



# AVEVA™ Communication Drivers Pack – Modicon - MBTCP Driver

## User Guide

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## Chapter 1

# Introduction to the MBTCP Communication Driver

- [About the MBTCP Communication Driver](#)
- [Generic Modbus Controllers](#)
- [Supported Client Protocols](#)
- [Supported Device Protocols](#)

## About the MBTCP Communication Driver

The MBTCP Communication Driver is a Microsoft Windows application program that acts as a communications protocol server. It allows other Windows application programs access to data in the Modicon-family of controllers (also referred to as devices), including the TSX Premium, TSX Quantum, and TSX Momentum that are connected to the Communication Driver through the computers' Ethernet ports using the Modbus TCP/IP protocol.

This Communication Driver is hosted by the OI Server Manager, a Microsoft Management Console (MMC) snap-in, which is a part of the Operations Control Management Console (OCMC) suite of utilities. Many high-level functions and user-interface elements of the OI Server Manager are universal to all Communication Drivers, and only the documentation for the OI Server Manager contains descriptions of those universal functions/UI elements. Therefore, reading the documentation for both the MMC and the OI Server Manager is critical to understanding this user's guide. To read the documentation about the MMC and OI Server Manager, right-click the OI Server Manager icon and select the Help menu. Both the MMC Help and the Communication Drivers Pack Help are displayed.

The shortcut menu items described in this document typically represent only a subset of any actual shortcut menu. Most items in each shortcut menu are standard Windows commands. For more information about those commands, please see Help, by right-clicking the Operations Control Management Console icon.

## Generic Modbus Controllers

Starting in version 1.1 of the MBTCP Communication Driver, additional Modbus devices that are not listed in the supported hardware will be supported. These Modbus devices, referred to as Generic Modbus devices/controllers in this document and in the implementation of the Communication Driver, must be capable of supporting the Modbus [Controller Function Codes](#), [Modbus Exception Codes](#), and [Data Types](#).

Compared to the PLCs listed in [Supported MBTCP OI Server Hardware and Firmware](#), the Generic Modbus devices/controllers offer the following additional capabilities:

- Configurable TCP Port Number.
- Support of Modbus devices that cannot handle multiple-coil write in one message.
- Support of Modbus devices that cannot handle multiple-holding-register write in one message.
- Configurable 4-digit, 5-digit, or 6-digit addressing.
- The maximum addressable register range will be verified by the Modbus devices and does not need to be configured into the Communication Driver.
- Access to data in Modbus PLCs that support 64-bit data types such as integer and floating point value data types. In support of accessing 64-bit data types, the order of the PLC memory registers written to and read from are configurable.
- Configurable Zero Based Addressing to enable addressing both in Modbus PLCs that are zero-based, such as the TSX Premium, and in Modbus PLCs that are one-based. Zero-based addressing means that the first address bit (character) begins at 0 rather than at 1.

## Supported Client Protocols

The MBTCP Communication Driver communicates with clients and PLCs using the following different communications protocols:

- OPC
- SuiteLink
- DDE/FastDDE
- PCS

For more information refer to the "Support Client Protocols" section of the AVEVA Communication Drivers Pack Help.

## Supported Device Protocols

The Modbus Ethernet (MBTCP) Communication Driver is designed to provide connectivity to the family of Modicon controllers through the following supported network communications protocol:

- Modbus TCP/IP Ethernet protocol

### Modbus TCP/IP Ethernet Protocol

The Modbus TCP/IP Ethernet protocol is a part of the MBTCP Communication Driver, which must be installed on your computer and configured for the PLC with which you wish to communicate. The Modbus TCP/IP Ethernet protocol can be used in a network with up to 1024 slave devices.

- Direct Connectivity

The Modbus TCP/IP Ethernet protocol is utilized to directly connect to the following Modicon controllers through the TCP/IP port.

- TSX Quantum controllers

- TSX Momentum controllers
- TSX Premium controllers
- Generic Modbus TCP (4-Digit, 5-Digit, and 6-Digit) controllers
- Indirect Connectivity

The TCP/IP Ethernet protocol, through the TCP/IP port and down to either a Modbus Bridge or NR&D Pen-T Bridge is used to communicate with the following controllers:

- Compact 984 controllers (via RS232)
- Modicon Micro controllers (via RS232)
- TSX Momentum controllers (via RS232 or RS485)
- Generic Modbus Serial (4-Digit, 5-Digit, 6-Digit) controllers (via Serial RS485)

For more information about Modbus Bridge models and other supported hardware, see [Supported MBTCP OI Server Hardware and Firmware](#).

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**Note:** For more information on the Modbus protocol and to better understand how to read and write data to the different Modicon controllers, please refer to the Modicon "Modbus Protocol Reference Guide" (PI-MBUS-300).

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## Chapter 2

# Configuring the MBTCP Communication Driver

- [Configuring the MBTCP Communication Driver](#)
- [Device Group Definitions](#)
- [Device Item Definitions](#)
- [Exporting and Importing Communication Driver Item Data](#)

## Configuring the MBTCP Communication Driver

Network Communication Bridge/Interface Modules are the communication links between the MBTCP Communication Driver and its supported Modicon-family of controllers (also referred to as devices), including the TSX Premium, TSX Quantum, and TSX Momentum that are connected to the Communication Driver through the computers' Ethernet ports using the Modbus TCP/IP protocol. You must create these links within the OI Server Manager hierarchy to bridge/route control and information data between different networks to target controllers.

This is accomplished by creating Port Objects. These Port Objects simulate the physical hardware layout and must be built to establish communications to each of the controllers. Once you have built the MBTCP hierarchy, you can configure the respective devices for communications. Finally, you can create the desired Device Groups for each controller.

Before you add these Ports in the OCMC, you must identify your hardware topology to the devices being connected.

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**Note:** For more information on the Modbus protocol and to better understand how to read and write data to the different Modicon controllers, please refer to the Modicon Modbus Protocol Reference Guide (PI-MBUS-300).

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## Preparing the MBTCP Communication Driver

### To prepare the MBTCP Communication Driver

1. The MBTCP Communication Driver is installed along with the Communication Drivers Pack. It is a selectable option during the Communication Drivers Pack installation.
2. After the installation, start the System Manager Console by clicking the Start button on the Windows taskbar and pointing to Programs.



3. Point to the AVEVA folder that contains the Operations Control Management Console, then click Operations Control Management Console.
4. From the Operations Control Management Console tree, click on Operations Integration Server Manager.
5. Click on Default Group, then the Local node.

- Under the Local node, the Communication Driver name is OI.MBTCP

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**Note:** See the AVEVA Communication Drivers Help for general information about working in this snap-in environment.

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6. Before the Communication Driver is started, you must first build the device hierarchy to establish communications to each of the controllers.

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**Important:** For step-by-step procedures on how to build the device hierarchy, see [MBTCP Hierarchy in the OI Server Manager](#).

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**Note:** Selecting the Configuration object of the hierarchy tree displays the Global Parameters configuration view for this Communication Driver. The default Poke Mode settings for the Communication Driver is Optimization mode. Configure all other global parameters as required for this Communication Driver. For more information about the Global Parameters configuration view, including descriptions of the different Poke Modes, see the Communication Drivers Pack Help. You can access that documentation by right-clicking the OI Server Manager icon and selecting the Help menu, and then navigating through the Communication Drivers Pack Help.

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**Important:** Any Global Parameters that appear dimmed are either not supported or cannot be configured for this Communication Driver. Simulation Mode is not supported.

---

7. When the MBTCP hierarchy build has been completed, you can start configuring the respective devices for communications.
8. You may create the desired Device Groups for each controller by:
  - Navigating to the object of interest in the OI Server Manager tree view.
  - Clicking on the Device Groups tab.
  - Right-clicking in the Device Groups dialog box and selecting the Add command from the shortcut menu.

---

**Important:** For step-by-step procedures on configuring Device Groups, see [Device Group Definitions](#).

---

9. Finally, you may create the desired Device Items for each controller by:
  - Navigating to the object of interest in the OI Server Manager tree view.
  - Clicking on the Device Items tab.
  - Right-clicking in the Device Items dialog box and selecting the Add command from the shortcut menu.

---

**Note:** When any configuration view is in an open state and you open the same server the second time, the Communication Driver locks the second instance of this same-server access for any update or configuration activities. Access to this second opening instance will resume after the first one has been closed.

---

The Communication Driver is now ready for use. In order to use the Communication Driver, you must activate it.

- If you are using an OPC Client, the Communication Driver can be auto-started.

- If you are using DDE/SuiteLink, you must start the Communication Driver either as a manual or automatic service.
- To activate the Communication Driver, right-click on the appropriate serve instance, such as OI.MBTCP.4, and select Activate Server from the shortcut menu.

## MBTCP Hierarchy in the OI Server Manager

Before attempting to configure your Communication Driver, you should determine the hierarchical structure of your network/PLC environment.

---

**Note:** The default name created from adding a hierarchy object is in the format of `New_ObjectName_###`, where `ObjectName` is the name of the object type and `###` is a numeric value starting from "000" enumerated sequentially per hierarchy object. The hierarchy object name is up to 32 characters long. The link name for the OPC items is constructed by assembling the respective object names of the nodes along the hierarchy tree in the logical order, starting from this Communication Driver's `TCPIP_PORT` root down to the leaf. Therefore, the link name is always unique for the Communication Driver.

---

### Configuring `TCPIP_PORT` Object

The configuration specific the MBTCP Communication Driver hierarchy tree under the OI Server Manager starts at the `TCPIP_PORT` object.

1. Configure the `TCPIP_PORT` object from the Configuration branch of the hierarchy after the Communication Driver has been installed.
2. Rename this object as appropriate.

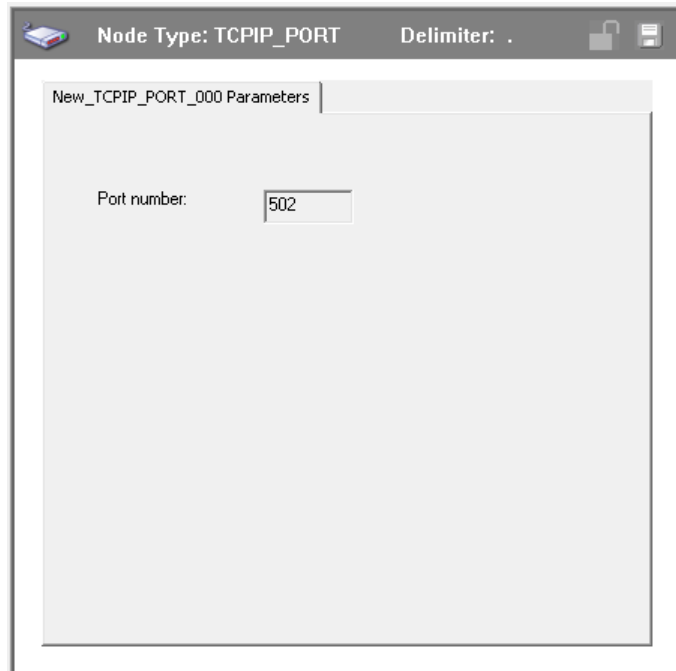
---

**Important:** If you subsequently clear your configuration hierarchy, you must create this `TCPIP_PORT` object from the Configuration branch of the hierarchy. From this point, all of the following instructions apply.

---

#### To create a `TCPIP_PORT` object from the Configuration branch

1. Right-click on Configuration.
2. Select **Add `TCPIP_PORT` Connection** from the shortcut menu.
  - A new `TCPIP_PORT` object is created as a node in the hierarchy tree.
  - Default name is `New_TCPIP_PORT_000`.
3. Rename the newly created object as appropriate.
  - The `New_TCPIP_PORT_000` Parameters configuration view (right pane) is displayed.



This configuration view has one element:

- Port number: Displays the default port (socket) number, which is 502.

---

**Note:** The MBTCP Communication Driver uses port 502 as the default port number to contact the PLC. The port number in this display is dimmed and is not changeable in this view. However, the actual port to be used by the Generic Modbus PLCs can be configured in the ModbusPLC object. This setting will override the port setting in the TCPIP\_PORT object. Controllers configured under the ModbusBridge object will always use port number 502.

---

From the New\_PORT\_TCPIP\_000 branch of the Communication Driver hierarchy, the following objects can be created:

- ModbusBridge Object
- TSXQuantum Object (representing the TSXQuantum controller)
- TSXMomentum Object (representing the TSXMomentum controller)
- TSXPremium Object (representing the TSXPremium controller)
- ModbusPLC Object (representing the Modbus Generic 4-Digit, 5-Digit, or 6-Digit controller)

---

**Important:** Each hardware configured has a limitation to the number of connections it can support at one time. Please refer to the respective hardware’s documentation for the maximum number of simultaneous Modbus/TCP server connections it can support.

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**Note:** The TSXQuantum, TSXMomentum, TSXPremium, and ModbusPLC objects represent the logical endpoint to the hardware hierarchy. If you add a ModbusBridge object, you must configure an additional leaf on the hierarchy.

---

## Configuring Connections to TCPIP\_Port Object

## ModbusBridge Connection

### To add ModbusBridge connection to your MBTCP hierarchy

1. Right-click on the TCPIP\_PORT branch, and select **Add ModbusBridge Connection** from the shortcut menu.

A new ModbusBridge object is created. Default name is New\_ModbusBridge\_000.

