Tech Note 793 Capturing a Memory Dump File Using the Microsoft® Debug Diagnostic Tool (64bit)

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Introduction

Use the Debug Diagnostic Tool (DebugDiag) for troubleshooting issues such as hangs, slow performance, memory leaks or fragmentation, and crashes in any user-mode process. The tool includes additional debugging scripts for Internet Information Services (IIS) applications, web data access components, COM+ and related Microsoft technologies.

Note: This application supports 64-bit (x64) systems. For 32-bit procedure, see **Tech Note 726 Capturing a Memory Dump File Using the Microsoft® Debug Diagnostic Tool (32bit)**.

This Tech Note provides instruction for creating a Memory Dump for a designated issue type.

Application Versions

• DebugDiag 1.2 (x64)

Generating Memory Dumps

To use DebugDiag effectively, you need to first identify what kind of issue you are troubleshooting (e.g. a crash, hang, slow performance, or memory and handle usage). This step will aid in configuring the tool appropriately to get the right data, then to identify the root cause of the problem in order to resolve it.

Preparing the Environment

1. **Download the DebugDiag.msi file**. Do not download the x86 version as it is not the correct version. For this *Tech Note*, we use DebugDiagx64.msi (1.2).

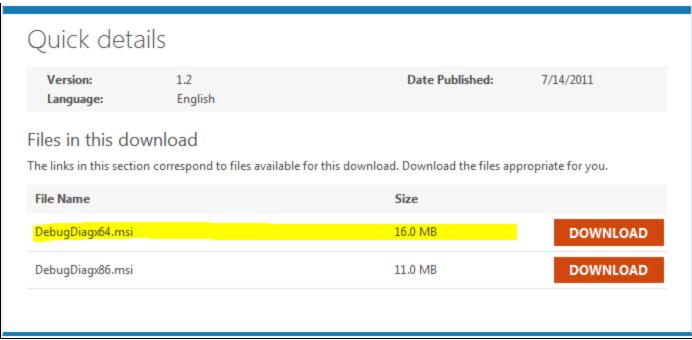


FIGURE 1: MICROSOFT DEBUG DIAGNOSTIC TOOL DOWNLOAD (16 MB)

- 2. Save the file to a folder of your choice and double-cick it to begin the installation.
- 3. Open DebugDiag 1.2 by clicking **All Programs/Debug Diagnostic Tool 1.2**.
- 4. When the **Select Rule Type** window appears, click the **Crash** or **IIS Hang** option as appropriate, then click **Next** (Figure 2 below).

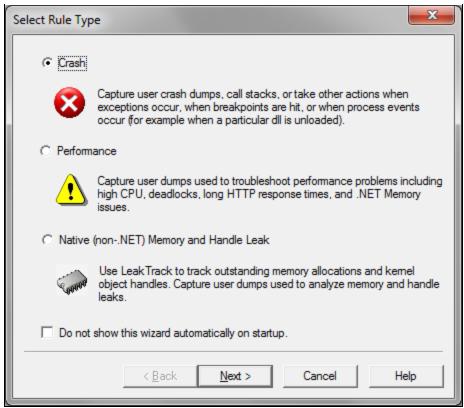


FIGURE 2: SELECT RULE TYPE

5. In the Select Target Type dialog box, click the A specific process option, then click Next (Figure 3 below).

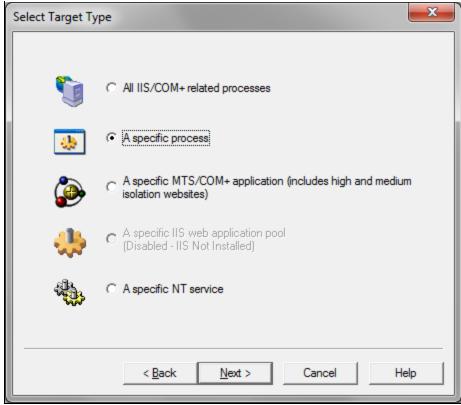


FIGURE 3: SELECT TARGET TYPE

- 6. Sort the target list by **Process Name** and find the process you need to troubleshoot. Click a process in the list to highlight it (Figure 4 below).
- 7. Make sure that the **This process instance only** option is NOT checked, then click **Next**.

Note: For this example, view.exe was crashing. However, the DebugDiag tool can be used for any process.

