UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series

User's Manual

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www.moxa.com/product

MOXA®

UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series
User's Manual

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Technical Support Contact Information

support@moxa.com

Moxa Americas:
Toll-free: 1-888-669-2872
Tel: +1-714-528-6777
Fax: +1-714-528-6778

Moxa China (Shanghai office):
Toll-free: 800-820-5036
Tel: +86-1-5258-9955
Fax: +86-10-6872-3958

Moxa Europe:
Tel: +49-89-3 70 03 99-0
Fax: +49-89-3 70 03 99-99

Moxa Asia-Pacific:
Tel: +886-2-8919-1230
Fax: +886-2-8919-1231

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Introduction

The Moxa UPort 1200/1400/1600 are advanced USB-to-serial converters that add 2, 4, 8, or 16 serial ports to a PC through the PC's USB port. The UPort 1200/1400/1600 are compatible with both new and legacy RS-232 or RS-422/485 devices. These plug and play USB-to-serial converters are ideal for mobile, instrumentation, and point-of sale applications.

In this manual, we refer to the products in the series collectively as the **UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series**, or simply as the **UPort**. The UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series includes the following models:

- UPort 1250   2-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter
- UPort 1250I   2-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter w/ isolation protection
- UPort 1410   4-port RS-232 USB-to-serial converter
- UPort 1450   4-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter
- UPort 1450I   4-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter w/ isolation protection
- UPort 1610-8   8-port RS-232 USB-to-serial converter
- UPort 1650-8   8-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter
- UPort 1610-16   16-port RS-232 USB-to-serial converter
- UPort 1650-16   16-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- ❑ **Overview**
- ❑ **ADDC™ (Automatic Data Direction Control) for RS-485**
- ❑ **ARDC (Automatic Recovery Data Communication)**
- ❑ **Package Checklist**
- ❑ **Product Features**
- ❑ **Product Specifications**
- ❑ **Panel Layout**
- ❑ **Dimensions**

Overview

UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series products are easy to install and use. After installing the drivers on your PC, connect the UPort to your computer, plug in your serial devices, and you're ready to go. Programming is NOT required, and you do not need to worry about IRQs, configuring a board, power requirements, or connection schemes.

UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series products are compliant with USB 1.1, and 2.0 specifications, and meet the 480 Mbps high-speed requirement of Hi-Speed USB 2.0. Using your computer's USB ports to connect serial devices reduces the total cost of ownership, investment in hardware, and long term management and integration costs.

The UPort 1400 series converters support both bus power and external power. The UPort 1250I, UPort 1600-8, and UPort 1600-16 converters support external power only. When using bus power, the UPort will get 500 mA through the laptop's or workstation's USB port. When an external power adaptor or power cord is used, the UPort will only get 100 mA through the laptop's or workstation's USB port.

ADDC™ (Automatic Data Direction Control) for RS-485

ADDC™ (Automatic Data Direction Control) makes it easier to manage 2-wire RS-485 half-duplex connections, eliminating the need for software interference. This means that it is not necessary to write extra code for Windows applications to control the half-duplex protocol. ADDC™ intelligence is built into the UPort 1200/1400/1600 USB-to-serial converters that support the RS-485 serial interface.

ARDC (Automatic Recovery Data Communication)

ARDC (Automatic Recovery Data Communication) makes it easier to auto recover data transmission and even the cable from getting unplugged accidentally. This means the user does not need to worry about reconfiguring complex settings to ensure smooth data transmission. If the USB cable is accidentally unplugged, simply plug it back into the same port and the converter will automatically reconnect with the host and continue to transfer data. This feature not only reduces reconfiguration time, but also the probability of data loss.

Package Checklist

Moxa's UPort 1200/1400/1600 products are shipped with the following items:

Standard Accessories
- UPort 1200, 1400, or 1600 USB-to-serial converter
- 1 USB-IF certified cable
- Document and Software CD-ROM
- UPort 1200/1400/1600 Quick Installation Guide (printed)
- Power Adaptor (UPort 1250I/1450/1450I/1600-8) or Power Cord (UPort 1600-16)

Optional Accessories
- Wall Mount Kit
- Din-Rail kit
- Magnets (magnets are used to attach the UPort converter to the PC case; suitable for UPort 1400/1600-8)
- Mini DB9F-to-TB adaptor

NOTE: *Please notify your sales representative if any of the above items are missing or damaged.*

Product Features

UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series products have the following features:

- Hi-Speed USB 2.0 supported (up to 480 Mbps)
- Additional I/O or IRQ not required
- Serial transmission speed up to 921.6 Kbps
- 128-byte FIFO and on-chip H/W, S/W flow control
- Built-in 15 KV ESD protection
- Windows 2000/XP/2003/Vista/2008 (x86, x64), Win CE5.0/CE6.0, Linux 2.4, 2.6 x86/x84 drivers supported
- Both bus power and external power supported (UPort 1410/1450)
- Suitable for 4-wire RS-422/485 and 2-wire RS-485 applications
- Easy maintenance with LED display
- IP30, rugged metal case
- COM port assignments maintained across different PCs
- Optional magnet accessories for attaching to the PC's housing
- Mini DB9 female to terminal block attachment for easy wiring
- Wall mount and DIN-rail accessories available

Product Specifications

USB	
Compliance	USB 1.1/2.0 compliant
Connector	USB type B
Speed	480 Mbps (Hi-Speed USB) and 12 Mbps (Full-Speed USB)
Serial Interface	
Number of Ports	UPort 1200: 2 UPort 1400: 4 UPort 1600-8: 8 UPort 1600-16: 16
Serial Standards	UPort™ 1410/1610: RS-232 UPort™ 1250/1250I/1450/1450I/1650: RS-232/422/485
Connectors	DB9 male
Serial Line Protection	
ESD Protection	15 KV embedded
Optical Isolation Protection	2 KV (UPort™ 1250I/1450I only)
Performance	
Baudrate	50 bps to 921.6 Kbps
Serial Communication Parameters	
Data Bits	5, 6, 7, 8
Stop Bits	1, 1.5, 2
Parity	None, Even, Odd, Space, Mark
Flow Control	RTS/CTS, XON/XOFF
FIFO	128 bytes

Serial Signals	
RS-232	TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, DTR, DSR, DCD, GND
RS-422	TxD+(B), TxD-(A), RxD+(B), RxD-(A), GND
RS-485-4w	TxD+(B), TxD-(A), RxD+(B), RxD-(A), GND
RS-485-2w	Data+(B), Data-(A), GND
RS-485 Data Direction	ADDC™ (Automatic Data Direction Control)
Driver Support	
Operating Systems	Windows (2000, XP x86/x64, 2003 x86/x64, Vista x86/x64, 2008 x86/x64) and WinCE 5.0/CE6.0, Linux 2.4, 2.6 x86/x64
Physical Characteristics	
Housing	SECC sheet metal (1 mm), IP30 protection

Weight	UPort 1200:
	       Product only: 180 g (0.40 lb)
	       Packaged: 660 g (1.45 lb)
	 UPort 1400:
	       Product only: 720 g (1.59 lb)
	       Packaged: 1345 g (2.96 lb)
	 UPort 1600-8:
	       Product only: 835 g (1.84 lb)
	       Packaged: 1435 g (3.16 lb)
	 UPort 1600-16:
	       Product only: 2475 g (5.45 lb)
	       Packaged: 3485 g (7.68 lb)

Dimensions	UPort 1200: 77 x 26 x 111 mm (3.03 x 1.02 x 4.37 in) UPort 1400: 204 x 30 x 125 mm (8.03 x 1.18 x 4.92 in) UPort 1600-8: 204 x 44 x 125 mm (8.03 x 1.73 x 4.92 in) UPort 1600-16: 440 x 45.5 x 198.1 mm (17.32 x 1.79 x 7.80 in)
Environmental Limits	
Operating Temperature	0 to 55°C (32 to 131°F)
Operating Humidity	5 to 95% RH
Storage Temperature	-20 to 75°C (-4 to 167°F)
Regulatory Approvals	EN55022 Class A, EN55024, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3, EN61000-4-2, EN61000-4-3, EN61000-4-4, EN61000-4-5, EN61000-4-6, EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11 FCC Part 15 Class A, UL, CUL, TÜV

Power Requirements	
Power Consumption	• Bus power: 　　UPort™ 1250: 360 mA @ 5 VDC 　　UPort™ 1410: 180 mA @ 5 VDC • 12 to 48 VDC external power: 　　UPort™ 1250I: 200 mA @ 12 VDC 　　UPort™ 1410: 180 mA @ 12 VDC 　　UPort™ 1450: 260 mA @ 12 VDC 　　UPort™ 1450I: 360 mA @ 12 VDC 　　UPort™ 1610-8: 230 mA @ 12 VDC 　　UPort™ 1650-8: 340 mA @ 12 VDC 　　UPort™ 1610-16: 130 mA @ 100 VAC 　　UPort™ 1650-16: 150 mA @ 100 VAC
Warranty	
Warranty Period	5 years
Details	See www.moxa.com/warranty