---

**Note:** You can add up to 247 objects of each type to the hierarchy. However, the bridge itself limits the number of PLCs that can be connected to the serial line.

---

2. Rename as appropriate.

The New\_ModbusBridge\_000 Parameters configuration view is displayed.

This configuration view has four configurable elements.

- **Bridge Type:** From the drop-down menu, select the type of communications bridge to use for the connection to the TCP/IP Port.
  - **Modbus Bridge: (Default)** This attribute is editable. For this selection, the default value of Maximum outstanding messages is 2. The maximum value is 4, and the minimum value is 1.
  - **NR&D Pen-T Bridge: (Alternative bridge type)** This attribute is not editable. For this selection, the default value of Maximum outstanding messages is 1. The Port number and Maximum outstanding messages fields are disabled.
- **Network address:** Enter the host name or IP address of the bridge.
  - The number of characters should not exceed 255.
  - The field cannot be blank (number of characters cannot be zero).
  - The default value is 1.0.0.0.
- **Port number:** Displays the default port (socket) number, which is 502.

- **Maximum outstanding messages:** Enter the maximum number of queued messages allowed in the Modbus Bridge.

---

**Note:** The Bridge Type used governs the value configured.

---

From the ModbusBridge branch of the Communication Driver hierarchy, the following objects can be created:

- Compact984 Object
- ModiconMicro Object
- TSXMomentumRS Object
- ModbusPLCRS Object

### Compact984 Connection

The Compact984 connection can be created only from the ModbusBridge branch.

#### To add Compact984 Connection to your MBTCP hierarchy

1. Right-click on your ModbusBridge branch, and select **Add Compact984 Connection** from the shortcut menu.
  - A new Compact984 object is created as a node in the hierarchy tree.
  - Default name is New\_Compact984\_000.

---

**Note:** You can add up to 247 objects of this type to the hierarchy.

---

2. Rename as appropriate.
  - The New\_Compact984\_000 Parameters configuration view is displayed.

This configuration view has 11 configurable elements.

- **PLC unit ID:** Enter the PLC unit ID.  
The Bridge's internal configuration contains a UnitID parameter which can be set to override the Unit\_ID address received in the message from the server. In other words, when the Unit\_ID box is 0 (zero) the bridge routes the message to its configured Slave device. If the server's Unit\_ID is set to 0 (zero), the message will be delivered to the Slave device whose address is defined in the UnitID box of the Bridge. If the server's Unit\_ID is set to a non-zero value (range 1...255), the message will be delivered to the Slave device at that numerical address, regardless of the contents of the UnitID box in the Bridge.
  - The minimum value is 0 (zero).
  - The maximum value is 255.
  - The default value is 1 (one).
- **Reply timeout (sec):** Enter the amount of time the server will wait for an acknowledgment.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 60.
  - The default value is 3 (three).

- **Use Concept data structures (Longs):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Long item types. If checked, the DAServer will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Use Concept data structures (Reals):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Real item types. If checked, the DAServer will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Bit order format:** The format of the bit order entered into the PLC. There are four bit order formats available for selection.
  - B1 B2 ... B16: (Default) Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 1; LSB = Bit 16)
  - B16 B15 ... B1: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 16; LSB = Bit 1)
  - B0 B1 ... B15: Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 0; LSB = Bit 15)
  - B15 B14 ... B0: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 15; LSB = Bit 0)
- **Register Order:** The order of the PLC memory registers written to and read from, used to support 64-bit data types.
  - Order 1: R1 R2 R3 R4 (Default)
  - Order 2: R2 R1 R4 R3
  - Order 3: R3 R4 R1 R2
  - Order 4: R4 R3 R2 R1where R1, R2, R3, and R4 are the relative register addresses in the PLC.
- **Swap bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for Long, Unsigned Long, and Real datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **Swap string bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for String datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **Register size (digits):** Select the correct register size for addressing the PLC.
  - 5-digit register size (applies to 984-145 Compact PLCs).
  - 6-digit register size (applies to 984-265 Compact PLCs).
  - The default value is 5, for the 984-145 Compact PLCs.
- **String variable style:** PLC string-data format. Select the option for the style used by the device to store strings in its registers.

- Full length (space padded) (Default)
- C style (null terminated)
- Pascal style (includes length specifier)
- **Register type:** Select either Binary or BCD for the register type being used.
  - Binary
  - BCD
  - The default register type is Binary.
- **Maximum address range:** There are five sub-elements in this Maximum addressable registers box. The maximum addressable registers can be obtained from the Modicon Concept or Modsoft configuration programs. The PLC will return an error if a register outside of this range is used to read data. The MBTCP DAServer filters out registers outside of this range and logs error messages.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input	Enter the maximum number of addressable discrete inputs (read coils) in the PLC	Min = 1 (one)	For 984-145 compact PLCs: Max = 9999 (Default)  For 984-265 compact PLCs: Max = 65536
Coil	Enter the maximum number of addressable write coils in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one)	For 984-145 compact PLCs: Max = 9999 (Default)  For 984-265 compact PLCs: Max = 65536
Input register	Enter the maximum number of addressable input registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one)	For 984-145 compact PLCs: Max = 9999 (Default)  For 984-265 compact PLCs: Max = 65536
Holding register	Enter the maximum number of addressable holding registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one)	For 984-145 compact PLCs: Max = 9999 (Default)



			For 984-265 compact PLCs: Max = 65536
Extended register	Enter the maximum number of addressable extended registers in the PLC.  Note: This option is not available if you set Register size to 6.	Min = 1 (one)	For 984-145 compact PLCs: Max = 9999 (Default)  For 984-265 compact PLCs: Max = 65536

- **Block I/O size:** This Block I/O Sizes box contains seven sub-elements. The DAServer uses the block I/O sizes to maximize data throughput. The MBTCP DAServer uses a 256-byte buffer to read or write data to the PLC. The maximum value is the maximum number of registers that can be read or written from/to the PLC in one command.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input/ coil read	Enter the maximum number of discrete inputs or coils to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 1976 (Default)
Coil write	Enter the maximum number of coils to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 800 (Default)
Holding register read	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
Holding register write	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 100 (Default)
Input register read	Enter the maximum number of input registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
Extended register read	Enter the maximum number of extended registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 122 (Default)
Extended register write	Enter the maximum number of extended registers to write at one time.  Note: This option is unavailable if you set Register size to 6.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 120 (Default)

### ModiconMicro Connection

From the ModbusBridge branch of the Communication Driver hierarchy, the ModiconMicro connection can be created.

#### To add ModiconMicro Connection to your MBTCP hierarchy

1. Right-click on your ModbusBridge branch, and select **Add ModiconMicro Connection** from the shortcut menu.

- A new ModiconMicro object is created as a node in the hierarchy tree.
- Default name is New\_ModiconMicro\_000.

**Note:** You can add up to 247 objects of this type to the hierarchy.

2. Rename as appropriate.

- The New\_ModiconMicro\_000 Parameters configuration view is displayed.

This configuration view has 10 elements that are configurable.

- **PLC unit ID:** Enter the PLC unit ID.  
The Bridge's internal configuration contains a UnitID parameter which can be set to override the Unit\_ID address received in the message from the server. In other words, when the Unit\_ID box is 0 (zero) the bridge routes the message to its configured Slave device. If the server's Unit\_ID is set to 0 (zero), the message will be delivered to the Slave device whose address is defined in the UnitID box of the Bridge. If the server's Unit\_ID is set to a non-zero value (range 1...255), the message will be delivered to the Slave device at that numerical address, regardless of the contents of the UnitID box in the Bridge.
  - The minimum value is 0 (zero).
  - The maximum value is 255.

- The default value is 1 (one).
- **Reply timeout (sec):** Enter the amount of time the server will wait for an acknowledgment.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 60.
  - The default value is 3 (three).
- **Use Concept data structures (Longs):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Long item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Use Concept data structures (Reals):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Real item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Bit order format:** The format of the bit order entered into the PLC. There are four bit order formats available for selection.
  - B1 B2 ... B16: (Default) Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 1; LSB = Bit 16)
  - B16 B15 ... B1: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 16; LSB = Bit 1)
  - B0 B1 ... B15: Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 0; LSB = Bit 15)
  - B15 B14 ... B0: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 15; LSB = Bit 0)
- **Register Order:** The order of the PLC memory registers written to and read from, used to support 64-bit data types.
  - Order 1: R1 R2 R3 R4 (Default)
  - Order 2: R2 R1 R4 R3
  - Order 3: R3 R4 R1 R2
  - Order 4: R4 R3 R2 R1where R1, R2, R3, and R4 are the relative register addresses in the PLC.
- **Swap bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for Long, Unsigned Long, and Real datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **Swap string bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for String datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected

- **String variable style:** PLC string-data format. Select the option for the style used by the device to store strings in its registers.
  - Full length (space padded) (Default)
  - C style (null terminated)
  - Pascal style (includes length specifier)
- **Register type:** Select either Binary or BCD for the register type being used.
  - Binary (Default)
  - BCD
- **Maximum address range:** There are four sub-elements in this Maximum addressable registers box. The maximum addressable registers can be obtained from the Modicon Concept or Modsoft configuration programs. The PLC will return an error if a register outside of this range is used to read data. The MBTCP Communication Driver filters out registers outside of this range and logs error messages.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input	Enter the maximum number of addressable discrete inputs/read coils in the PLC	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 9999 (Default)
Coil	Enter the maximum number of addressable write coils in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 9999 (Default)
Input register	Enter the maximum number of addressable input registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 9999 (Default)
Holding register	Enter the maximum number of addressable holding registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 9999 (Default)

- **Block I/O size:** This Block I/O Sizes box contains five sub-elements. The Communication Driver uses the Block I/O sizes to maximize data throughput. The MBTCP Communication Driver uses a 256-byte buffer to read or write data to the PLC. The maximum value is the maximum number of registers that can be read or written from/to the PLC in one command.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input/ coil read	Enter the maximum number of discrete inputs or coils to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 1976 (Default)
Coil write	Enter the maximum number of coils to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 800 (Default)
Holding register read	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
Holding register write	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 100 (Default)

Input register read	Enter the maximum number of input registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
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**TSXMomentumRS Connection**

The TSXMomentumRS connection is created from the ModbusBridge branch of the OI Server Manager hierarchy.

**To add TSXMomentumRS Connection to your MBTCP hierarchy**

1. Right-click on your ModbusBridge branch, and select **Add TSXMomentumRS Connection** from the shortcut menu.

- A new TSXMomentumRS object is created as a node in the hierarchy tree.
- Default name is New\_TSXMomentumRS\_000.

**Note:** You can add up to 247 objects of this type to the hierarchy.

2. Rename as appropriate.

- The New\_TSXMomentumRS\_000 Parameters configuration view is displayed.

This configuration view has 10 elements that are configurable.

- **PLC unit ID:** Enter the PLC unit ID.  
The Bridge's internal configuration contains a UnitID parameter which can be set to override the Unit\_ID address received in the message from the server. In other words, when the Unit\_ID box is 0 (zero) the bridge routes the message to its configured Slave device. If the server's Unit\_ID is set to 0 (zero), the message will be delivered to the Slave device whose address is defined in the UnitID box of the Bridge. If the server's Unit\_ID is set to a non-zero value (range 1...255), the message will be delivered to the Slave device at that numerical address, regardless of the contents of the UnitID box in the Bridge.
  - The minimum value is 0 (zero).
  - The maximum value is 255.
  - The default value is 1 (one).
- **Reply timeout (sec):** Enter the amount of time the server will wait for an acknowledgment.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 60.
  - The default value is 3 (three).
- **Use Concept data structures (Longs):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Long item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Use Concept data structures (Reals):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Real item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Bit order format:** The format of the bit order entered into the PLC. There are four bit order formats available for selection.
  - B1 B2 ... B16: (Default) Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 1; LSB = Bit 16)
  - B16 B15 ... B1: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 16; LSB = Bit 1)
  - B0 B1 ... B15: Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 0; LSB = Bit 15)
  - B15 B14 ... B0: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 15; LSB = Bit 0)
- **Register Order:** The order of the PLC memory registers written to and read from, used to support 64-bit data types.
  - Order 1: R1 R2 R3 R4 (Default)
  - Order 2: R2 R1 R4 R3
  - Order 3: R3 R4 R1 R2
  - Order 4: R4 R3 R2 R1where R1, R2, R3, and R4 are the relative register addresses in the PLC.