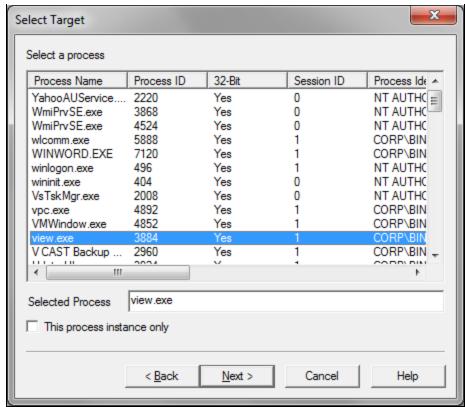


FIGURE 4: SELECT A TARGET PROCESS

8. Advanced Configuration is optional, so if you do not need it click **Next** without configuring anything (Figure 5 below).

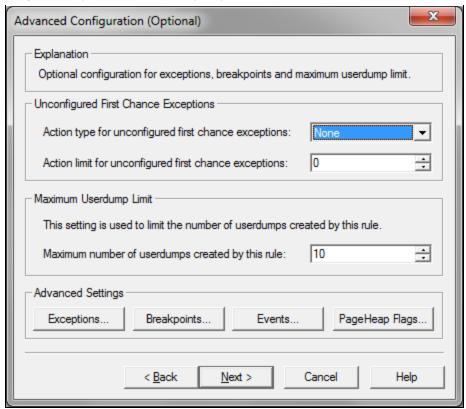


FIGURE 5: ADVANCED CONFIGURATION (OPTIONAL)

Optional Configuration Details

The following settings are optional but provide an extra level of control for configuring your dump file. For this example, you can set a few breakpoints and Exception codes using the **Advanced Configuration** dialog box.

If you want to skip Advanced Configuration details, go to Step 11 below.

- 1. Click **Exceptions** (Figure 5 above). The **Exception Configuration** window appears (Figure 6 below).
- 2. Click **Add Exception** (Figure 6 below).

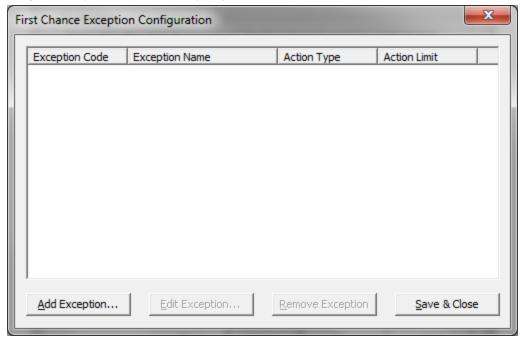


FIGURE 6: FIRST CHANCE EXCEPTION CONFIGURATION

- 3. For this example, select the exception code C0000005 Access Violation.
- 4. Keep the **Action Type** set to **Log Stack Trace** and change the **Action Limit** to **0**. This setting indicates no limit on the number of callstacks to output to the log file whenever there is an access violation within the process.

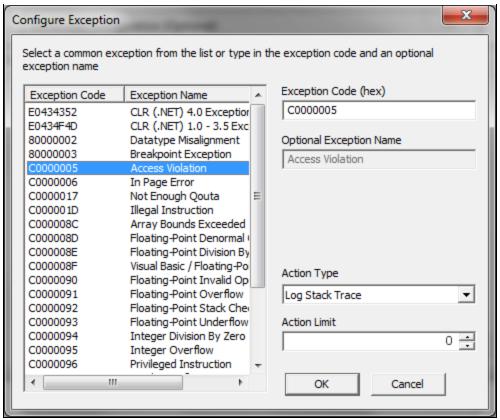


FIGURE 7: SELECT AN EXCEPTION

5. Click **OK**. The Exception Code appears in the Configuration panel.

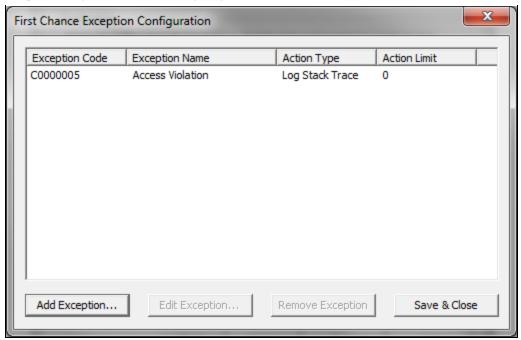


FIGURE 8: EXCEPTION CODE PANEL

- 6. Click Save & Close.
- 7. Click the **Breakpoints** button near the bottom of the dialog box (Figure 5 above). The **Configure Breakpoint** dialog box appears.
- 8. Click Add Breakpoint (Figure 9 below).