Panel Layout

UPort 1250   **UPort 1250I**

UPort 1410/1450/1450I   **UPort 1610-8/1650-8**

UPort 1610-16/1650-16

Dimensions

UPort 1250   **UPort 1250I**
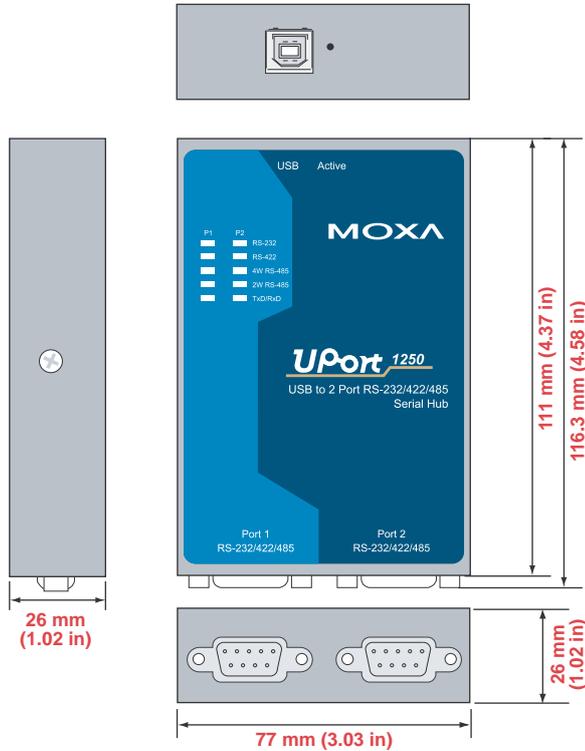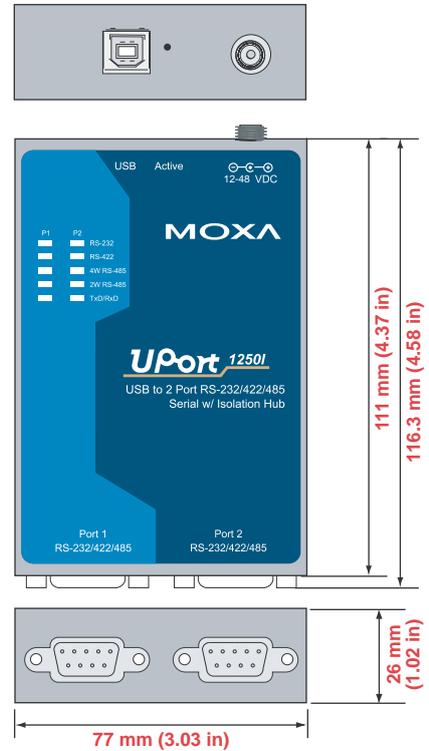
UPort 1410/1450/1450I
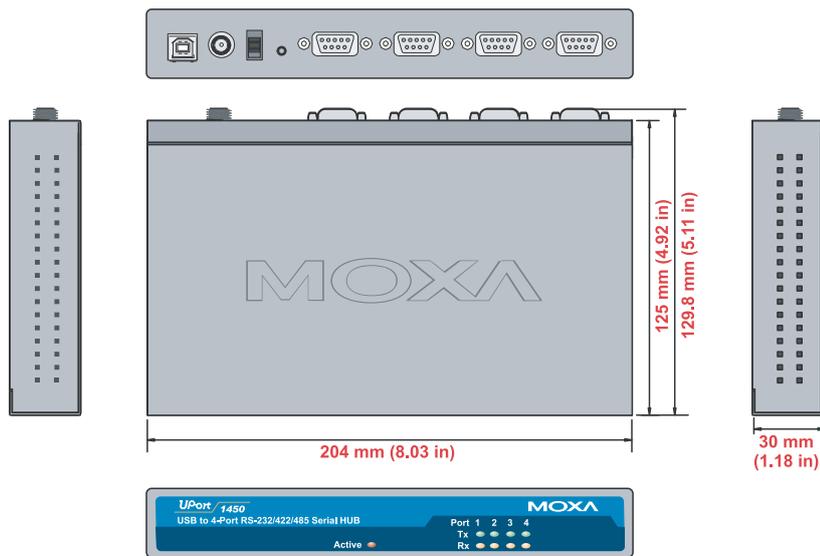
UPort 1610-8/1650-8
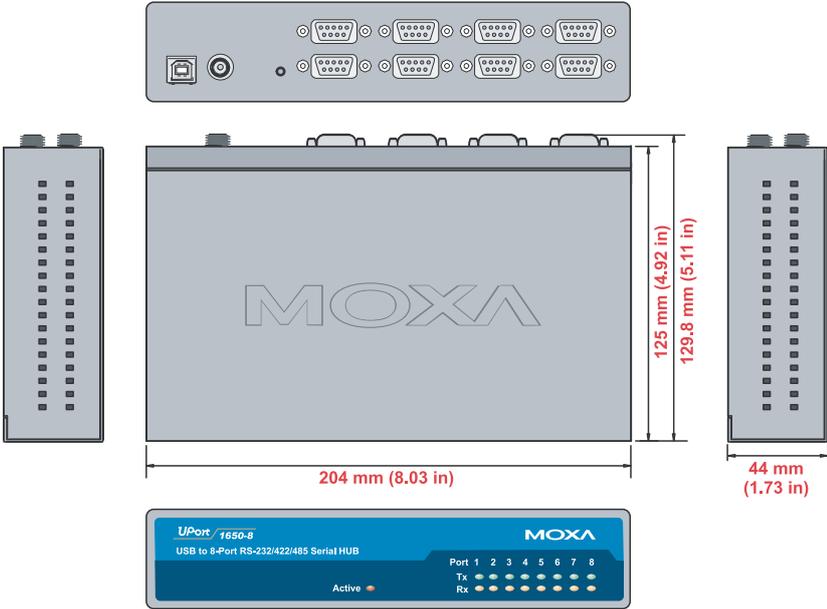
UPort 1610-16/1650-16
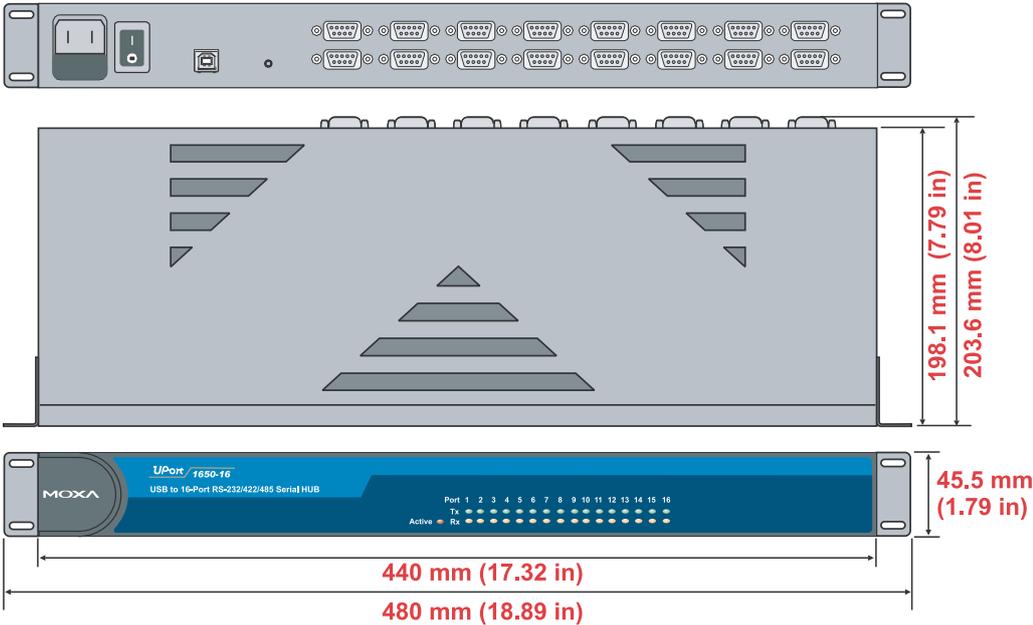
2

Driver Installation

In this chapter, we use Windows XP to illustrate how to install the UPort 1200/1400/1600 USB-to-serial converters. The procedures for Windows 2000/2003 and Vista are essentially the same.

We recommend installing the UPort driver first, before connecting the UPort to your computer's USB port.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

❑ **UPort's USB Usage Limitation**
❑ **Installing the Windows Driver**
 ➢ Hardware Description
 ➢ Connecting the Hardware
 ➢ Installing the Driver for the Converter
 ➢ Installing the Driver for the Ports
 ➢ Configuring the Ports
 ➢ Uninstalling the UPort
 ➢ Uninstalling the Driver
❑ **Installing the Windows CE Driver**
 ➢ Installation with an installation package for Win CE 6.0
 ➢ Installation with an installation package for Win CE 5.0
 ➢ Removing the Moxa Win CE 5.0/ CE6.0 Driver
 ➢ Installation with a CAB File
 ➢ Removing the Moxa Win CE 5.0/ CE6.0 Driver
❑ **Installing the Linux Driver**
 ➢ Linux Kernel 2.6.x
 ➢ Driver Files
 ➢ Module Driver Configuration
 ➢ Setting the Serial Parameters
 ➢ Troubleshooting

UPort's USB Usage Limitation

1. A maximum of 4 UPort converters can be connected to one PC host. Connecting more than 4 UPort converters will strain system resources and potentially destabilize the computer.