- **Swap bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for Long, Unsigned Long, and Real datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **Swap string bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for String datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **String variable style:** PLC string-data format. Select the option for the style used by the device to store strings in its registers.
  - Full length (space padded) (Default)
  - C style (null terminated)
  - Pascal style (includes length specifier)
- **Register type:** Select either Binary or BCD for the register type being used.
  - Binary (Default)
  - BCD
- **Maximum address range:** There are five sub-elements in this Maximum addressable registers box. The maximum addressable registers can be obtained from the Modicon Concept or Modsoft configuration programs. The PLC will return an error if a register outside of this range is used to read data. The MBTCP Communication Driver filters out registers outside of this range and logs error messages.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input	Enter the maximum number of addressable discrete inputs or read coils in the PLC	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 65536 (Default)
Coil	Enter the maximum number of addressable write coils in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 65536 (Default)
Input register	Enter the maximum number of addressable input registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 65536 (Default)
Holding register	Enter the maximum number of addressable holding registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 65536 (Default)
Extended register	Enter the maximum number of addressable extended registers in the PLC.  Note: This option is not available if you set Register size to 6.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 98303 (Default)

- **Block I/O size:** The Block I/O Sizes box contains seven sub-elements. The Communication Driver uses Block I/O Sizes to maximize data throughput. The MBTCP Communication Driver uses a 256-byte buffer to read or write data to the PLC. The maximum value is the maximum number of registers that can be read or written from/to the PLC in one command.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input/ coil read	Enter the maximum number of discrete inputs or coils to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 1976 (Default)
Coil write	Enter the maximum number of coils to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 800 (Default)
Holding register read	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
Holding register write	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 100 (Default)
Input register read	Enter the maximum number of input registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
Extended register read	Enter the maximum number of extended registers to read at one time.  Note: This option is unavailable if you set Register size to 6.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 122 (Default)
Extended register write	Enter the maximum number of extended registers to write at one time.  Note: This option is unavailable if you set Register size to 6.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 120 (Default)

### ModbusPLCRS Connection

The ModbusPLCRS connection is added to the Communication Driver hierarchy from the ModbusBridge branch.

#### To add ModbusPLCRS Connection to your MBTCP hierarchy

- Right-click on your ModbusBridge branch, and select **Add ModbusPLCRS Connection** from the shortcut menu.
  - A new ModbusPLCRS object is created as a node in the hierarchy tree.
  - Default name is New\_ModbusPLCRS\_000.

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**Note:** You can add up to 247 objects of this type to the hierarchy.

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- Rename as appropriate.
  - The New\_ModbusPLCRS\_000 Parameters configuration view is displayed.



This configuration view has 13 configurable elements.

- **PLC unit ID:** Enter the PLC unit ID.
  - The Bridge's internal configuration contains a UnitID parameter which can be set to override the Unit\_ID address received in the message from the server. In other words, when the Unit\_ID box is 0 (zero) the bridge routes the message to its configured Slave device. If the server's Unit\_ID is set to 0 (zero), the message will be delivered to the Slave device whose address is defined in the UnitID box of the Bridge. If the server's Unit\_ID is set to a non-zero value (range 1...255), the message will be delivered to the Slave device at that numerical address, regardless of the contents of the UnitID box in the Bridge.
  - The minimum value is 0 (zero).
  - The maximum value is 255.
  - The default value is 1 (one).
- **Reply timeout (sec):** Enter the amount of time the server will wait for an acknowledgment.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 60.
  - The default value is 3 (three).
- **Use Concept data structures (Longs):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Long item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected

- **Use Concept data structures (Reals):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Real item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Support multiple coil write:** Select for the PLC to write to multiple coils in one message. If not selected, the PLC will write to a single coil in one message.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Support multiple register write:** Select for the PLC to write to multiple registers in one message. If not selected, the PLC will write to a single register in one message.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected

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**Note:** When the Support Multiple Register Write Parameter is not selected in the Generic PLC configuration, it implies that the PLC does not support multiple register writes and the server will only write single registers to the PLC.

This means that items that contain more than one register cannot be written either. For example, items such as 4xxxxx L, 4xxxxx I, 4xxxxx U, 4xxxxx F, 4xxxxx-4xxxxx M, 5 HRL, 5 HRF, 5 PV, 5 HRU, and 4xxxxx-4xxxxx cannot be written. When you try to write to the PLC with this parameter not selected, the following error message will be logged to the logger, "Cannot write to multiple register item: 4xxxxx L on Node: TCPPort.GenPLC. The PLC configurable parameter Support Multiple Register Write is not checked."

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- **Use Zero Based Addressing:** Select to choose 0-based addressing.
  - Checked – selected, use 0-based addressing
  - Unchecked – not selected, use 1-based addressing (Default)
- **Swap bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for Long, Unsigned Long, and Real datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **Swap string bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for String datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- Not checked - not selected the bit order entered into the PLC. There are four bit order formats available for selection.
  - B1 B2 ... B16: (Default) Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 1; LSB = Bit 16)
  - B16 B15 ... B1: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 16; LSB = Bit 1)
  - B0 B1 ... B15: Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 0; LSB = Bit 15)
  - B15 B14 ... B0: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 15; LSB = Bit 0)

- **Register Order:** The order of the PLC memory registers written to and read from, used to support 64-bit data types.
  - Order 1: R1 R2 R3 R4 (Default)
  - Order 2: R2 R1 R4 R3
  - Order 3: R3 R4 R1 R2
  - Order 4: R4 R3 R2 R1

where R1, R2, R3, and R4 are the relative register addresses in the PLC.

- **Register size (digits):** Select the correct register size for addressing the PLC.
  - 4-digit is used for addressing the Modbus Generic 4-Digit PLCs.
  - 5-digit applies to the Modbus Generic 5-Digit PLCs.
  - 6-digit is used for addressing the Modbus Generic 6-Digit PLCs (default).

**Note:** The selection for the Register size determines the maximum address range. They are changeable as in other supported PLCs listed in [Supported MBTCP OI Server Hardware and Firmware](#).

For 4-digit, the maximum value is 999; for 5-digit, the maximum value is 9999; for 6-digit, the maximum value is 65536 (default).

- **String variable style:** PLC string-data format. Select the option for the style used by the device to store strings in its registers.
  - Full length (space padded) (Default)
  - C style (null terminated)
  - Pascal style (includes length specifier)
- **Register type:** Select either Binary or BCD for the register type being used.
  - Binary (Default)
  - BCD
- **Block I/O size:** This Block I/O Sizes box contains four sub-elements. The Communication Driver uses Block I/O Sizes to maximize data throughput. The MBTCP Communication Driver uses a 256-byte buffer to read or write data to the PLC. The maximum value is the maximum number of registers that can be read or written from/to the PLC in one command.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input/ coil read	Enter the maximum number of discrete inputs or coils to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 1976 (Default)
Coil write	Enter the maximum number of coils to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 800 (Default)
Register read	Enter the maximum number of extended registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 122 (Default)
Register write	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 100 (Default)

The logical endpoint for each branch of the MBTCP hierarchy tree is a hardware device (PLC).

**Note:** In order to use the Communication Driver, you must activate it. See the OI Server Manager documentation for information about how to activate and deactivate the Communication Driver.

### TSXQuantum Connection

#### To add TSXQuantum Connection to your MBTCP hierarchy

1. Right-click on the TCPIP\_PORT branch, and select **Add TSXQuantum Connection** from the shortcut menu.
  - A new TSXQuantum object is created as a node in the hierarchy tree.
  - Default name is **New\_TSXQuantum\_000**.
2. Rename as appropriate.
  - The New\_TSXQuantum\_000 Parameters configuration view is displayed.

The screenshot shows the 'New\_TSXQuantum\_000 Parameters' configuration window. It features three tabs: 'Parameters', 'Device Groups', and 'Device Items'. The 'Parameters' tab is selected. The configuration includes the following elements:

- Network address:** 1.0.0.0
- Reply timeout (sec):** 3
- Maximum outstanding messages:** 4
- Use Concept data structures (Longs)
- Use Concept data structures (Reals)
- Swap bytes
- Swap string bytes
- Bit order format:** B1 B2 ..... B16
- Register Order:** R1 R2 R3 R4
- String variable style:**  Full length,  C style,  Pascal style
- Register type:**  Binary,  BCD
- Maximum address range:**
  - Discrete input: 65536
  - Coil: 65536
  - Input register: 65536
  - Holding register: 65536
  - Extended register: 98303
- Block I/O size:**
  - Discrete input/coil read: 1976
  - Coil write: 800
  - Holding register read: 123
  - Holding register write: 100
  - Input register read: 123
  - Extended register read: 122
  - Extended register write: 120

This configuration view has 11 elements that are configurable:

- **Network address:** Enter the host name or the IP address of the PLC.
  - The number of characters cannot be more than 255.
  - The field cannot be blank (the number of characters cannot be zero).

- The default value is 1.0.0.0.
- **Reply timeout (sec):** Enter the amount of time the server will wait for an acknowledgment.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 60.
  - The default value is 3 (three).
- **Maximum outstanding messages:** Enter the maximum number of messages allowed in the queue.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 20.
  - The default value is 4 (four).
- **Use Concept data structures (Longs):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Long item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Use Concept data structures (Reals):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Real item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Swap bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for Long, Unsigned Long, and Real datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **Swap string bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for String datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **Bit order format:** The format of the bit order entered into the PLC. There are four bit order formats available for selection.
  - B1 B2 ... B16: (Default) Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 1; LSB = Bit 16)
  - B16 B15 ... B1: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 16; LSB = Bit 1)
  - B0 B1 ... B15: Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 0; LSB = Bit 15)
  - B15 B14 ... B0: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 15; LSB = Bit 0)
- **Register Order:** The order of the PLC memory registers written to and read from, used to support 64-bit data types.
  - Order 1: R1 R2 R3 R4 (Default)
  - Order 2: R2 R1 R4 R3

- Order 3: R3 R4 R1 R2
- Order 4: R4 R3 R2 R1

where R1, R2, R3, and R4 are the relative register addresses in the PLC.

- **String variable style:** PLC string-data format. Select the option for the style used by the device to store strings in its registers.
  - Full length (space padded) (Default)
  - C style (null terminated)
  - Pascal style (includes length specifier)
- **Register type:** Select either Binary or BCD for the register type being used.
  - Binary (Default)
  - BCD
- **Maximum address range:** There are five sub-elements in this Maximum addressable registers box. The maximum addressable registers can be obtained from the Modicon Concept or Modsoft configuration programs. The PLC will return an error if a register within the configured range is used to read data but does not exist in the PLC. The MBTCP Communication Driver filters out registers outside of this range and logs error messages.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input	Enter the maximum number of addressable discrete inputs (read coils) in the PLC	Min = 1 (one) (Default)	Max = 65536
Coil	Enter the maximum number of addressable write coils in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one) (Default)	Max = 65536
Input register	Enter the maximum number of addressable input registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one) (Default)	Max = 65536
Holding register	Enter the maximum number of addressable holding registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one) (Default)	Max = 65536
Extended register	Enter the maximum number of addressable extended registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one) (Default)	Max = 98303

**Block I/O size:** The Block I/O Sizes box contains seven sub-elements. The Communication Driver uses the Block I/O sizes to maximize data throughput. The MBTCP uses a 256-byte buffer to read or write data to the PLC. The maximum value is the maximum number of registers that can be read or written from/to the PLC in one command.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input/coil read	Enter the maximum number of discrete inputs or coils to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 1976 (Default)

Coil write	Enter the maximum number of coils to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 800 (Default)
Holding register read	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
Holding register write	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 100 (Default)
Input register read	Enter the maximum number of input registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
Extended register read	Enter the maximum number of extended registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 122 (Default)
Extended register write	Enter the maximum number of extended registers to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 120 (Default)

### TSXMomentum Connection

From the TCPIP\_PORT branch of the Communication Driver hierarchy, you can also create a TSXMomentum Connection.

#### To add TSXMomentum Connection to your MBTCP hierarchy

1. Right-click on your TCPIP\_PORT branch, and select **Add TSXMomentum Connection**.
  - A new TSXMomentum object is created as a node in the hierarchy tree.
  - Default name is New\_TSXMomentum\_000.
2. Rename as appropriate.
  - The New\_TSXMomentum\_000 Parameters configuration view is displayed.

This configuration view has 11 elements that are configurable.

- **Network address:** Enter the host name or IP address of the PLC.
  - The number of characters cannot be more than 255.
  - The field cannot be blank. (The number of characters cannot be zero (0)).
  - The default value is 1.0.0.0.
- **Reply timeout (sec):** Enter the amount of time the server will wait for an acknowledgment.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 60.
  - The default value is 3 (three).
- **Maximum outstanding messages:** Enter the maximum number of outstanding messages that can be in the queue for the PLC.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 20.
  - The default value is 4 (four).



- **Use Concept data structures (Longs):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Long item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Use Concept data structures (Reals):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Real item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Bit order format:** The format of the bit order entered into the PLC. There are four bit order formats available for selection.
  - B1 B2 ... B16: (Default) Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 1; LSB = Bit 16)
  - B16 B15 ... B1: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 16; LSB = Bit 1)
  - B0 B1 ... B15: Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 0; LSB = Bit 15)
  - B15 B14 ... B0: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 15; LSB = Bit 0)
- **Register Order:** The order of the PLC memory registers written to and read from, used to support 64-bit data types.
  - Order 1: R1 R2 R3 R4 (Default)
  - Order 2: R2 R1 R4 R3
  - Order 3: R3 R4 R1 R2
  - Order 4: R4 R3 R2 R1where R1, R2, R3, and R4 are the relative register addresses in the PLC.
- **Swap bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for Long, Unsigned Long, and Real datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **Swap string bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for String datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **String variable style:** PLC string-data format. Select the option for the style used by the device to store strings in its registers.
  - Full length (space padded) (Default)
  - C style (null terminated)
  - Pascal style (includes length specifier)
- **Register type:** Select either Binary or BCD for the register type being used.