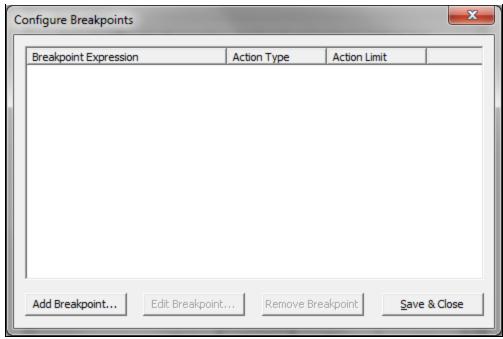


FIGURE 9: CONFIGURE BREAKPOINTS DIALOG BOX

For example, if you select **mscorwks!AppDomain::OnUnhandledException** in the list, then select **Full Userdump** from the **Action Type** list and set an Action Limit of 1 (Figure 10 below).

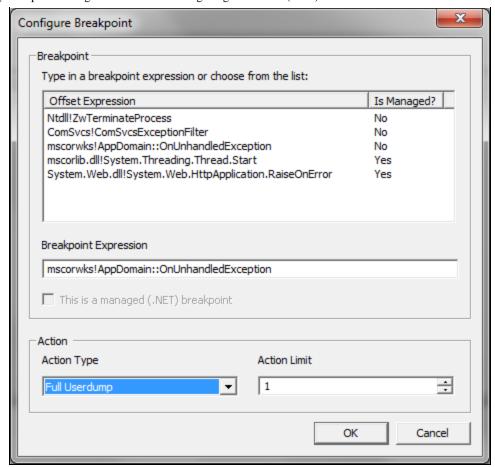


FIGURE 10: CONFIGURE BREAKPOINT

9. Click **OK**. The entry appears in the **Breakpoint Expression** panel (Figure 11 below).

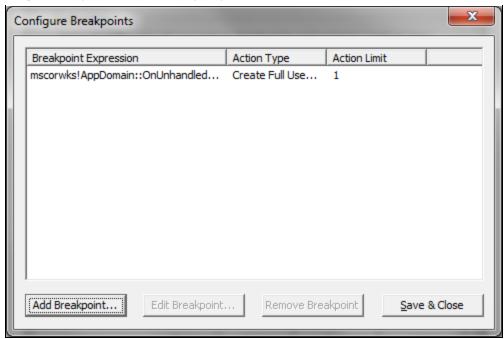


FIGURE 11: BREAKPOINT EXPRESSION

- 10. Click Save & Close.
- 11. On the Advanced Configuration dialog box click Next. (Figure 5 above).
- 12. Set the path for the dump file (Figure 12 below).

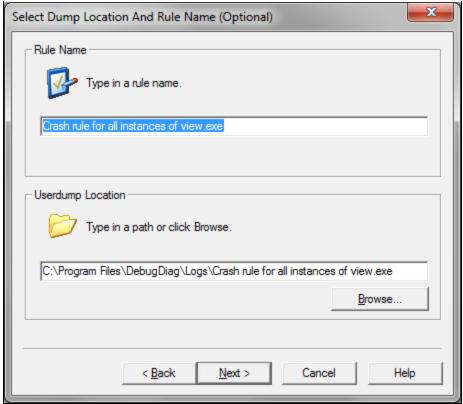


FIGURE 12: SET THE DUMP FILE PATH

13. Click **Next**, then click **Activate the Rule** and **Finish** (Figure 13 below).



FIGURE 13: ACTIVATE THE RULE AND FINISH CONFIGURATION

You now have attached DebugDiag to the process. If there are any access violations in this process you get a callstack of that failure in the log file that is created in that event. If the process shuts down for any reason you will get a full user dump of that process.

You can close the DebugDiag window since the debugger uses a service to help with the debugging. When you open DebugDiag again it displays a list of rules that are running and how many dumps it has collected thus far.

Review the Help Files for the DebugDiag Tool. They are very helpful and include lots of screenshots to illustrate. The help file is installed at: C:\Program Files\DebugDiag\DebugDiag.chm.

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