2. We recommend connecting the UPort directly to your PC's USB port.

3. Although your UPort supports USB 1.1, we recommend using a USB 2.0 host controller or hub for the best and most stable performance.

Installing the Windows Driver

1. Run the Setup Wizard located on the UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series Document and Software CD-ROM. Click **Next** to start installing the driver.

2. Click **Next** to install the driver in the indicated folder.
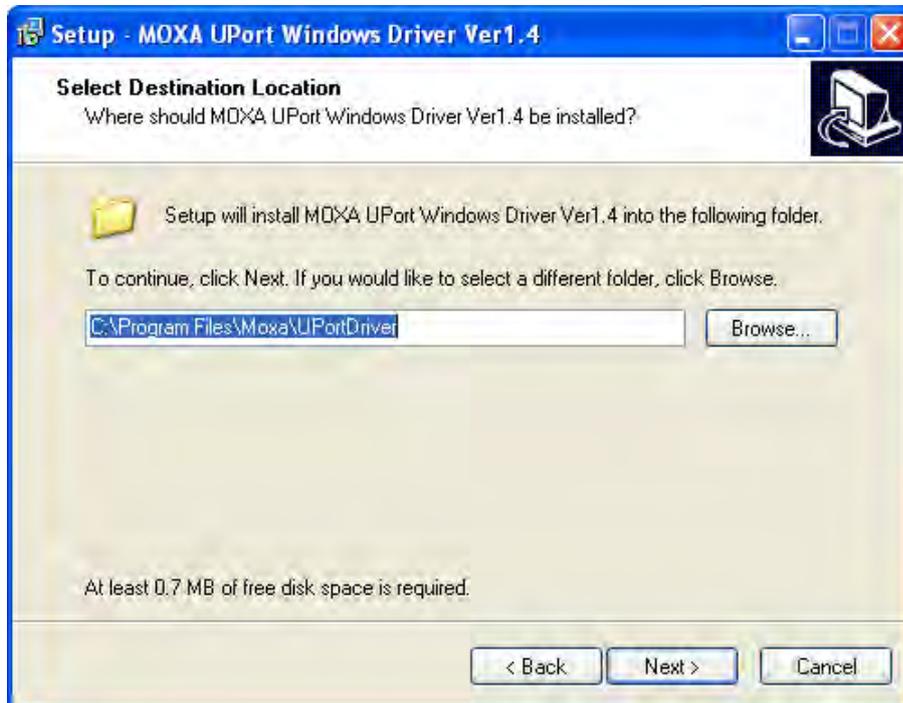
3. Click **Next** to create the program's shortcuts in the indicated folder.
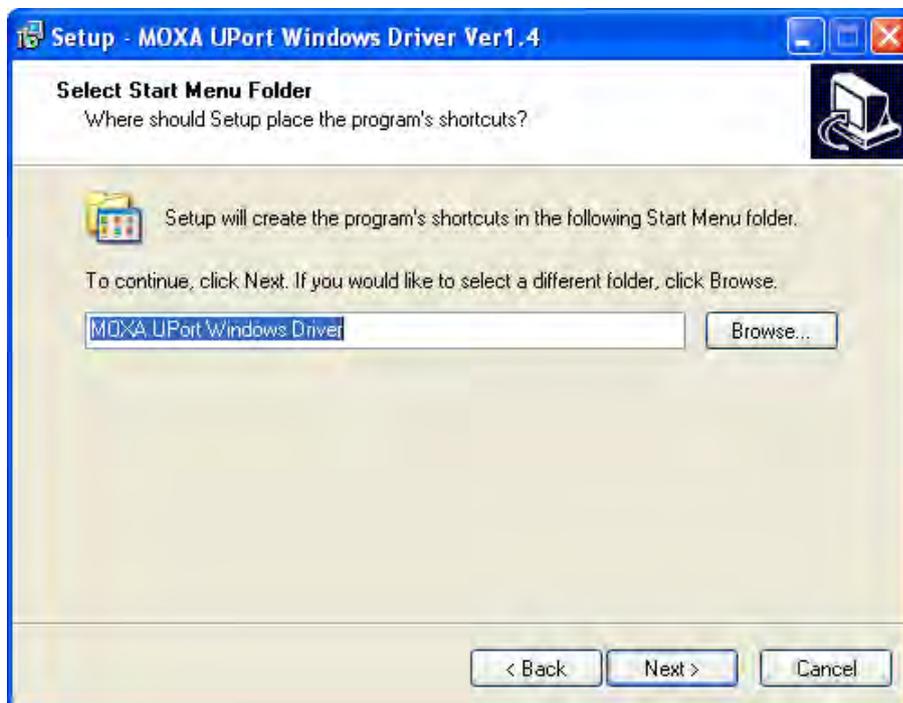
4. Click **Install** to proceed with installation.

5. The next window that opens cautions you that although this software has not passed Windows logo testing, the driver has already been tested and shown that it can support the Windows operating system. Click **Continue Anyway** to proceed.
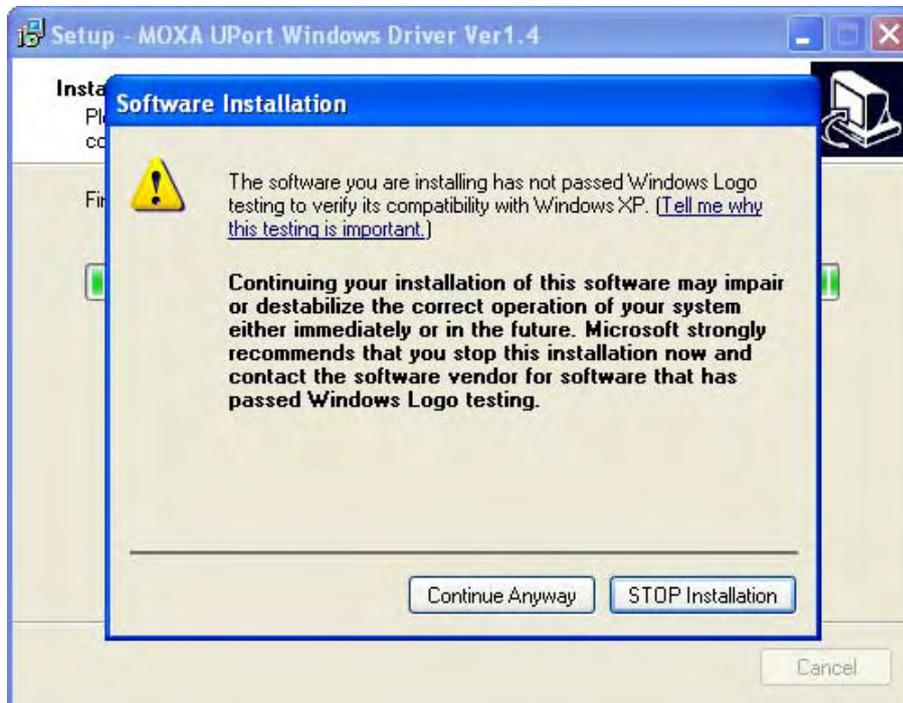
6. Click **Finish** to complete the driver installation.

Hardware Description

We recommend installing the driver before connecting the UPort to your PC. Some UPort models require an external power adaptor or cord, and other models support both external and bus power.

	UPort 1250	UPort 1250I	UPort 1400	UPort 1600-8	UPort 1600-16
Bus Power	√	---	√	---	---
External Power (adaptor)	---	√	√	√	---
External Power (cord)	---	---	---	---	√

If you want to use bus power with the UPort 1410/1450, set the DIP switch to **bus** when you connect the USB cable between the host PC and the UPort 1410/1450. The UPort 1450I requires external power.

Using an External Power Source

The UPort 1250I, UPort 1450/1450I, and UPort 1600-8 come with a power adaptor for connecting to an external AC power source. UPort 1410 users can purchase a power adaptor separately. The UPort 1600-16 comes with a power cord as a standard accessory.

If the power is properly supplied, the Active LED will glow a solid green.

Buzzer (UPort 1400 and 1600 only)

The UPort 1400 and UPort 1600 will sound the built-in buzzer twice when the power is turned on. You will also hear the buzzer when using the **Locate** function from the driver property page of the UPort utility.

Connecting the Hardware

Please install the driver before connecting the UPort series to your PC's USB port. See the previous section for details.

Connecting to a Serial Device

Use the proper serial cables to connect your serial devices to the UPort's serial ports, which support the RS-232 and/or RS-422/485 interface. The UPort's serial ports use DB9 male connector with standard pin assignment. Please see Chapter 3 for detail pin assignment.

LED Indicators

UPort 1250/1250I

There are five LEDs per port for indicating the status of the ports. The LEDs are listed under P1 and P2.