- Binary (Default)
- BCD
- **Maximum address range:** There are five sub-elements in this Maximum addressable registers box. The maximum addressable registers can be obtained from the Modicon Concept or Modsoft configuration programs. The PLC will return an error if a register outside of this range is used to read data. The MBTCP Communication Driver filters out registers outside of this range and logs error messages.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input	Enter the maximum number of addressable discrete inputs (read coils) in the PLC	Min = 1 (one) (Default)	Max = 65536
Coil	Enter the maximum number of addressable write coils in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one) (Default)	Max = 65536
Input register	Enter the maximum number of addressable input registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one) (Default)	Max = 65536
Holding register	Enter the maximum number of addressable holding registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one) (Default)	Max = 65536
Extended register	Enter the maximum number of addressable extended registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (one) (Default)	Max = 98303

- **Block I/O size:** This Block I/O Sizes box contains seven sub-elements. The Communication Driver uses the block I/O sizes to maximize data throughput. The MBTCP Communication Driver uses a 256-byte buffer to read or write data to the PLC. The maximum value is the maximum number of registers that can be read or written from/to the PLC in one command.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input/coil read	Enter the maximum number of discrete inputs or coils to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 1976 (Default)
Coil write	Enter the maximum number of coils to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 800 (Default)
Holding register read	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
Holding register write	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 100 (Default)
Input register read	Enter the maximum number of input registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
Extended register read	Enter the maximum number of extended registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 122 (Default)

Extended register write	Enter the maximum number of extended registers to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 120 (Default)
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### TSXPremium Connection

From the TCPIP\_PORT branch of the Communication Driver hierarchy, you can also create a TSXPremium Connection.

#### To add TSXPremium objecConnections to your MBTCP hierarchy

1. Right-click on your TCPIP\_PORT branch, and select **Add TSXPremium Connection**.
  - A new TSXPremium object is created as a node in the hierarchy tree.
  - Default name is New\_TSXPremium\_000.

**Note:** You can add up to 1024 objects of this type to the hierarchy.

1. Rename as appropriate.
  - The New\_TSXPremium\_000 Parameters configuration view is displayed.

New\_TSXPremium\_000 Parameters | Device Groups | Device Items

Network address:

Reply timeout (sec):  Maximum outstanding messages:

Use Concept data structures (Longs)  Use Concept data structures (Reals)

Use Zero Based Addressing  Swap bytes

Bit order format:   Swap string bytes

Register Order:

String variable style:  Full length  C style  Pascal style

Register type:  Binary  BCD

Maximum address range:

Discrete input:  Coil:

Input register:  Holding register:

Block I/O size:

Discrete input/coil read:  Coil write:

Holding register read:  Holding register write:

Input register read:

This configuration view has 12 elements that are configurable.

- **Network address:** Enter the host name or IP address of the PLC.
  - The number of characters cannot be more than 255.
  - The field cannot be blank. (The number of characters cannot be zero (0)).
  - The default value is 1.0.0.0.
- **Reply timeout (sec):** Enter the amount of time the server will wait for an acknowledgment.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 60.
  - The default value is 3 (three).
- **Maximum outstanding messages:** Enter the maximum number of outstanding messages in the queue for the PLC.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 20.
  - The default value is 4 (four).
- **Use Concept data structures (Longs):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Long item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Use Concept data structures (Reals):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Real item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Use Zero Based Addressing:** Select to choose 0-based addressing.
  - Checked – selected, use 0-based addressing
  - Unchecked – not selected, use 1-based addressing (Default)
- **Swap bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for Long, Unsigned Long, and Real datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **Swap string bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for String datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected
  - Not checked - not selected (Default)
- **Bit order format:** The format of the bit order entered into the PLC. There are four bit order formats available for selection.

- B1 B2 ... B16: (Default) Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 1; LSB = Bit 16)
- B16 B15 ... B1: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 16; LSB = Bit 1)
- B0 B1 ... B15: Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 0; LSB = Bit 15)
- B15 B14 ... B0: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 15; LSB = Bit 0)
- **Register Order:** The order of the PLC memory registers written to and read from, used to support 64-bit data types.
  - Order 1: R1 R2 R3 R4 (Default)
  - Order 2: R2 R1 R4 R3
  - Order 3: R3 R4 R1 R2
  - Order 4: R4 R3 R2 R1

where R1, R2, R3, and R4 are the relative register addresses in the PLC.

- **String variable style:** PLC string-data format. Select the option for the style used by the device to store strings in its registers.
  - Full length (space padded) (Default)
  - C style (null terminated)
  - Pascal style (includes length specifier)
- **Register type:** Select either Binary or BCD for the register type being used.
  - Binary (Default)
  - BCD

• **Maximum address range:** There are four sub-elements in this Maximum addressable registers box. The maximum addressable registers can be obtained from the Modicon Concept or Modsoft configuration programs. The PLC will return an error if a register outside of this range is used to read data. The MBTCP Communication Driver filters out registers outside of this range and logs error messages.

Element	Description	1-based (Default) Addressing	Zero-based Addressing
Discrete input	Enter the maximum number of addressable discrete inputs (read coils) in the PLC	Min = 1 (Default) Max = 65536	Min = 0 Max = 65535
Coil	Enter the maximum number of addressable write coils in the PLC.	Min = 1 (Default) Max = 65536	Min = 0 Max = 65535
Input register	Enter the maximum number of addressable input registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (Default) Max = 65536	Min = 0 Max = 65535
Holding register	Enter the maximum number of addressable holding registers in the PLC.	Min = 1 (Default) Max = 65536	Min = 0 Max = 65535

- **Block I/O size:** The Block I/O Sizes box contains five sub-elements. The Communication Driver uses the block I/O sizes to maximize data throughput. The MBTCP Communication Driver uses a 256-byte buffer to read or

write data to the PLC. The maximum value is the maximum number of registers that can be read or written from/to the PLC in one command.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input/ coil read	Enter the maximum number of discrete inputs or coils to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 1000 (Default)
Coil write	Enter the maximum number of coils to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 800 (Default)
Holding register read	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
Holding register write	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 100 (Default)
Input register read	Enter the maximum number of input registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)

### ModbusPLC Connection

The ModbusPLC connection is created from the TCPIP\_PORT branch of the Communication Driver hierarchy. It is intended for PLCs/controllers that use the Modbus protocol but not in the list of [Supported MBTCP OI Server Hardware and Firmware](#). However, the PLCs/controllers need to conform to and comply with the Modbus specifications as listed in [Controller Function Codes](#), [Modbus Exception Codes](#), [Controller Function Codes](#), and [Data Types](#).

#### To add ModbusPLC Connection to your MBTCP hierarchy

1. Right-click on your TCPIP\_PORT branch, and select **Add ModbusPLC Connection**.
  - A new ModbusPLC object is created as a node in the hierarchy tree.
  - It is named New\_ModbusPLC\_000 by default.
2. Rename as appropriate.
  - The New\_ModbusPLC\_000 Parameters configuration view is displayed.

This configuration view has 17 elements that are configurable.

- **Network address:** Enter the host name or IP address of the PLC.
  - The number of characters cannot be more than 255.
  - The field cannot be blank. (The number of characters cannot be zero (0)).
- **Port number:** Enter the port (socket) number.
  - The default port number is 502.

---

**Note:** The MBTCP Communication Driver uses port 502 as the default port number to contact the PLC. The port number is configurable in this object. This will override the port setting in the parent TCPIP\_PORT object for this connectivity.

---

- **Reply timeout (sec):** Enter the amount of time the server will wait for an acknowledgment.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 60.
  - The default value is 3 (three).
- **Maximum outstanding messages:** Enter the maximum number of outstanding messages in the queue for the PLC.
  - The minimum value is 1 (one).
  - The maximum value is 20.

- The default value is 1 (one).
- **Use Concept data structures (Longs):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Long item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Use Concept data structures (Reals):** Select to read data from the PLC in concept data structure format for Real item types. If checked, the Communication Driver will process the data in the same register order as the Concept programming software.
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Support multiple coil write:** Select for the PLC to write to multiple coils in one message with the Modbus protocol function code 15 (0x0F). If not selected, the PLC will write to a single coil in one message with the Modbus protocol function code 5 (0x05).
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected
- **Support multiple register write:** Select for the PLC to write to multiple registers in one message with the Modbus protocol function code 16 (0x10). If not selected, the PLC will write to a single register in one message with the Modbus protocol function code 6 (0x06).
  - Checked – selected (Default)
  - Not checked – not selected

---

**Note:** When the Support Multiple Register Write Parameter is not selected in the Generic PLC configuration, it implies that the PLC does not support multiple register writes and the server will only write single registers to the PLC.

This means items that contain more than one register cannot be written either. For example, items such as 4xxxxx L, 4xxxxx I, 4xxxxx U, 4xxxxx F, 4xxxxx-4xxxxx M, 5 HRL, 5 HRF, 5 PV, 5 HRU, and 4xxxxx-4xxxxx cannot be written. When you try to write to the PLC with this parameter not selected, the following error message will be logged to the logger, "Cannot write to multiple register item: 4xxxxx L on Node: TCPPort.GenPLC. The PLC configurable parameter Support Multiple Register Write is not checked."

---

- **Use Zero Based Addressing:** Select to choose 0-based addressing.
  - Checked – selected, use 0-based addressing
  - Unchecked – not selected, use 1-based addressing (Default)
- **Swap bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for Long, Unsigned Long, and Real datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected
- **Swap string bytes:** Select to swap bytes in PLC register for String datatype on data read and data poked.
  - Checked - selected (Default)
  - Not checked - not selected



- **Close Ethernet connection when no activity:** Select this option to close the socket connection if no item is advised to the device (Hierarchy). This can happen when the client has removed all items advised to the hierarchy.
- **Bit order format:** The format of the bit order entered into the PLC. There are four bit order formats available for selection.
  - B1 B2 ... B16: (Default) Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 1; LSB = Bit 16)
  - B16 B15 ... B1: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 16; LSB = Bit 1)
  - B0 B1 ... B15: Bit order is left to right (MSB = Bit 0; LSB = Bit 15)
  - B15 B14 ... B0: Bit order is right to left (MSB = Bit 15; LSB = Bit 0)
- **Register Order:** The order of the PLC memory registers written to and read from, used to support 64-bit data types.
  - Order 1: R1 R2 R3 R4 (Default)
  - Order 2: R2 R1 R4 R3
  - Order 3: R3 R4 R1 R2
  - Order 4: R4 R3 R2 R1where R1, R2, R3, and R4 are the relative register addresses in the PLC.
- **Register size (digits):** Select the correct register size for addressing the PLC.
  - 4-digit is used for addressing the Modbus Generic 4-Digit PLCs.
  - 5-digit applies to the Modbus Generic 5-Digit PLCs.
  - 6-digit is used for addressing the Modbus Generic 6-Digit PLCs. (Default)

---

**Note:** The selection for the Register size determines the maximum address range. They are changeable as in other supported PLCs listed in [Supported MBTCP OI Server Hardware and Firmware](#).

For 4-digit, the maximum value is 999; for 5-digit, the maximum value is 9999; for 6-digit, the maximum value is 65536.

---

- **String variable style:** PLC string-data format. Select the option for the style used by the device to store strings in its registers.
  - Full length ( space padded) (Default)
  - C style (null terminated)
  - Pascal style (includes length specifier)
- **Register type:** Select either Binary or BCD for the register type being used.
  - Binary (Default)
  - BCD
- **Block I/O size:** This Block I/O Sizes box contains four sub-elements. The Communication Driver uses the block I/O sizes to maximize data throughput. The MBTCP Communication Driver uses a 256 byte buffer to read or write data to the PLC. The maximum value is the maximum number of registers that can be read or written from/to the PLC in one command.

Element	Description	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Discrete input/coil read	Enter the maximum number of discrete inputs or coils to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 1976 (Default)
Coil write	Enter the maximum number of coils to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 800 (Default)
Holding register read	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to read at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 123 (Default)
Holding register write	Enter the maximum number of holding registers to write at one time.	Min = 1 (one)	Max = 100 (Default)

## String-Data Handling

The MBTCP Communication Driver can process three different configurable string variable styles:

- Full Length
- C Style
- Pascal

Depending on what string style the PLC is using, you can configure the server using the user interface in the PLC configuration view in order to use the appropriate string variable style.

### Full Length Style

If strings are read using the Full Length Style, each string always uses all of the registers allocated. The PLC string is stored in the server string as is.

If a string is written and the string is shorter than the allocation of registers, it is padded with ASCII space characters (hex 20).

For example:

If the string "Communications" is stored in the string item "400001-400010 m," registers 400001 through 400005 contain the string "Communications" and registers 400006 through 400010 contain spaces.

If the string "Communications" is stored in the string item "400001-400005 m," registers 400001 through 400005 contain the string "Communications" and no spaces are stored.

If the string "Communications" is stored in the string item "400001-400005 m," registers 400001 through 400005 contain the string "Communications" and no spaces are stored.

A message is placed in the logger indicating that the string was truncated.

### C Style

If a string is read using the C Style, the string always uses all of the registers allocated. The PLC string is stored in the server string as is, except that the last character contained in the last register of the string is replaced with a null character (hex 00).

If a string is written and the string is shorter than the allocation of registers, it is padded with ASCII null characters (hex 00).

For example:

If the string "Communications" is stored in the string item "400001-400010 m," registers 400001 through 400005 contain the string "Communications" and registers 400006 through 400010 contain nulls.

If the string "Communications" is stored in the string item "400001-400005 m," registers 400001 through 400005 contain the truncated string "Wonderwar0" with a null character replacing the last character "e."

A message is placed in the logger indicating that the string was truncated.

