3AXD00000353783 L							

Markings

The applicable markings are shown on the type designation label