LED Name	LED Color	LED Function
Active	Red	Power is on
	Off	Power is off, or power error condition exists
RS-232	Red	Port is configured for RS-232 operation
RS-422	Red	Port is configured for RS-422 operation
4W RS-485	Red	Port is configured for 4-wire RS-485 operation
2W RS-485	Red	Port is configured for 2-wire RS-485 operation
TxD/RxD	Orange	Port is receiving data from attached device
	Green	Port is transmitting data to attached device
	Off	No data is being transmitted or received

UPort 1400/1600

There are five LEDs per port for indicating the status of the ports. The LEDs are listed under P1, P2, P3, etc.

LED Name	LED Color	LED Function
Active	Green	Power is on
	Off	Power is off, or power error condition exists
Tx/Rx	Orange	Port is receiving data from attached device
	Green	Port is transmitting data to attached device
	Off	No data is being transmitted or received

Adjustable Pull High/low Resistors for the RS-485 Port

The UPort uses DIP switches to set the pull high/low resistor values for each serial port.

To set the pull high/low resistors to 150 KΩ, make sure both of the assigned DIP switches are in the OFF position.

To set the pull high/low resistors to 1 KΩ, make sure both of the assigned DIP switches are in the ON position. This is the default setting.

SW	1	2
	Pull High	Pull Low
ON	1 KΩ	1 KΩ
OFF	150 KΩ	150 KΩ

UPort 1200 DIP Switches

Port1, Port 2
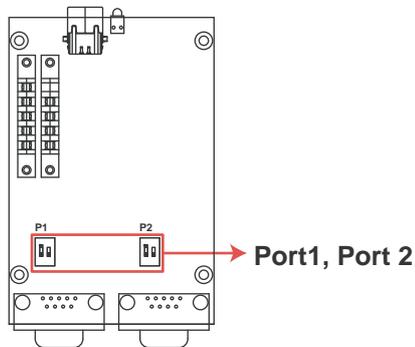
UPort 1400 DIP Switches

Port1, Port 2, Port 3, Port 4
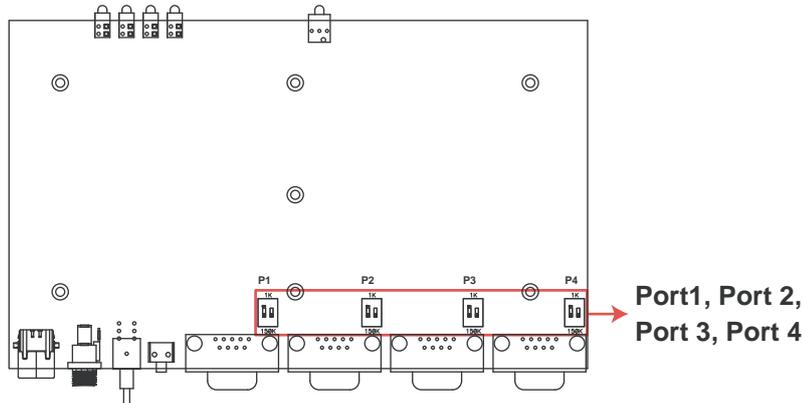
UPort 1600-8 DIP Switches

Port1, Port 2,
Port 3, Port 4,
Port 5, Port 6,
Port 7, Port 8
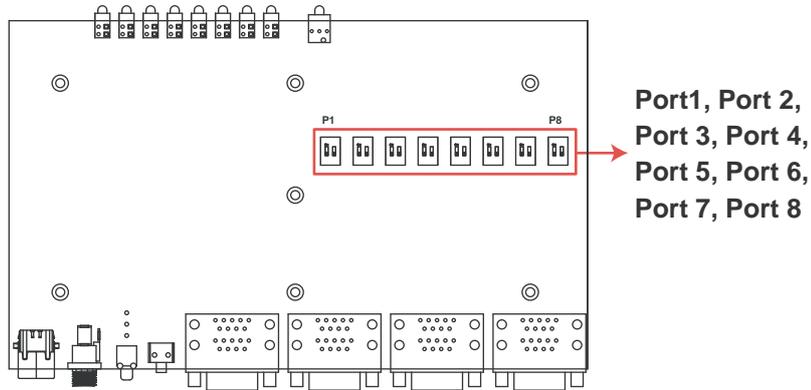
UPort 1600-16 DIP Switches

Port1, Port 2,
Port 3, Port 4,
Port 5, Port 6,
Port 7, Port 8,
Port 9, Port 10,
Port 11, Port 12,
Port 13, Port 14,
Port 15, Port 16
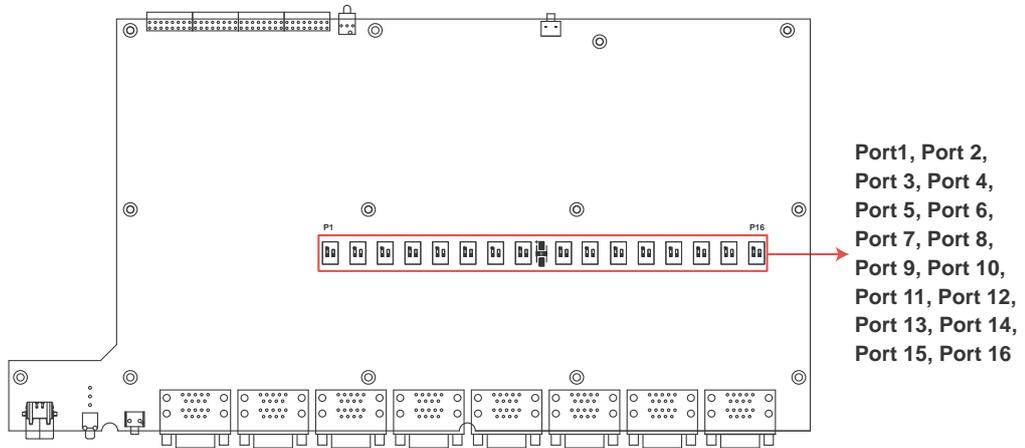
Installing the Driver for the Converter

NOTE	The operating system will automatically detect the UPort when you plug it into one of your computer's USB ports. If you have installed the latest UPort driver, the UPort and the UPort's serial port will be installed automatically. If the UPort and the serial ports are not installed automatically, follow the instructions below.

Case 1: The UPort Driver is Certified

If the UPort driver that you installed has been certified by Microsoft, the UPort and the UPort's serial ports will be installed automatically when you plug the UPort into your computer's USB port.

Case 2: The UPort Driver is NOT Certified

If the UPort driver that you installed has not been certified by Microsoft, then plugging the driver into your computer's USB port will activate the UPort installation program. The first part of the installation procedure installs the software for the UPort itself (the second part of the procedure installs the serial ports).

1. After connecting the USB cable from the UPort to the host PC, Windows XP will automatically detect the new UPort, and the Found New Hardware balloon will open in the bottom right corner of the Windows desktop.
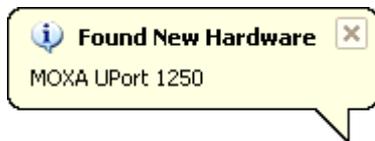
2. Select **No**, not at this time. Click **Next** to start the installation.