### Pascal Style

If strings are read using the Pascal Style, each string uses a length obtained from the first byte of the string to store data in the server. The PLC string is stored in the server string as is, up to the length obtained from the first byte of the string. If the length is greater than the number of registers defined in the item, then the PLC string is stored in the server string as is, up to the maximum number of registers.

The first byte written of any string of this style contains the character count. The string being written starts in the second byte. If a string is written and the string plus the character count are shorter than the allocation of registers, it is padded with ASCII null characters (hex 00).

For example:

If the string "Communications" is stored in the string item "400001-400010 m," registers 400001 through 400006 contain the string "(10)Communications0" and registers 400007 through 400010 contain nulls. The (10) in the string implies one byte containing the character count.

If the string "Communications" is stored in the string item "400001-400005 m," registers 400001 through 400005 contain the truncated string "(9)Communication."

A message is placed in the logger indicating that the string was truncated.

### Message Optimization

The MBTCP Communication Driver uses Multi read and write commands to optimize PLC read/write messages. The MBTCP Communication Driver optimizes the reading and writing of data by grouping points that are in consecutive registers. The Block I/O sizes parameters control the buffer size. The default is to maximize the buffer size.

---

**Note:** The number of bytes for the query and response buffers must not exceed the Modbus maximum buffer size of 256 bytes.

---

## Device Group Definitions

The Device Groups tab in the OI Server Manager user interface is used to create new, modify, or delete device group definitions for an object. For DDE/SuiteLink communications, one or more device group definitions must exist for each PLC that the Communication Driver will communicate with.

---

**Important:** For DDE/SuiteLink, it is strongly recommended that each device group (topic) definition contain a unique name for the PLC associated with it. The OPC, however, has the flexibility to use any names, including duplicate names, for the device group definitions.

---

Each device group (topic) definition should contain a unique name for the PLC associated with it.

The Device Groups dialog box, which is displayed by clicking the Device Groups tab in the New\_<Name>PLC\_000 Parameters configuration view, is used to perform the following activities:

- Adding, defining, and deleting device groups.

---

**Note:** When you add a new device group, enter a unique name.

---

- Configuring the Communication Driver to receive unsolicited messages.
- Configuring default update intervals.

Editing update intervals for the device groups.

---

**Note:** When you select another part of the Communication Driver tree hierarchy, you are prompted to save the modifications to the configuration set.

---

### To create or add device groups

1. Right-click in the Device Groups dialog box.
2. Select the Add command from the shortcut menu.
  - When you add a new device group, enter a unique name (up to 32 characters long).

### To make changes on device groups' names

Change a device group's name for an object as follows:

- In the Name column, double-click on the device group's name to be modified and make the change.

### To delete device groups

Deleting a device group from the list can be performed as follows:

1. Right-click on the device group to be deleted.
2. Select the Delete command from the shortcut menu.

---

**Note:** When you select another part of the MBTCP Communication Driver tree hierarchy, you are prompted to save the modifications to the configuration set.

---

### To configure the MBTCP Communication Driver to receive unsolicited messages

This option is available only to the PLC nodes that are directly connected to the TCPIP\_Port node. PLC nodes that are connected underneath the ModbusBridge node do not have this capability.

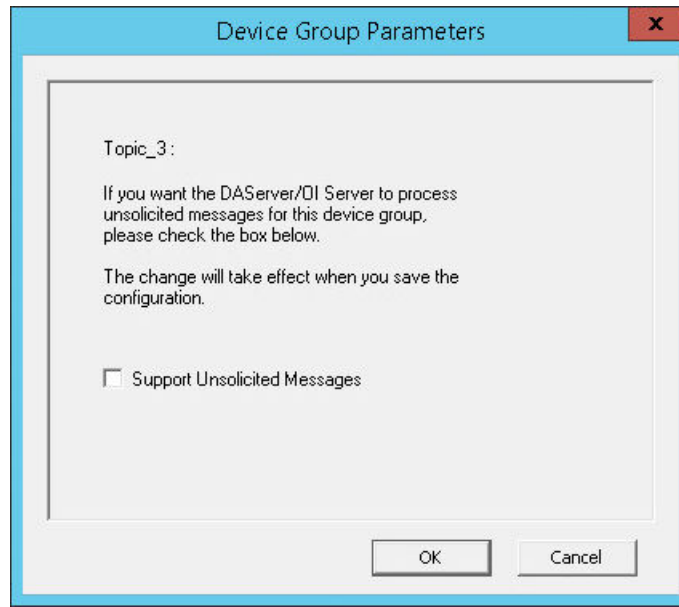
Some PLCs, for example the TSX Premium PLC, can send Holding Register and Coil unsolicited data to the MBTCP DAsEVer, while other PLCs, for example the TSX Quantum PLC, can send the Holding Register unsolicited data only to the Communication Driver.

---

**Note:** If you have globally disabled unsolicited messages using the DASMBTCP.aarul file, configuring Device Group parameters to support unsolicited messages will have no effect. For more information about enabling and disabling unsolicited messages, see [Unsolicited Message Handling](#).

---

1. Click on the PLC's name in the PLC branch of the Communication Driver hierarchy.
2. Select the Device Group tab of the configuration view pane at right.
3. Add a new device group or select an existing device group.
4. Right-click on the device group name, then select Edit from the shortcut menu.
  - The Device Group Parameters dialog box is displayed.



5. In the Device Group Parameters dialog box, select the Support Unsolicited Messages check box.
6. Click the OK button to close the dialog box.

---

**Note:** Since the status of Support Unsolicited Messages check box cannot be readily viewed from the Device Groups tab, proper naming of device groups which support unsolicited messages is strongly recommended. Unsolicited messages are only supported in the base instance of the Communication Driver (the instance of the Communication Driver without the custom name).

---

1. Save the configuration change by clicking the Save icon located at the upper-right corner of the configuration view pane.

---

**Note:** For more information on unsolicited messages, see [Unsolicited Message Handling](#).

---

### To configure default update intervals

1. To configure a default update interval for the object, right-click in the Device Groups dialog box.
2. Select Config Default Update Interval from the shortcut menu.

### To make changes on update intervals

A change on an update interval for an object can be made as follows:

- Double-click on the value to be modified in the Update Interval column and make the change.
  - Update Interval is the frequency (in milliseconds) that the Communication Driver acquires data from the topics associated with that device group.
  - Different topics can be polled at different rates in a PLC by defining multiple device-group names for the same PLC and setting a different Update Interval for each device group.
  - If you also select the "Support Unsolicited Message" checkbox as described above, duplicate updates could be received by the items associated with the device group. To avoid duplicate updates, set the Update Interval to 0 (zero).

---

**Note:** When you select another part of the MBTCP Communication Driver tree hierarchy, you are prompted to save the modifications to the configuration set.

---

Each configuration view associated with nodes/objects in the Communication Driver hierarchy tree has a common feature, the Save button.

1. When you modify any parameters in the Device Groups dialog box, click Save to save and implement the new modifications.
  - If you do not click Save, the configuration is reset to its original condition (since the last save).
2. After all modifications, you must save when prompted for the new data to be saved to the configuration set.

## Device Item Definitions

The Device Items tab in the New\_<Name>PLC\_000 Parameters configuration view is used to define aliases to actual PLC items. The Device Items dialog box is the place where the following activities are performed:

- Creating new device item definitions for PLC items.
- Modifying the existing device items.
- Deleting device items.
- Archiving the created list of device items to a .csv file, a file with values separated by commas.
- Importing a .csv file into the Device Items tab.

Each device item definition should contain a unique name for the PLC associated with it.

The Device Items dialog box has the following two columns:

- Name: This column defines the alias names to actual PLC items.
- Item Reference: The actual PLC item names, linked to the created aliases, are defined in this column.

For example:

For Modicon holding registers 400001 and 400010, the following entries can be created.

Name	Item Reference
Holding1	400001
Holding10F	400010 F

---

**Note:** When you create or add a new device item, a unique name needs to be entered for it.

Once the Device Items feature is utilized to configure item names, the Communication Driver gains the capability to browse OPC Items. When the Communication Driver is running and an OPC client requests item information, the configured items will show up under the PLC hierarchy node.

### To create or add device items

1. Right-click in the Device Items dialog box.
2. Select the Add command from the shortcut menu.
  - A device item is created in the Name column, and it is numerically named by default. For example, Item\_0, Item\_1, and so on.
3. Change the default name by double-clicking on it and entering the new name.

- Enter a unique name for the new device item.  
For example, "Holding1."

### To add item references

Item references for each of the device items that have been created can be added as follows:

1. In the Item Reference column, double-click on the area in the same horizontal line as the selected device item.
2. Type in the actual PLC item name in the frame that appears.
  - For example, "400001."
3. Click anywhere in the dialog box or press the ENTER key to have the change take effect.

---

**Note:** System items are not valid item references, but Communication Driver-specific system items are valid.

---

### To rename a device item from the list

1. Right-click on the device item to be renamed.
2. Select the Rename command from the shortcut menu and enter the new device item name.
3. Click anywhere in the dialog box or press the ENTER key to apply the change.

### To delete a device item from the list

1. Right-click on the device item to be deleted.
2. Select the Delete command from the shortcut menu.
  - The device item and its corresponding actual PLC item name will be deleted from the dialog box.

---

**Note:** When you select another part of the MBTCP Communication Driver tree hierarchy, you are prompted to save the modifications to the configuration set.

---

### To clear all device items

1. Right-click anywhere in the Device Items dialog box.
2. Select the Clear All command from the shortcut menu.
  - All the device items listed in the dialog box, including their corresponding actual PLC item names, will be deleted.

## Exporting and Importing Communication Driver Item Data

The Export and Import commands on the shortcut menu enable you to export and import the Communication Driver item data to and from a CSV file, after the configuration of the Device Items has been completed. These commands will allow you to perform an off-line, large-scale edit on the item data configured for a controller, and import what has been edited back into the controller configuration. Import what has been edited back into the PLC configuration.

The Export and Import features on the shortcut menu of the Device Items dialog box enable you to export and import the Communication Driver device item data to and from a CSV file, after the configuration of the Device Items has been completed. These features provide you with the following capabilities:

- Archive lists of device items.

- Import an archived list of device items into the Device Items dialog box when you need to utilize or reconfigure any of the device items on the archived list.
- Perform an off-line, large-scale edit on the item data configured for a device item list.
- Import what has been edited back into the Device Items configuration.

### To export device items

1. Right-click anywhere in the Device Items dialog box.
2. Select the Export command from the shortcut menu.
  - The standard Save As dialog box appears.
  - The file name has defaulted into "PLC Hierarchyname.csv," within the current-system-configured default directory.
3. Accept the defaults to save the file.
  - The file is saved as New\_<PLC Name>\_000.csv.
  - It is editable in Microsoft Excel.  
However, if you prefer to save the list someplace else and rename it, perform the following steps after step 2.
4. Select the folder into which the list is to be saved.
5. Name the list to be archived.
6. Click the Save button.
  - The whole list will be saved as a .csv file in Excel.  
The file can now be edited off-line. It contains one row for each item configured with two columns, Name and Item Reference, respectively.

### To import device items

1. To import the list, right-click anywhere in the Device Items dialog box.
2. Select the Import command from the shortcut menu.
3. Select the archived list (.csv file) to be imported from the folder in which it is saved.
4. Click the Open button.
  - The whole list will be brought into the Device Items dialog box.

---

**Note:** When the list to be imported contains duplicate names as found in the current list but the Item References are different, a dialog box will appear to prompt you to make a selection.

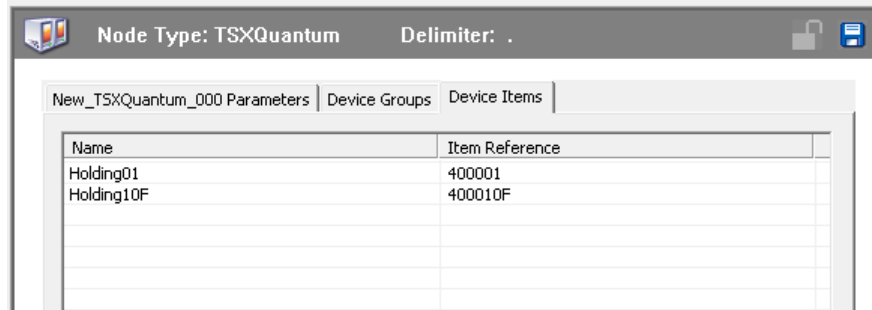
---

### To import device item data that has been edited off-line

1. Right-click anywhere in the Device Items dialog box.
2. Clear all the item data you wish to replace with the edited .csv file by selecting the Clear All command.
  - The data will be cleared after you click on Yes to confirm the deletion.
3. Select the Import command from the shortcut menu.
  - The standard Open dialog box appears.



- It defaults to the .csv file extension within the current-system-configured default directory.
4. Browse for the specific CSV file you want to import, select it, then click on the Open button.
- The OI Server Manager will import the edited file and deposit it in the Device Items dialog box.



- While imported files are processed, new item references will be added, based on unique names.

If there are duplicate names, you will be provided with the option to replace the existing entry with the new entry, or ignore the new entry.

## Scan-Based Message Handling

The Communication Drivers are based on the concept of polling a hardware device for information. This polling is driven by a need which is expressed in the form of requests from one or more clients. Once a particular piece of information has been requested by a client, the Communication Driver formulates its own request and sends that request to the hardware device. The Communication Driver then waits for a response to its request. Once the information has been received, the Communication Driver passes that information back to the client, and repeats the process until all clients have ceased requesting information.