3. Select **Install the software automatically** (Recommended), and then click **Next** to continue.
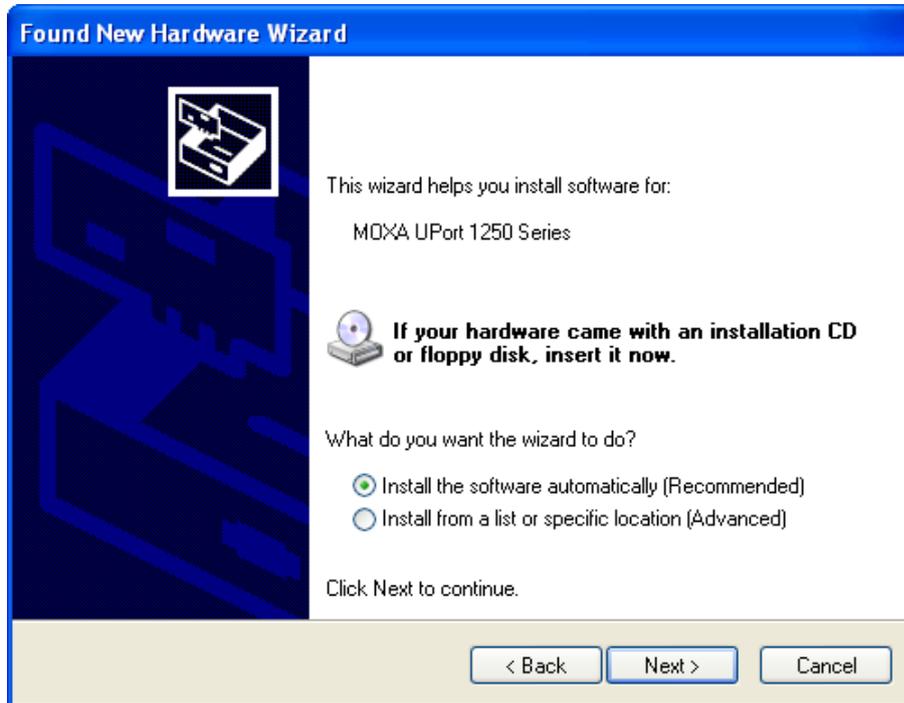
4. Wait while the installation wizard searches for the correct drivers. The next window that opens cautions you that although this software has not passed Windows logo testing, this driver has already been tested and shown that it can support the Windows operating system. Click **Continue Anyway** to proceed.
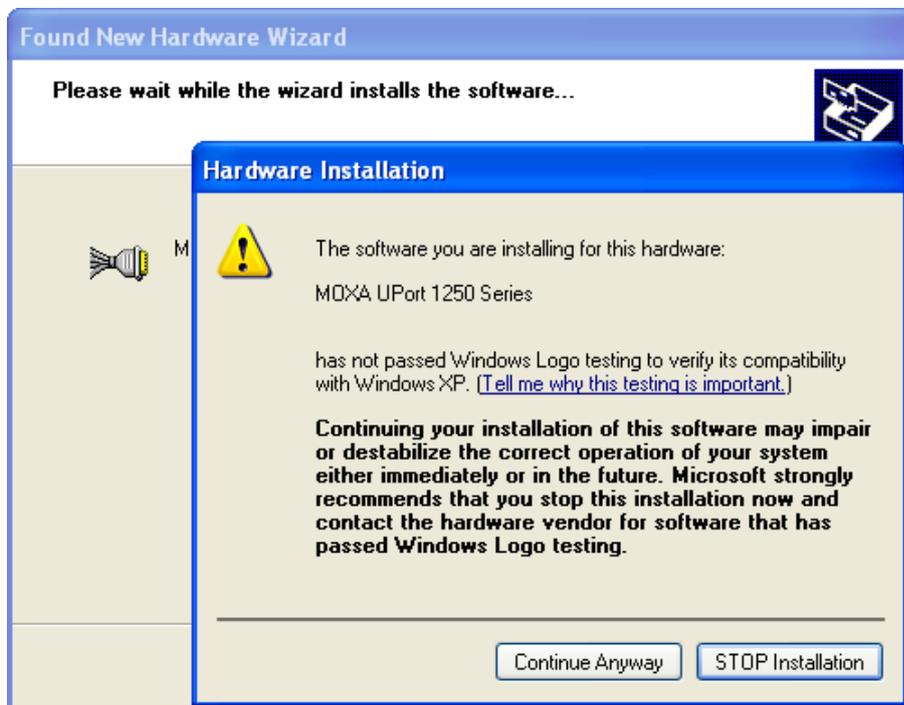
5. The next window shows the model name of the board, and indicates that Windows has completed the driver installation. Click **Finish** to proceed with the rest of the installation procedure.

6. Open Windows Device Manager to check that the installation was successful. The UPort USB-to-serial converter should appear under Multi-port serial adapters.

Installing the Driver for the Ports

1. The Found New Hardware Wizard window will open to help you install the driver. This window will offer to connect to the Windows update site to search for a driver. Select **No, not at this time** and then click **Next** to continue.

2. Select **Install the software automatically** (Recommended), and then click **Next** to continue.
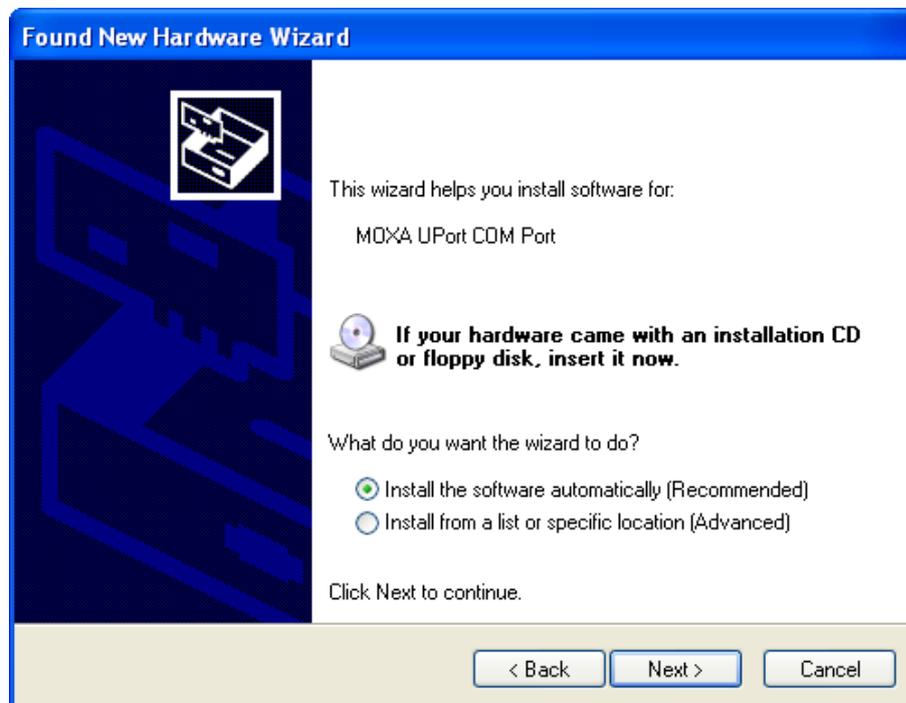
3. Wait while the installation wizard searches for the correct drivers. The next window that opens cautions you that although this software has not passed Windows logo testing, this driver has already been tested and shown that it can support the Windows operating system. Click **Continue Anyway** to proceed.
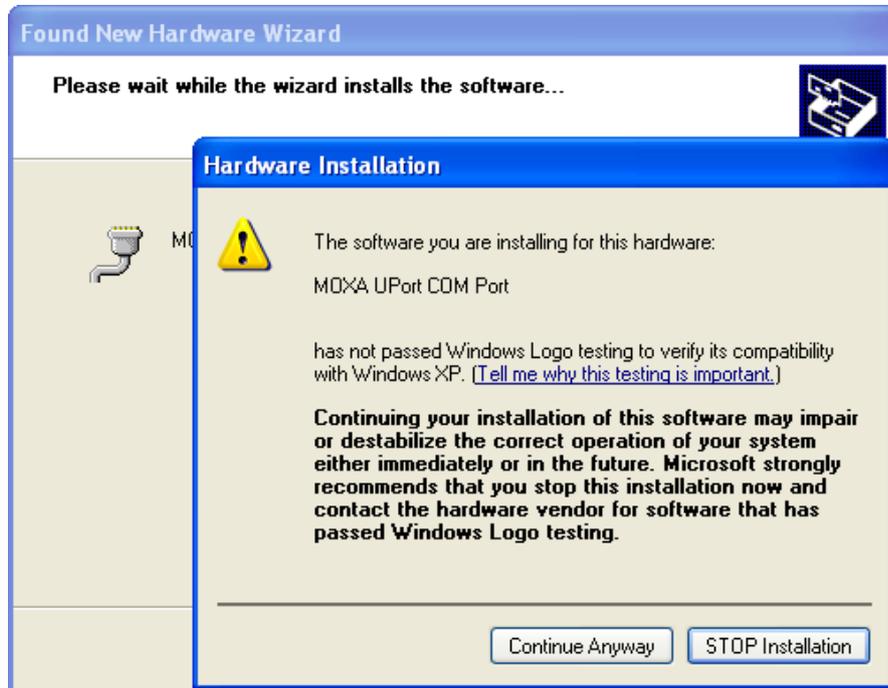
4. Wait while the driver software is installed.
5. After all files have been copied to the system, the **Completing the Found New Hardware Wizard** window will open to indicate that it has finished installing driver. Click **Finish** to proceed with the rest of the installation.
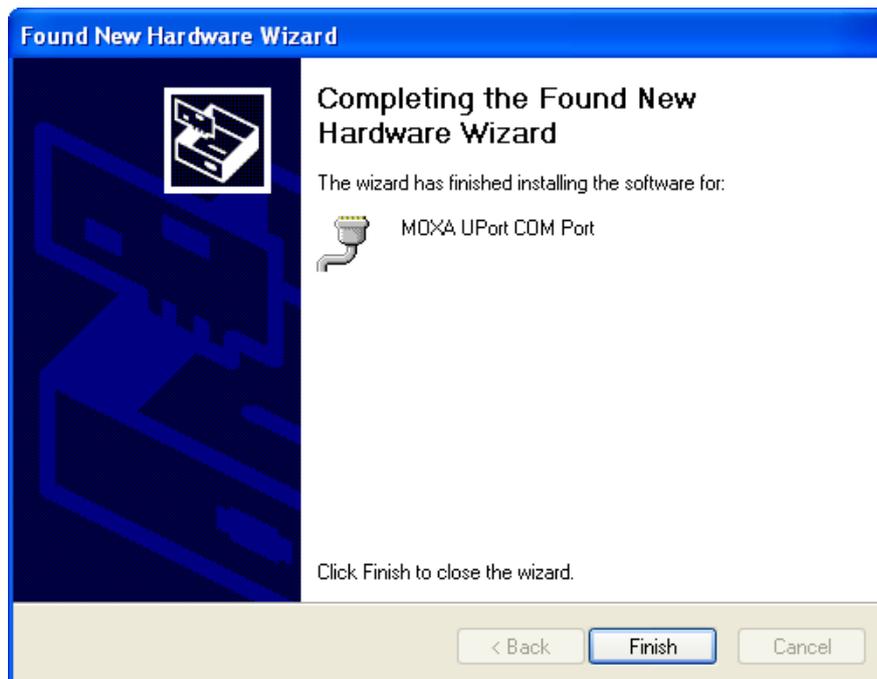
6. Repeat Step 1 through Step 5 for each of the remaining ports (once for the UPort 1200 series, 3 times for the UPort 1400 series, 7 times for the UPort 1600-8 series, 15 times for the UPort 1600-16 series).