The rate at which the Communication Driver will poll a particular device for a specific piece of information is defined in the device group (topic definition) inside the Communication Driver, using a parameter called the Update Interval. When setting this parameter, there is always a trade-off between the update speed of the device group and the resulting decrease in system responsiveness.

Since a fast response is generally wanted, you may be tempted to set the Update Interval to a value close to 0 (zero) seconds. However, if every point is polled at this rate, the entire system will slow down. Therefore, it is recommended that you set the Update Interval to a more reasonable value. You could also create multiple device groups for each device, setting the Update Interval to different values, then assigning different items to different device groups depending on how quickly the values change and how quickly you want to see an update of those changes.

Some items, like alarms, change very infrequently but because of their importance require very fast updates. For these items, set the Update Interval at a very small value. For an immediate response, set the Update Interval at 1 (one).

## Unsolicited Message Handling

A PLC typically registers a critical event before the Communication Driver has had a chance to poll for that data. To mitigate the potential information lag, the PLC should have the capability to inform the Communication Driver immediately, without having to wait for the Communication Driver to poll it.

This is the role of an unsolicited message. Once a PLC has determined that a critical condition (such as an alarm event) exists, it can generate a message that is immediately sent to the Communication Driver without a prior

request from the Communication Driver. Compared to polling the PLC for an irregular event at fixed intervals, sending unsolicited messages from the PLC to the Communication Driver when the event occurs not only reduces network traffic, but may also get the data to the server more promptly.

## Unsolicited Message Behavior

The unsolicited messaging feature is available only to controllers that are directly connected to the TCPIP\_PORT. Controllers under the ModbusBridge Object hierarchy cannot use this feature.

In accordance with the protocol, the receiver of unsolicited messages must acknowledge the receipt of unsolicited messages.

## Unsolicited Message Configuration

In order to support unsolicited messages from the devices, the MBTCP Communication Driver by default listens on Ethernet port 502.

To facilitate testing with software simulators residing on the same machine, listening on this Ethernet port can be disabled by setting the EnableListeningPort property in the TCPIP\_PORT hierarchy of the MBTCP Communication Driver rule file (DASMBTCP.aarul).

With unsolicited messaging enabled (the default), you can use the **Device Groups** dialog to configure unsolicited messaging as a Device Group parameter for the PLC nodes directly connected to the TCPIP\_Port node.

For the step-by-step procedure to configure the Device Group to receive unsolicited messages, see [Device Group Definitions](#).

## Chapter 3

# MBTCP OI Reference

- [Data Types](#)
- [Data and Register Types](#)
- [Modbus Item Naming](#)
- [Zero- and One-Based Addressing](#)
- [Generic OPC Syntax](#)
- [Supported MBTCP OI Server Hardware and Firmware](#)
- [Controller Function Codes](#)
- [Modbus Exception Codes](#)
- [TCP Port](#)

## Data Types

The MBTCP Communication Driver supports the following generic data types:

- Boolean
- 16-bit signed integer
- 16-bit unsigned integer
- 32-bit signed integer
- 32-bit unsigned integer
- ASCII string
- 32-bit single precision floating point
- 64-bit floating point
- 64-bit unsigned integer
- 64-bit signed integer

## Support for 64-bit Data Types

The MBTCP Communication Driver supports the following 64-bit data types:

Data Type	Variant Type
64-bit floating point (double)	VT_R8
64-bit signed integer (long long)	VT_I8
64-bit unsigned integer (unsigned long long)	VT_UI8

Clients advising data values from the MBTCP Communication Driver can subscribe to tags in these 64-bit data-types using specific item syntax. The MBTCP Communication Driver reads four consecutive registers in the PLC to get a 64-bit value. These registers are read in four register orders:

- Order 1: R1 R2 R3 R4 (Default)
- Order 2: R2 R1 R4 R3
- Order 3: R3 R4 R1 R2
- Order 4: R4 R3 R2 R1

where R1, R2, R3, R4 are the registers. You can select the order in which the registers are to be read.

Comparison examples of zero- and one-based addressing:

Addressing	Item Name	Register Address
0-Based	400000	00000
	400001	00001
1-Based	400000	Invalid item
	400001	00000
	400002	00001

## Data and Register Types

When a client sends a read/write request to the MBTCP Communication Driver, the Communication Driver needs to know its data type and size. In order to determine this information, the MBTCP Communication Driver parses the item name to get the register number, data type, and size. The Communication Driver builds messages with items sorted by PLC, register type, register number, and topic name, allowing the Communication Driver to optimize the number of registers that can be read in one scan command.

The following table contains the types of data for the Modicon controllers, TSX Quantum, TSX Momentum, TSX Premium, Generic Modbus (4-Digit, 5-Digit, and 6-Digit), Compact 984, and Modicon Micro, supported by the MBTCP Communication Driver.

TSX Quantum/ TSX Momentum/ TSX Premium/ Generic Modbus/ Compact 984/ Modicon Micro Data Type	Range
Discrete (bit/Boolean)	0 (zero), 1 (one)
Signed Short Integer (signed 16-bit integer)	-32768 to 32767
Unsigned Short Integer (unsigned 16-bit integer)	0 (zero) to 65535
Signed Long Integer (signed 32-bit integer)	-2147483648 to 2147483647
Unsigned Long Integer (unsigned 32-bit integer)	0 (zero) to 4294967295
REAL (32-bit float)	32-bit IEEE
LONG REAL (64 bit float)	64-bit IEEE
Unsigned Long Long Integer (unsigned 64-bit integer)	0 to 18,446,744,073,709,551,615
Signed Long Long Integer (signed 64-bit integer)	-9,223,372,036,854,775,808 to 9,223,372,036,854,775,807
String (ASCII)	246 characters (Read) 200 characters (Write)

**Note:** The unsigned integer data type "U" has a valid range of 0 (zero) to 2147483647 when accessed through DDE/SL client; for OPC clients the valid range is from 0 to 4294967295. System-defined types are not supported as block reads. A read on any of these data types returns only the first element.

The following table lists the PLC register types, the data types contained in the registers, and what each is processed as.

PLC Register Type	Data Type Contained in the Register	Processed As
Discrete Output (Coil)	Discrete	Real Time Data
Discrete Input	Discrete	Real Time Data
Holding Register	Discrete, Integer, Float, and String	Real Time Data
Input Register	Discrete, Integer, Float, and String	Real Time Data
Extended Register	Discrete, Integer, Float, and String	Real Time Data

## Modbus Item Naming

The Modbus-family controllers store data in the Registers. The MBTCP Communication Driver supports item names that are consistent with the point naming conventions used by the Modicon PLCs.

The following item naming conventions are described in this section:

- Register-Number Item Names
- Item Names Using the Modicon PLC Register Addresses
- Item Names Using the Absolute Naming Convention
- Item Names Using the Modulo-10000 Naming Convention
- Modulo-10000 Items, BCD Register Type, and Concept Data Structures

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**Note:** The tag-name length with SuiteLink is limited to 32 characters.

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### Register-Number Item Names

The register number, which is consistent with the point naming convention used by Modicon PLCs, is used as the item name. The Modbus-family PLC address ranges, supported by the Communication Driver, for the TSX Quantum, TSX Momentum, TSX Premium, Generic Modbus (4-Digit, 5-Digit, and 6-Digit), Compact 984, and Modicon Micro PLCs are shown in the following tables.

The MBTCP Communication Driver will adhere to this address range for native mode.

Register Type	TSX Quantum/ TSX Momentum	Modicon Micro	Compact 984-265	Compact 984-145	Tag Type	Access
Output Coils	1-65536	1-9999	1-65536	1-9999	Discrete	Read Write
Contacts	100001-165536	10001-19999	100001-165536	10001-19999	Discrete	Read-Only
Input	300001-365536	30001-39999	300001-365536	30001-39999	Analog	Read-Only
Holding	400001-465536	40001-49999	400001-465536	40001-49999	Analog	Read Write
Extended	6x0001-6x9998			6x000-6x999	Analog	Read Write

Register Type	TSX Premium (1-based addressing) [Default]	TSX Premium (0-based addressing)	Tag Type	Access
Output Coils	1-65536	0-65535	Discrete	Read/Write. Mapped to %M PLC object; that is, Output Coils and Contacts Registers are the same.

Register Type	TSX Premium (1-based addressing) [Default]	TSX Premium (0-based addressing)	Tag Type	Access
Contacts	100001-165536	100000-165535	Discrete	Read-Only. Mapped to %I PLC object; that is, Output Coils and Contacts Registers are the same.
Input	300001-365536	300000-365535	Analog	Read-Only. Mapped to %IW PLC object; that is, Input Registers and Holding Registers are the same.
Holding	400001-465536	400000-465535	Analog	Read/Write. Mapped to %MW PLC object; that is, Input Registers and Holding Registers are the same. Poking a value to a particular bit in the Holding register in this TSX Premium PLC is not supported.

Register Type	Generic Modbus (6-Digit)	Generic Modbus (5-Digit)	Generic Modbus (4-Digit)	Tag Type	Access
Output Coils	1-65536 [Default] with 1-based addressing 0-65535 if 0-based addressing selected	1-9999 [Default] with 1-based addressing 0-9998 if 0-based addressing selected	1-999 [Default] with 1-based addressing 0-998 if 0-based addressing selected	Discrete	Read Write
Contacts	100001-165536 [Default] with 1-based addressing 100000-165535 if 0-based addressing is selected	10001-19999 [Default] with 1-based addressing 10000-19998 if 0-based addressing is selected	1001-1999 [Default] with 1-based addressing 1000-1998 if 0-based addressing is selected	Discrete	Read-Only
Input	300001-365536 [Default] with 1-based addressing 300000-365535 if 0-based addressing is selected	30001-39999 [Default] with 1-based addressing 30000-39998 if 0-based addressing is selected	3001-3999 [Default] with 1-based addressing 3000-3998 if 0-based addressing is selected	Analog	Read-Only

Register Type	Generic Modbus (6-Digit)	Generic Modbus (5-Digit)	Generic Modbus (4-Digit)	Tag Type	Access
Holding	400001-465536 [Default] with 1-based addressing 400000-465535 if 0-based addressing is selected	40001-49999 [Default] with 1-based addressing 40000-49998 if 0-based addressing is selected	4001-4999 [Default] with 1-based addressing 4000-4998 if 0-based addressing is selected	Analog	Read Write
Extended	6x0001-6x9999 [Default] with 1-based addressing 0-based addressing is not supported for this Register Type.	6x001-6x999 [Default] with 1-based addressing 0-based addressing is not supported for this Register Type.	Not supported	Analog	Read Write

**Note:** The x in the Extended register number indicates the file number, where x = 0 implies file number 1, x = 1 implies file number 2, up to x = 9 implies file number 10. The extended memory size in the PLC determines how many extended memory files exist. Each file contains up to 10000 registers. The last file in the PLC will always contain less than 10000 registers.

For example:

A 24K-extended-memory-size PLC contains three (3) files, where the last file contains 4576 registers.  
 A 72K-extended-memory-size PLC contains eight (8) files, where the last file contains 3728 registers.  
 A 96K-extended-memory-size PLC contains 10 files, where the last file contains 8304 registers.  
 1K is 1024 registers.

## Item Names Using the Modicon PLC Register Addresses

The following table lists other item name formats that are consistent with the point naming convention with the MBTCP Communication Driver suffix.

Item Name	Description
400001	When no spaces and no letters follow the register number, the register contents are treated as a 16-bit unsigned quantity.
400001 S	When a space and the letter "S" follow the register number, the register contents are treated as a 16-bit signed quantity.
400001 I	When a space and the letter "I" follow the register number, the register contents are treated as a 32-bit signed quantity. This takes up two consecutive registers.



Item Name	Description
400001 L	When a space and the letter "L" follow the register number, the register contents are treated as a 32-bit signed quantity. This takes up two consecutive registers.
400001 F	When a space and the letter "F" follow the register number, the register contents are treated as a floating-point quantity. This takes up two consecutive registers.
400001 U	When a space and the letter "U" follow the register number, the register contents are treated as a 32-bit unsigned quantity. This takes up two consecutive registers.
400001 LF	When a space and the letter "LF", follows the register number, the register contents are treated as a 64-bit floating-point quantity. This takes up four consecutive registers.
400001 LL	When a space and the letter "LL", follows the register number, the register contents are treated as a 64-bit signed quantity. This takes up four consecutive registers.
400001 UL	When a space and the letter "UL", follows the register number, the register contents are treated as a 64-bit unsigned quantity. This takes up four consecutive registers.
400001-400003 M	When a space and the letter "M" follow the register number or register number pair separated by a dash, the register contents are treated as ASCII data. Each register contains up to two (2) ASCII characters. This example represents six (6) ASCII characters.
300001:10	When a colon and a number from 1 (one) to 16 follow the register number, the register contents are treated as discrete data. This example represents bit 10 of the input register 300001.

## Absolute Notation Item Names

The MBTCP Communication Driver also uses another naming convention called the Absolute Notation. This naming convention is independent of the PLC model numbers.

The Absolute naming convention allows access to the four Modbus data types, each with an address from 0 to 65535. The data types are indicated by the item name suffix characters.

Item Name	Description	Range
nnnnn DO	Discrete Output Refers to the same data Modbus calls "coils."	0 (zero) DO through 65535 DO
nnnnn DI	Discrete Input	0 (zero) DI through 65535 DI

Item Name	Description	Range
	Refers to the same data called "contacts" by Modbus.	
nnnnn IR	Input Register Refers to the same data called "input register."	(zero) IR through 65535 IR
nnnnn HR	Holding Register Refers to the same data Modbus calls "holding register."	0 (zero) HR through 65535 HR
nnnnn PV	Process Variable Refers to holding register, but treated as floating points and assumes two (2) registers per floating-point number.	0 (zero) PV through 65535 PV

The IR and HR absolute notation can also be combined with the following conversions: L (long), F (floating), S (signed), or U (unsigned).

For example:

- 219 HRS 16-bit signed integer
- 000 HRL 32-bit signed integer
- 100 HRF 32-bit floating point
- 000 HRU 32-bit unsigned integer
- 100 HRLF 64-bit floating point
- 000 HRLL 64-bit signed integer
- 000 HRUL 64-bit unsigned integer

## Modulo-10000 Point Item Names

The MBTCP OI Server uses the Modulo-10000 Points naming convention, where the item name is two registers separated by a dash, with no spaces and no letters following the registers.

Two or three consecutive registers may be interpreted as a single numeric quantity, and each of the component registers must be in the range of 0-9999.

Item Name	Description
400001-400002	Can represent numbers between 0 and 99,999,999. Register 400001 = <9999> and Register 400002 = <9999>.
400005-400007	Can represent numbers between 0 and 2,147,483,646. Register 400005 = <21>, Register 400006 = <4748>, and Register 400007 = <3646>.

- When grouping three consecutive registers for interpretation as a single numeric quantity, overflow becomes a possibility.
- The largest number that may be represented in the PLC with three consecutive Modulo-10000 registers is 999,999,999,999; however, the largest number that can be contained in an integer-type variable is 2,147,483,647. The latter number is used by the OI Server to represent an overflow condition.
- Therefore, the maximum usable value represented in three Modulo-10000 registers is 2,147,483,646 or (<21><4748><3646>). Any number larger than this will be clamped at 2,147,483,647.

## Modulo-10000 Items, BCD Register Type, and Concept Data Structures

All the integer holding registers, 16- and 32-bit, signed and unsigned, and Modulo-10000 item types honor the configuration parameters *Register type* and *Concept data structures*.

When the Register type parameter is BCD and the Use Concept data structures (Longs) parameter is selected, the data is displayed in BCD and written to the PLC in the BCD format. In addition, data that takes up two registers (Longs), except Reals, is displayed and written in the Concept-data-structure format.

The same applies when the Register type parameter is Binary and the Use Concept data structures (Longs) parameter is selected; the data is displayed in Binary and written to the PLC in the Binary format. In addition, data that takes up two registers (Longs), except Reals, are displayed and written in the Concept-data-structure format.

When the Register type parameter is BCD and the Use Concept data structures (Longs) parameter is not selected, the data is displayed in BCD and written to the PLC in the BCD format. In addition, data that takes up two registers (Longs), except Reals, is displayed and written in the non-Concept-data-structure format.

The same applies when the Register type parameter is Binary and the Use Concept data structures (Longs) parameter is not selected; the data is displayed in Binary and written to the PLC in the Binary format. In addition, data that takes up two registers (Longs), except Reals, is displayed and written in the non-Concept-data-structure format.

The Concept-data-structure format implies that data is displayed and written the same way that the Concept program handles data.

Concept-data-structure format is where the data is displayed and written in the last-register-to-first-register order.

For example:

When writing the value 2147483646 to the Modulo-10000 item 400001-400003, the value 21 is written first to register 400003, then the value 4748 is written to register 400002, and then the value 3646 is written to register 400001.

The non-Concept-data-structure format is the opposite of the Concept-data-structure format.

The value 21 is written first to register 400001, then the value 4748 is written to register 400002, and then the value 3646 is written to register 400003.

Modulo-10000 items can be displayed and written in the BCD and Binary formats. When the Modulo-10000 item occupies two registers, the maximum value that can be displayed and written is 99999999. When the Modulo-10000 item occupies three registers, the maximum value that can be displayed and written is 2147483646.

Warning messages are logged and the client value status is updated when data is clamped high when reading or writing data. Warning messages will also be displayed when the PLC data does not convert to BCD correctly.

## Zero- and One-Based Addressing

PLCs in which the address of the register is equivalent to the subscribed tag address are known as zero-based PLCs (also written as "0-based"). In zero-based PLCs, the tag 400000 corresponds to the holding register address 00000 in the PLC. In one-based PLCs, the tag 400001 corresponds to the holding register address 00000 in the PLC. The TSX Premium model PLC is zero-based.

To support zero-based PLCs, the MBTCP OI Server has implemented a configurable zero-based and one-based addressing scheme. The TSX Premium, Generic ModbusPLC, and the ModbusPLCRS PLC hierarchies have the zero-based addressing option.

The default addressing scheme in the MBTCP OI Server is one-based.

## Generic OPC Syntax

A OI Server serves as a container for the OPC Groups, which provide the mechanism for containing and logically organizing OPC items. Within each OPC Group, an OPC-compliant client can register OPC items, which represent connections to devices in the field device. In other words, all access to OPC items is maintained through the OPC Group.

The fully qualified name for an OPC item is called the Item ID (equivalent to Item Name). The syntax for specifying a unique Item ID is OI Server-dependent. In OPC data acquisition OI Servers, the syntax can be as follows:

AREA10.VESSEL1.TIC1.PLC.400001

where each component (delimited by a period) represents a branch or leaf of the field device’s hierarchy.

In this example:

- AREA10.VESSEL1.TIC1 is the link name for a OI Server.
- PLC is the name of the target PLC.
- 400001 is the specific data point (Item) desired.
- An item is typically a single value such as an analog, digital, or string value.

Where Item ID describes the syntax for defining the desired data point, OPC provides for another parameter, called Access Path, that defines optional specifications for obtaining that data.

In OI Servers, Access Paths are equivalent to Device Groups; it is this parameter that is used to define the update interval between the OI Server and the field device for accessing the values of data points in the PLC.

## Supported MBTCP OI Server Hardware and Firmware

The following table lists the Modbus hardware and firmware supported by the MBTCP OI Server.

Legend	Model	Description	Firmware
TSX Quantum	140 CPU 21304	Controller	Exec ID 0871 HID 0405 Rev 02.10

Legend	Model	Description	Firmware
	140 NOE 771 00	Ethernet TCP/IP Option Module	
	140 NOE 21100	Ethernet TCP/IP Module	
TSX Momentum		Controller	
	170 ENT 110 01	Ethernet TCP/IP Module	
TSX Premium	TSX P57 402	Controller	
	TSX P57 4823	Controller	
	TSX ETY 110	EtherNet TCP/IP Module	
TSX Momentum (RS232)		Controller	
	171 CCC 980 20	Ethernet TCP/IP Module and Modbus Ports	
TSX Momentum (RS485)		Controller	
	171 CCC 980 20	Ethernet TCP/IP Module and Modbus Ports	
Compact 984 (RS232, 5-Digit Addressing)	PC-A984-145	Controller	Exec ID 084E Model A145
Compact 984 (RS232, 6-Digit Addressing)	PC-E984-265	Controller	
Modicon Micro (RS232)	110 CPU 311 01	Controller	Exec ID 0863 HID 0701 Rev 01.10 Model 311/01
Generic Modbus Controller (4-Digit, 5-Digit, 6-Digit)		Generic Modbus Controller. Controller must conform to the Modbus "Application Protocol specifications."	The Generic Modbus controller will be simulated with the Modbus Simulator version 1.05 developed by Wingpath Ltd.
NR&D Bridge	Pen-T	Ethernet-to-Serial Bridge	
Modbus Bridge	Power Logic EGX 100 TSX ETG 100	Bridge	

## Controller Function Codes

The MBTCP Communication Driver uses function codes to communicate with the various controllers supporting the Modbus protocol. The implementation for the MBTCP Communication Driver uses the document, "Open Modbus/TCP Specification," Release 1.1, dated December 6, 2002 as a reference.

These function codes and their descriptions are listed in the following table.

**Note:** In communicating with the Generic Modbus PLCs, the MBTCP Communication Driver acts as a master and sends out the function codes to the PLCs.

Code	Name	Description
01 (0x01)	Read Coils	Reads the ON/OFF status of discrete outputs (0X references, coils) in the slave.
02 (0x02)	Read Discrete Inputs	Reads the ON/OFF status of discrete inputs (1XXXXX references) in the slave.
03 (0x03)	Read Holding Registers	Reads the binary contents of holding registers (4XXXXX references) in the slave.
04 (0x04)	Read Input Registers	Reads the binary contents of input registers (3XXXXX references) in the slave.
05 (0x05)	Write Single Coil	Forces a single coil (0X reference) to either ON or OFF.
06 (0x06)	Write Single Register	Presets a value into a single holding register (4XXXXX reference).
15 (0x0F)	Write Multiple Coils	Forces each coil (0XXXXX reference) in a sequence of coils to either ON or OFF.
16 (0x10)	Write Multiple Registers	Presets values into a sequence of holding registers (4XXXXX references).
20 (0x14)	Read General Reference	Returns the contents of registers in the Extended Memory file (6XXXXX) references.
21 (0x15)	Write General Reference	Writes the contents of registers in the Extended Memory file (6XXXXX) references.
22 (0x16)	Mask Write Holding Register	Modifies the contents of a specified (4XXXXX reference) holding register using a combination of an AND mask, an OR mask, and the register's current contents. The function can be used to set or clear individual bits in the register.

## Modbus Exception Codes

Additionally, there are exception codes generated by Modbus. The accompanying table shows these exceptions and their explanations.

Exception Code (Hex)	Name	Explanation
01	ILLEGAL FUNCTION	The function code received in the query is not an allowable action for the slave. This may be because the function code is only applicable to newer controllers, and was not implemented in the unit selected. It could also indicate that the slave is in the wrong state to process a request of this type; for example, because it is unconfigured and is being asked to return register values.
02	ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS	The data address received in the query is not an allowable address for the slave. More specifically, the combination of reference number and transfer length is invalid. For a controller with 100 registers, a request with offset 96 and length 4 would succeed, a request with offset 96 and length 5 will generate exception 02.
03	ILLEGAL DATA VALUE	A value contained in the query data field is not an allowable value for the slave. This indicates a fault in the structure of the remainder of a complex request, such as that the implied length is incorrect. It specifically does NOT mean that a data item submitted for storage in a register has a value outside the expectation of the application program, since the MODBUS protocol is unaware of the significance of any particular value of any particular register.
04	ILLEGAL RESPONSE LENGTH	Indicates that the request as framed would generate a response whose size exceeds the available MODBUS data size. Used only by functions generating a multi-part response, such as functions 20 and 21.
05	ACKNOWLEDGE	Specialized use in conjunction with programming commands.
06	SLAVE DEVICE BUSY	Specialized use in conjunction with programming commands.
07	NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE	Specialized use in conjunction with programming commands.
08	MEMORY PARITY ERROR	Specialized use in conjunction with function codes 20 and 21 to indicate that the extended file area failed to pass a consistency check.
0A	GATEWAY PATH UNAVAILABLE	Specialized use in conjunction with gateways; it indicates that the gateway was unable to allocate a Modbus Plus PATH to use to process the request. It usually means that the gateway is misconfigured.

Exception Code (Hex)	Name	Explanation
0B	GATEWAY TARGET DEVICE FAILED TO RESPOND	Specialized use in conjunction with gateways; it indicates that no response was obtained from the target device. It usually means that the device is not present on the network.

## TCP Port

The MBTCP Communication Driver uses port 502 as the default to contact all PLCs. This includes the port used for unsolicited messages from the PLCs that are programmed to provide unsolicited data (that is, the PLCs that are directly connected to the TCPIP\_PORT; controllers under the ModbusBridge Object hierarchy cannot utilize this unsolicited messaging feature).

However, you have the option to configure the actual port to be used through the ModbusPLC object. When a non-502 port is used by the Generic Modbus PLC to communicate with the MBTCP Communication Driver, it will not be able to send unsolicited data to the Communication Driver.



## Chapter 4

# Troubleshooting the MBTCP Communication Driver

- [Error Messages and Codes](#)

## Error Messages and Codes

Generic Communication Driver error messages and MBTCP-OI Server-specific messages are supported. Use the Log Flag data to customize the messages logged to the Log Viewer. See the Log Viewer online documentation for more information about using log flags.

To troubleshoot Communication Driver problems, use the following error messages together with the OI Server Manager Diagnostics root data.

In the following Communication Driver Error Messages table:

- <Message ID> corresponds to the message ID displayed in the Communication Driver's Diagnostics root in the OI Server Manager.
- <Device> refers to the node name of the device.

## Communication Driver Error Messages

The following table lists all the generic-Communication Driver and MBTCP--specific error messages that are logged to the Log Viewer.