7. The **Found New Hardware** balloon will reappear to inform you that the hardware was installed successfully.

8. Open Windows Device Manager to check that the installation was successful. The UPort USB-to-serial converter should appear under Ports (COM&LPT).
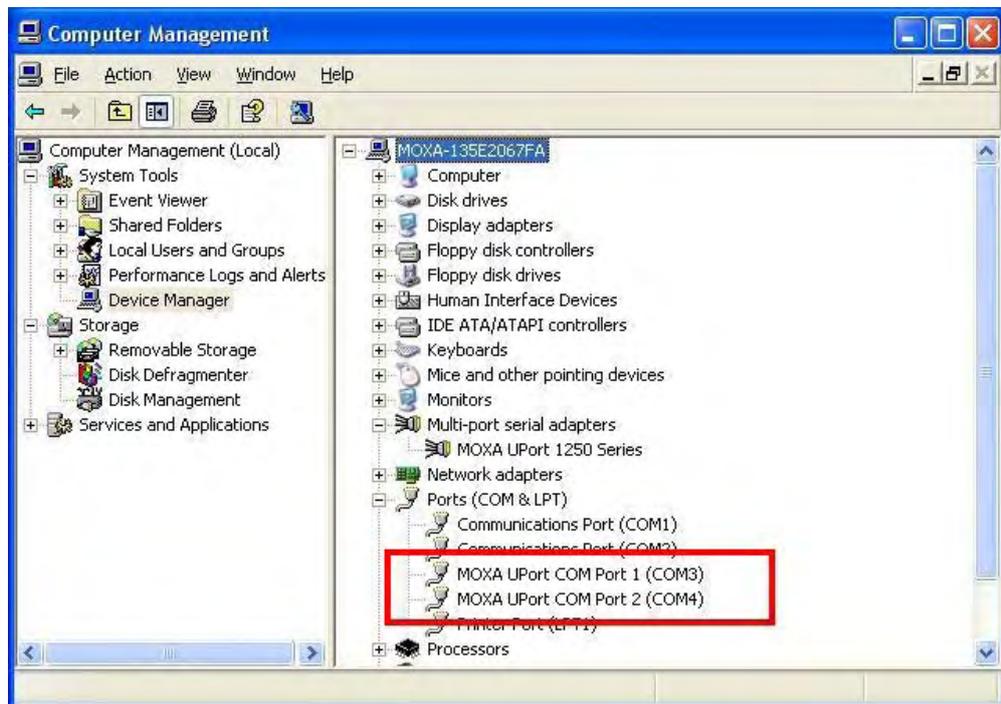
Configuring the Ports

After the driver has been installed, use Windows' **Device Manager** to configure the UPort serial ports.

1. With the **System Properties** window open, click on the **Hardware** tab, and then click on **Device Manager**.

2. Expand the **Multi-port serial adapters** tab, right click **MOXA UPort 1250 Series**, and then click **Properties** to open the UPort's configuration panel.
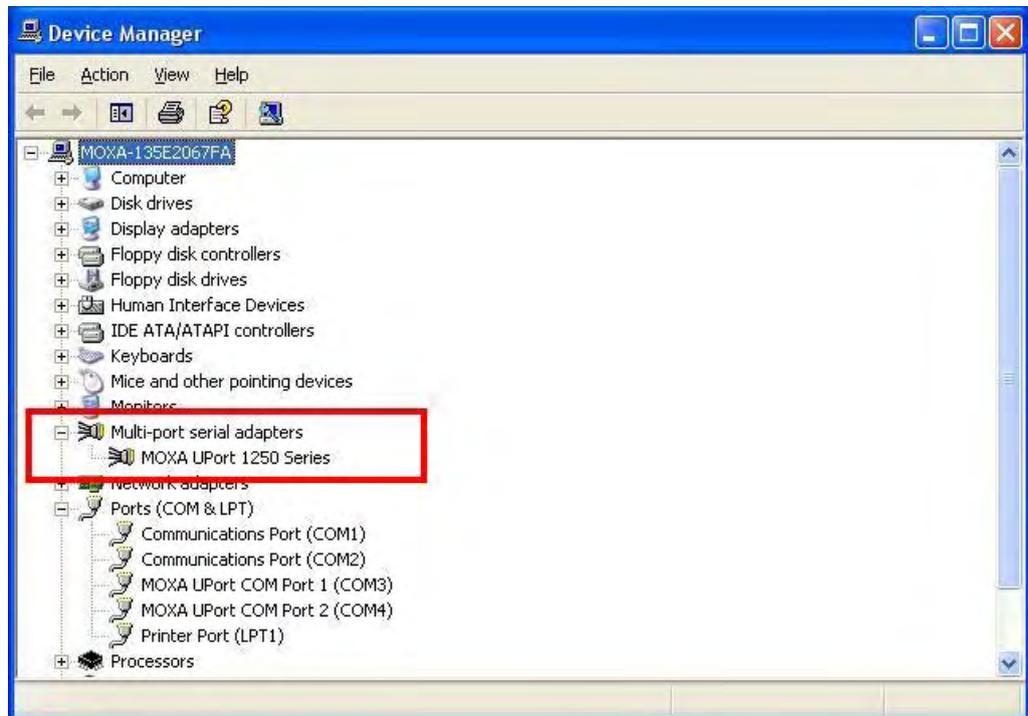
The **Ports Configuration** page settings are described below.
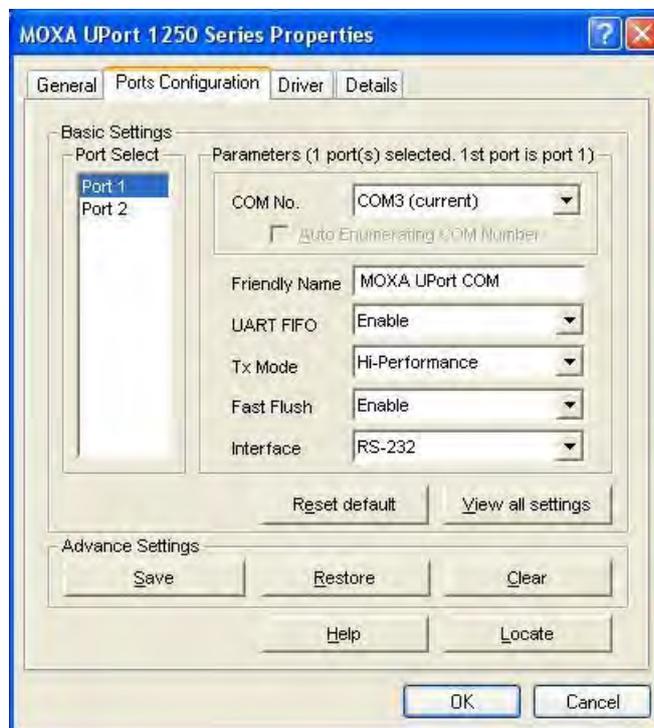
Port Settings

Auto Enumerating COM Number

If the "Auto Enumerating COM Number" checkbox is checked, COM numbers will be assigned automatically and in sequence to the ports. E.g., COM3 to Port 1, COM4 to Port 2, etc.

If you do not enable this check box, only the first COM Number will be changed to new COM number list in the drop-down list box. Enable this function if you want to configure several ports with sequential numbers.

Friendly Name

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
1 to 20 characters (E.g., UPort 1610-8)	Moxa UPort COM	Optional

Use the "Friendly name" to allow easy identification of the serial devices that are connected to the UPort's serial ports.

UART FIFO

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Enable/Disable	Enable	Required

The UPort's serial ports provide a 128-byte FIFO both in the Tx and Rx directions. Disable UART FIFO setting when your serial device does not have a FIFO to prevent data loss during communication. For a slow serial device, we recommend you disable FIFO to improve the latency. If you want to use XON/XOFF flow control, we recommend disabling UART FIFO.

Tx Mode

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Hi-Performance, Classical	Hi-Performance	Required

To improve the write performance, you can select Hi-Performance mode. Under classical mode, the driver will not notify the user's program that Tx is completed until all Tx data has been sent out from the UPort; this mode will cause lower throughput. If you want to ensure that all data is sent out before further processing, classical mode is recommended. Classical mode is the same as the COM Port behavior: The WriteFile() call will only finish when all queued data are sent out.