Error Message	Explanation	Probable Cause	Solution	Log Flag
"CoilRead" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <CoilRead> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"CoilWrite" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <CoilWrite> field is absent from the DeviceNode named	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager	DASProtFail

Error Message	Explanation	Probable Cause	Solution	Log Flag
	<PLC Name> in the configuration file.		to rebuild the file.	
"ExtendedRegisterRead" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <ExtendedRegisterRead> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"ExtendedRegisterWrite" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <ExtendedRegisterWrite> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"HoldingRegisterRead" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <HoldingRegisterRead> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"HoldingRegisterWrite" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <HoldingRegisterWrite> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"InputRegisterRead" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <InputRegisterRead> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"IPAddress" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <IPAddress> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the Configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to build the file.	DASProtFail

Error Message	Explanation	Probable Cause	Solution	Log Flag
"MaxAddrExtendedRegisters" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <MaxAddrExtendedRegisters> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"MaxAddrHoldingRegisters" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <MaxAddrHoldingRegisters> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"MaxAddrInputRegisters" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <MaxAddrInputRegisters> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"MaxAddrReadCoils" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <MaxAddrReadCoils> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"MaxAddrWriteCoils" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <MaxAddrWriteCoils> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"MaxQueuedMsgs" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <MaxQueuedMsgs> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"RegisterSize" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <RegisterSize> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail

Error Message	Explanation	Probable Cause	Solution	Log Flag
"RegisterType" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <RegisterType> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"ReplyTimeout" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>."	The mandatory <ReplyTimeout> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the Configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to build the file.	DASProtFail
"StringVariableStyle" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <StringVariableStyle> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"UnitID" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <UnitID> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the Configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to build the file.	DASProtFail
"UseLongConceptDataStruct" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <UseLongConceptDataStruct> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
"UseRealConceptDataStruct" is missing from the DASMBTCP.AAcfg file under <PLC name>.	The mandatory <UseRealConceptDataStruct> field is absent from the DeviceNode named <PLC Name> in the configuration file.	The entry is deleted from the file manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
<PLC Name> does not allow extended register <Item name>.	The PLC does support extended registers.	The client defined an extended register and it is not supported.	Remove extended register from client.	DASProtFail

Error Message	Explanation	Probable Cause	Solution	Log Flag
<PLC Name>: Clamping a write to <Item Name> - Received <client value>, writing <clamped value>.	The client wrote a value that exceeded the item limits.	The client wrote an invalid value.	The client must write a smaller value.	DASProtWarn
An invalid floating point value was returned by the PLC for item name <PLC Name>.<Item Name>. The value was converted to a negative 3.4e38.	Invalid floating-point number (Negative Infinity). Set the item value to Negative Infinity 3.4e+38.	The values read from the PLC registers cannot be converted to a valid float number.	Check the PLC for the value in the registers.	DASProtFail
An invalid floating point value was returned by the PLC for item name <PLC Name>.<Item Name>. The value was converted to a positive 3.4e38.	Invalid floating-point number (Positive Infinity). Set the item value to Positive Infinity 3.4e+38.	The values read from the PLC registers cannot be converted to a valid float number.	Check the PLC for the value in the registers.	DASProtFail
Connection to PLC <PLC name> at IP Address <Host name> closed, error code = <Error code>.	The PLC closed the connection.	The PLC may be having problems.	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
CreateItem failed <PLC name>.<Item Name>.	The server encountered an invalid item name.	An invalid item name was defined by the client.	Correct the item name defined by the client.	DASProtFail
CreateItem failed due to invalid item name <PLC name>.<Item Name>.	The server encountered an invalid item name.	The client defined an invalid item name.	The client must define a valid item name.	DASProtFail
DASMBTCP failed to allocate memory.	The server could not allocate memory to continue operating.	Too many items have been defined by client or too many programs are running in this PC.	Stop unwanted programs, define less points by client, or add more memory to the PC.	DASProtFail

Error Message	Explanation	Probable Cause	Solution	Log Flag
DASMBTCPPLCSocket: :OnSocketRead(1) failed with errorcode <Error code>.	The PLC returned an error code on a request for data.	The PLC may be having problems.	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
DASMBTCPPLCSocket: :OnSocketRead(2) failed with errorcode <Error code>.	The PLC returned an error code on a request for data.	The PLC may be having problems.	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
DASMBTCPPLCSocket: :OnSocketRead(3) failed with errorcode <Error code>.	The PLC returned an error code on a request for data.	The PLC may be having problems.	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
DASMBTCPPLCSocket: :OnSocketWrite failed with errorcode <Error code>.	The PLC returned an error code on a write to PLC command.	The PLC may be having problems.	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
Error in Reading from PLC for item <PLC name>.<Item Name>.	The PLC returned an exception.	The PLC may be having problems.	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
Error in Writing to PLC for item <PLC name>.<Item Name>.	The PLC returned an exception.	The PLC may be having problems.	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
Fail to Connect to PLC <PLC name> at IP Address <Host name>, error code = <Error code>.	The host name used in the IP Address field is invalid.	Invalid IP Address was configured.	A valid host name or IP Address must be configured.	DASProtFail
Failed to retrieve host information from a host database. Error code = <Error number>.	The host name used in the IP Address field is invalid.	Invalid IP Address was configured.	A valid host name or IP Address must be configured.	DASProtFail
Failed to split the message from ReceiveBuffer for Sequence Number <Sequence Number>, message possibly revoked.	A message returned by the PLC was not found in the requested messages queue.	The message may have timed out and was removed from the queue.	Increase the ReplyTimeout timer.	DASProtFail

Error Message	Explanation	Probable Cause	Solution	Log Flag
Invalid value read for Mod 10000 register: <Item Name> on Node: <PLC Name>. Not a valid BCD-value. Convert to 2147483647.	The Modulo-10000 point value overflows. The value is clamped to 2147483647 to indicate overflow condition.	The maximum usable value represented in three Modulo-10000 registers is 2,147,483,646.	Check the PLC for the value in the registers.	DASProtWarn
Read value beyond limits for Mod 10000 register: <Item Name> on Node: <PLC Name>. Value clamped to 9999.	The Modulo-10000 point value overflows. The value is clamped to 9999.	The maximum usable value represented in one Modulo-10000 registers is 9999.	Check the PLC for the value in the registers.	DASProtWarn
recv() failed with errorcode <Error Code>.	The PLC responded with an error.	The PLC may be down or there is a communications problem.	Check the PLC and the communications link.	DASProtFail
Register Type is 'BCD'. Value clamped to 9999.	The Modulo-10000 point output value overflows. The value is clamped.	The Modulo-10000 value written to the PLC exceeded the max limit.	The client must write a smaller value.	DASProtWarn
Register Type is hot-configured to <Register type>.	The Register Type parameter was modified at run time.	The user modified the Register Type parameter while the server was running.	The Register Type parameter can be modified at run time.	DASProtWarn
Reply Timeout is hot-configured to <Reply timeout value>.	The Reply Timeout parameter was modified at run time.	The user modified the Reply Timeout parameter while the server was running.	The Reply Timeout parameter can be modified at run time.	DASProtWarn
String Variable Style is hot-configured to <String variable style>.	The String Variable Style parameter was modified at run time.	The user modified the String Variable Style parameter while the server was running.	The String Variable Style parameter can be modified at run time.	DASProtWarn

Error Message	Explanation	Probable Cause	Solution	Log Flag
The item name <PLC Name>.<Item Name> is Invalid. It is non-numeric.	The item name is invalid.	A non-numeric register was defined where numeric was required.	Make register a numeric register.	DASProtFail
The item name <PLC Name>.<Item Name> is invalid. The bit number is invalid.	The item name has an invalid bit number.	The client defined an item with an invalid bit number.	The item bit number must be between 1 (one) and 16.	DASProtFail
The item name <PLC Name>.<Item Name> is invalid. The bit number is out of range.	The item name has an invalid bit number.	The client defined an item with an invalid bit number.	The item bit number must be between 1 (one) and 16.	DASProtFail
The item name <PLC Name>.<Item Name> is invalid. The data type is invalid.	The server encountered an invalid data type.	The client defined a data type not supported by the server.	The client must use a valid data type.	DASProtFail
The item name <PLC Name>.<Item Name> is invalid. The register range is invalid.	The Modulo-10000 item defined by the client exceeds the 3 register limit.	The client defined an invalid item name.	The client must use two or three registers when defining Modulo-10000 item names.	DASProtFail
The item name <PLC Name>.<Item Name> written string value <String Value> was truncated to <Truncated String Value>. Not enough registers were defined to hold the string value.	The server truncated the string being written to the PLC.	Not enough registers were defined by the client to hold the string data being written.	Add more registers or write less data.	DASProtFail
The PLC <PLC Name> message timed out (OnPLCReceiverTimeout), revoking message <Message ID>.	The server did not get a response from the PLC in the <ReplyTimeout> allotted time.	The PLC is offline or the data request has an invalid register number obtained from the configuration file.	Check PLC's network connection or configuration file.	DASProtFail



Error Message	Explanation	Probable Cause	Solution	Log Flag
<p>The PLC &lt;PLC name&gt; reported receiving an ILLEGAL FUNCTION code from the OI Server. PLC errorcode 01.</p>	<p>The function code received in the query is not an allowable action for the slave.</p>	<p>This may be because the function code is only applicable to newer controllers, and was not implemented in the unit selected. It could also indicate that the slave is in the wrong state to process a request of this type; for example, because it is unconfigured and is being asked to return register values.</p>	<p>Check the item definition and PLC configuration.</p>	<p>DASProtFail</p>
<p>The PLC &lt;PLC name&gt; reported receiving an ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS from the OI Server. PLC errorcode 02.</p>	<p>The data address received in the query is not an allowable address for the slave.</p>	<p>The item address is out of the configured-slave address range, or the combination of reference number and transfer length is invalid. For a controller with 100 registers, a request with offset 96 and length 4 would succeed, a request with offset 96 and length 5 will generate exception 02.</p>	<p>Check the item definition and PLC configuration.</p>	<p>DASProtFail</p>
<p>The PLC &lt;PLC name&gt; reported receiving an ILLEGAL DATA VALUE from the OI Server. PLC errorcode 03.</p>	<p>A value contained in the query data field is not an allowable value for the slave.</p>	<p>This indicates a fault in the structure of the remainder of a complex request. For example, the implied length is incorrect.</p>	<p>Check the data value sent to the PLC.</p>	<p>DASProtFail</p>

Error Message	Explanation	Probable Cause	Solution	Log Flag
The PLC <PLC name> reported ILLEGAL RESPONSE LENGTH while working on the current request. PLC errorcode 04.	An unrecoverable error occurred while the slave was attempting to perform the requested action.	Indicates that the request as framed would generate a response whose size exceeds the available MODBUS data size.	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
The PLC <PLC name> reported ACKNOWLEDGE while working on the current request. PLC errorcode 05.	The slave has accepted the request and is processing it, but a long duration of time will be required to do so.	This response is returned to prevent a timeout error from occurring in the client (or master).	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
The PLC <PLC name> reported SLAVE DEVICE BUSY and cannot process the current request. PLC errorcode 06.	The slave is engaged in processing a long-duration program command.	The PLC program is taking too long to respond to the OI Server.	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
The PLC <PLC name> reported NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE and cannot process the current request. PLC errorcode 07.	The slave cannot perform the program function received in the query.	The communications data is corrupted or a OI Server problem is encountered.	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
The PLC <PLC name> reported MEMORY PARITY ERROR while attempting to read extended memory. PLC errorcode 08.	The slave attempted to read extended memory, but detected a parity error in the memory.	The PLC may need to be serviced.	Check the PLC's extended memory.	DASProtFail
The PLC <PLC name> reported GATEWAY PATH UNAVAILABLE while attempting to read extended memory. PLC errorcode 0A.	Specialized use in conjunction with gateways; it indicates that the gateway was unable to allocate a Modbus Plus PATH to use to process the request.	It usually means that the gateway is misconfigured.	Check the Bridge connected to the PLC.	DASProtFail

Error Message	Explanation	Probable Cause	Solution	Log Flag
The PLC <PLC name> reported GATEWAY TARGET DEVICE FAILED TO RESPOND while attempting to read extended memory. PLC errorcode 0B.	Specialized use in conjunction with gateways; it indicates that no response was obtained from the target device.	It usually means that the device is not present on the network.	Check the Bridge connected to the PLC.	DASProtFail
The PLC <PLC name> reported unknown exception code. PLC errorcode <Error Number>.	The PLC returned an unknown error code.	The communications data is corrupted.	Check the PLC.	DASProtFail
The property RegisterSize value <Value> is invalid for PLC <PLC Name>.	The RegisterSize value in the configuration file is invalid.	The entry in the file was modified manually.	Use the OI Server Manager to rebuild the file.	DASProtFail
The register number for the item name <PLC name>.<Item Name> exceeds the configured PLC Maximum Addressable Registers.	The register defined by the client is out of range compared to the maximum addressable register number.	The client defined an invalid register number.	Client must use a register number less than or equal to the configured maximum addressable register.	DASProtFail
The socket is marked as nonblocking and the connection cannot be completed immediately for host <Host name>.	The connection to the PLC failed.	The PLC or the network may be having problems.	Check the PLC or the network.	DASProtFail
The write Item <Item Name> is invalid. The item is a read only item.	The register being written to is a read-only register.	The client is writing to a read-only register.	Select a different register.	DASProtFail
Write attempt beyond limits for Mod 10000 register: <Item Name> on Node: <PLC Name>. Value clamped to <new value>.	The output value was clamped to a predefined value because the output value exceeded certain limits.	The client wrote a value to the PLC that was too large for the register.	The client must write a smaller value.	DASProtFail

## Server-Specific Error Codes

There are two server-specific error codes, shown in the following table, that augment those provided by the Toolkit.

Error Code	Logger Message	Log Flag
-10001	PLC not connected	DASProtFail
-10002	PLC timeout	DASProtFail