Fast Flush

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Enable/Disable	Enable	Required

1. For some applications, the user's program will use the Win32 *PurgeComm()* function before it reads or writes data. With our design, after the program uses this *PurgeComm()* function, the UPort driver will keep querying the UPort's firmware several times to make sure that no data is queued in the UPort's firmware buffer, rather than just flushing the local buffer. This kind of design is used because of some special considerations. However, it might take more time (about several hundred milliseconds) than a native COM1, because it needs to work over Ethernet. This is why the native COM ports on the motherboard can work fast with this function call, but the UPort requires much more time.

2. To begin with, make sure there are some *PurgeComm()* functions being used in your application program. In this kind of situation, you might find that your UPort exhibits a much poorer operation performance than when using the native COM1 port. Once you have enabled the *Fast Flush* function, you can check to see if there has been an improvement in performance.

3. By default, the optional *Fast Flush* function is enabled, which allows the UPort driver to work faster when using the *PurgeComm()* function.

4. Win32 function *PurgeComm()* with PURGE_TXCLEAR will clear all queued Tx data. But for some applications, it will call this function for each transaction and result in low throughput. To avoid this, you can enable this function. The driver will only clear the data queued in the local buffer; it will not send firmware through the USB port to clear the data queued in the firmware buffer.

Interface

UPort 1410, 1610-8, 1610-16

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
RS-232	RS-232	Required

UPort 1250, 1250I, 1450, 1450I, 1650-8, 1650-16

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
RS-232, RS-422, 4-wire RS-485, 2-wire RS-485	RS-232	Required

Reset default

If you click the **Reset default** button, all the settings will return to Factory default settings:

COM Number: <Assign available COM number automatically>
Tx Mode: Hi-Performance
UART FIFO: Enable
Fast Flush: Enable
Interface: RS-232

View All Settings

You can preview all ports settings with this function.
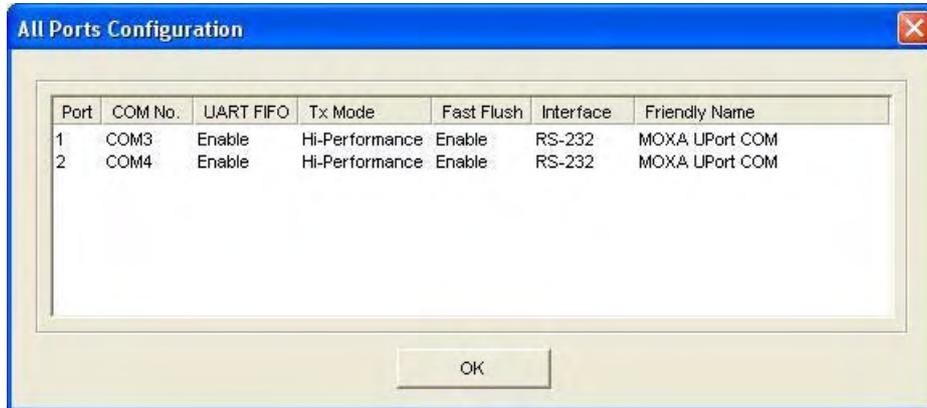
Advanced Settings

Serial transmission applications use names such as COM3 and COM4 to identify COM ports. Unfortunately, most USB-to-serial products are unable to use fixed COM names on the host PC. This means the names of the COM ports change when the USB-to-serial device is plugged into a different USB port, either on the same or a different PC, forcing the user to reconfigure the COM names manually from within the application. Moxa's UPort™ 1200/1400/1600 USB-to-serial converters have two advanced features that allow them to use fixed COM names when the user enables the COM port.

With Moxa's COM Preserver™ function or fixed-base COM mode, the COM names remain on the UPort™ device. Moreover, the COM Preserver™ function can even create the same COM port names on a different host PC. With this feature, you do not need to modify application programs, or rebuild the entire project every time you install a new operating system or upgrade the computer. Don't worry about moving the UPort™ from one USB hub to another, or even from one computer to another.

COM Preserver – Driver Setting Management

UPort provides one special function to help you manage the UPort settings. In the general case, you need write down all the settings including COM number to prevent them from being lost. In some applications, to clone multiple systems you also need to worry about how to clone the COM Port settings. Using the UPort *COM Preserver* function, you just need to save all the settings into UPort device directly– just like a USB Mass Storage device. You do not need to record it using additional paper or disk. If your host crashes, you can just install the driver into new host, plug the original UPort and click the **Restore** button to restore all settings back very quickly.

NOTE   If you want to use these settings in another PC, be sure the PC has a free COM port available. Otherwise, the new settings will copy over the settings of a COM port that is already in use.

Save
Save all settings to the UPort.

Restore
Read all UPort settings as new settings. Click **OK** to activate.

Clear
Clear the UPort settings stored in the UPort. This operation is similar to resetting all settings to their factory defaults.
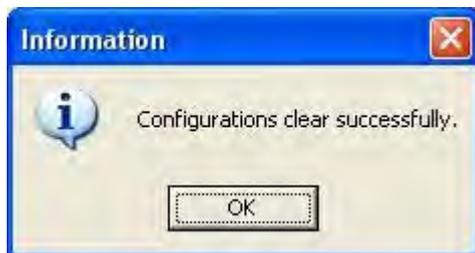
The following settings will be saved to the UPort if you select **Save**:
COM number, Friendly Name, Transmission Mode, FIFO settings, Fast Flush settings, and Interface.

Help

Clicking **Help** will open the online help for the UPort.

Locate

Use this function to identify the UPort's location, especially when two or more UPorts are installed in the same computer. This function will ask the UPort to flash the ready LED and turn on the Buzzer until you stop it.

Fixed-base COM

Moxa's UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series Utility gives users a convenient tool for configuring and maintaining products from the UPort series. In this section, we introduce the "Fixed-base COM Mode" function that enables user to set COM names on the host PC. We use the UPort 1250 as an example.

Enable Fixed-base COM Mode

Moxa's UPort 1200/1400/1600 series provides a unique fixed-base COM function that allows users to set a specific initial COM port number. Regardless of which UPort is plugged into the host, the COM port numbers for the UPort's serial ports will be numbered sequentially starting with the initial COM port number. The default setting is disabling Fixed-base COM Mode. To use "Fixed-base COM Mode," be sure to check the "Enable Fixed-base COM Mode" check box.
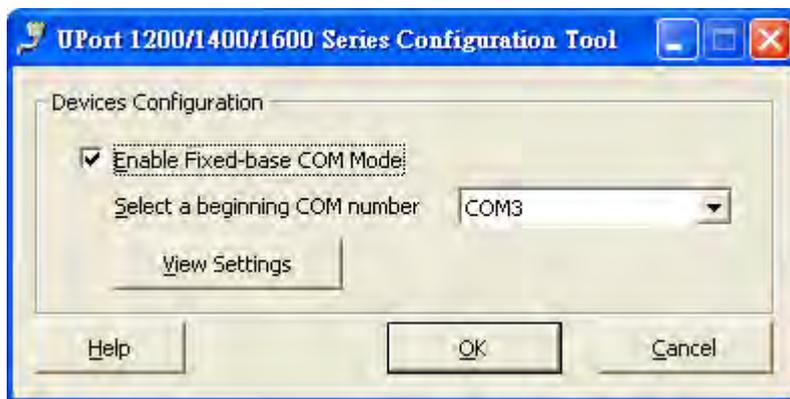
"Fixed-base COM Mode" allows users to specify which COM number will be assigned first. In addition, COM numbers are assigned sequentially, and are not tied to specific UPort converters. For example, assume that you have set COM10 as the first COM number that will be assigned. If UPort D1 is plugged into your computer first, your computer will assign COM10 and COM11 to the UPort's serial ports. When UPort D2 is plugged in, the computer will assign COM numbers COM12 and COM13.
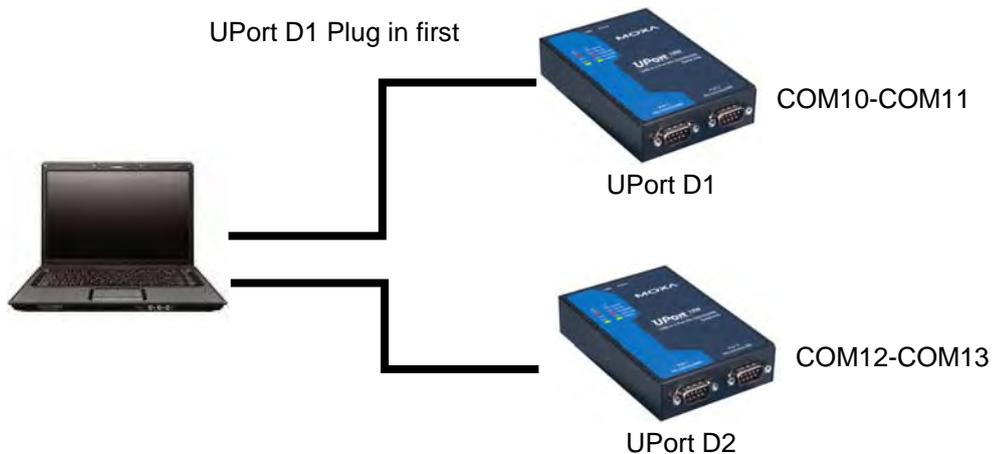
If both UPorts are unplugged from the computer, and then UPort D2 is plugged back in, the computer will now assign COM10 and COM11 to the UPort's serial ports. When UPort D1 is plugged back in, COM numbers COM12 and COM13 will be assigned the UPort's serial ports.
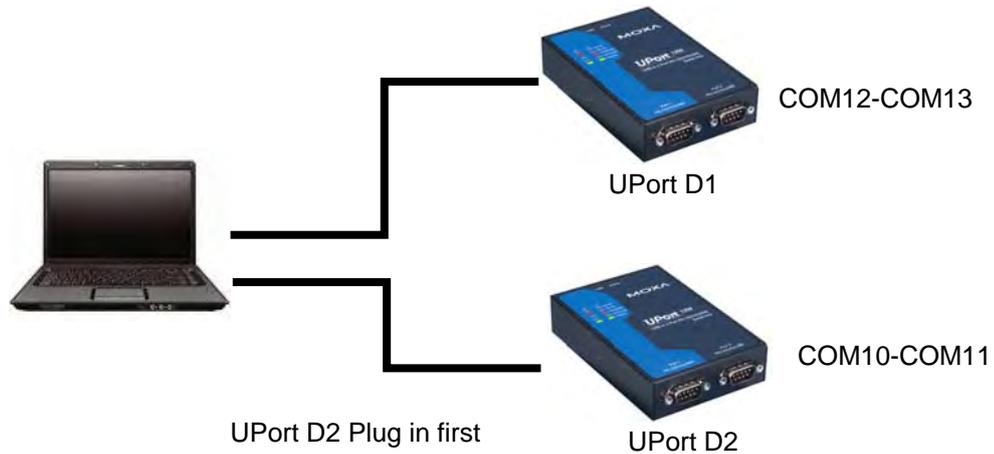
When "Fixed-base COM Mode" is enabled for the first time, all COM port numbers and serial port parameters will be reset to their default values. You can then set the COM numbers and configuration parameters to the values needed for your application.

For example, let's assume that before you enable "Fixed-base COM Mode" you set the parameters of the UPort 1250 as follows:
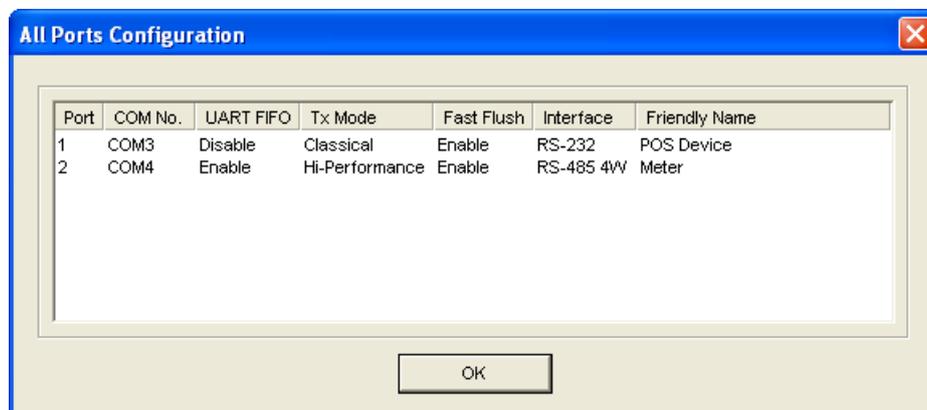
If you enable "Fixed-base COM Mode," all parameters will be reset to their default values:

All Ports Configuration

Port	COM No.	UART FIFO	Tx Mode	Fast Flush	Interface	Friendly Name
1	COM10	Enable	Hi-Performance	Enable	RS-232	MOXA UPort COM
2	COM11	Enable	Hi-Performance	Enable	RS-232	MOXA UPort COM

OK
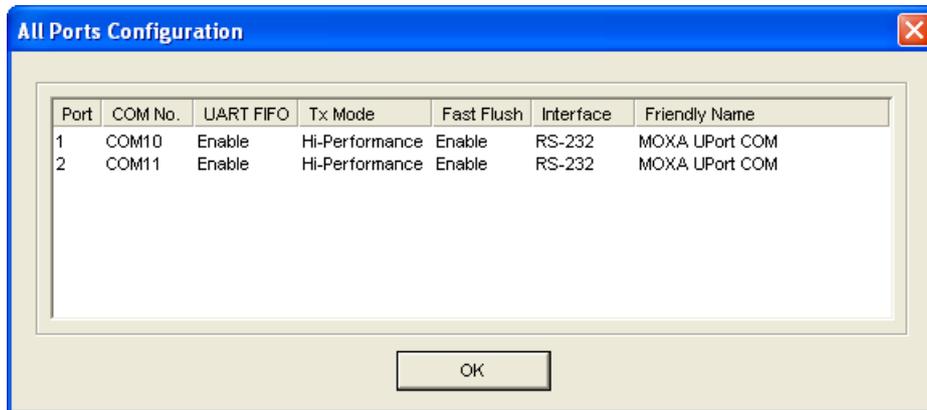
At this point you can set serial parameters to the values needed for your application.

All Ports Configuration

Port	COM No.	UART FIFO	Tx Mode	Fast Flush	Interface	Friendly Name
1	COM10	Enable	Hi-Performance	Enable	RS-232	POS Device 2
2	COM11	Enable	Classical	Enable	RS-485 2W	Meter 2

OK
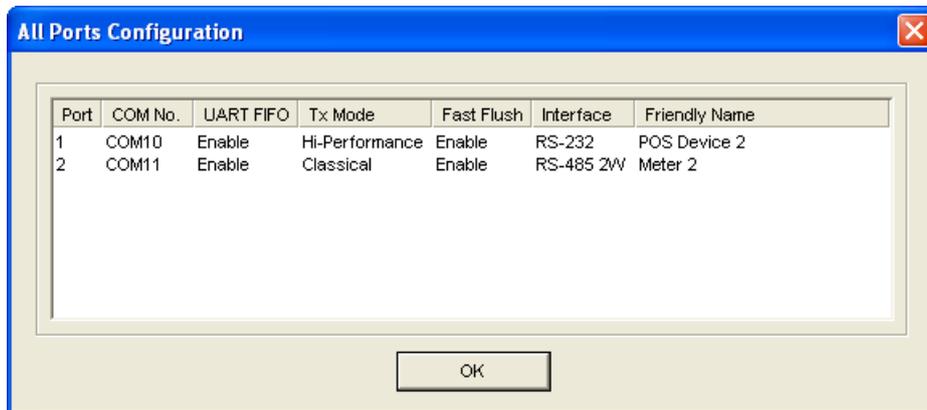
If you subsequently disable "Fixed-base COM Mode," all parameters will be restored to the original settings:

All Ports Configuration

Port	COM No.	UART FIFO	Tx Mode	Fast Flush	Interface	Friendly Name
1	COM3	Disable	Classical	Enable	RS-232	POS Device
2	COM4	Enable	Hi-Performance	Enable	RS-485 4W	Meter

OK
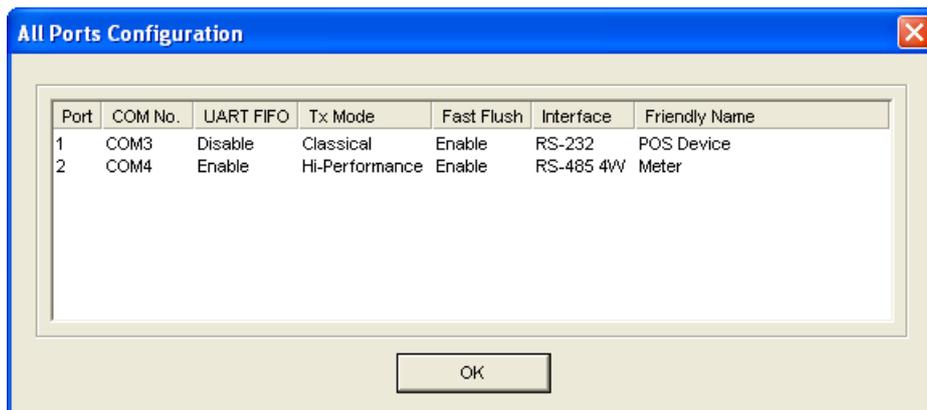
Uninstalling the UPort

If you want to remove the UPort, you just need to remove the device from **Device Manager**. The UPort driver will still stay alive enabling other UPort devices to keep working.

1. To uninstall the UPort, click **Start → Settings → Control Panel → System**, select the **Hardware** tab, and then click **Device Manager**.

2. Expand the **Multi-port serial adapters** tab, right click **MOXA UPort 1250 Series**, and then click **Uninstall** to uninstall this UPort. A window will pop up to confirm that you want to remove this UPort.
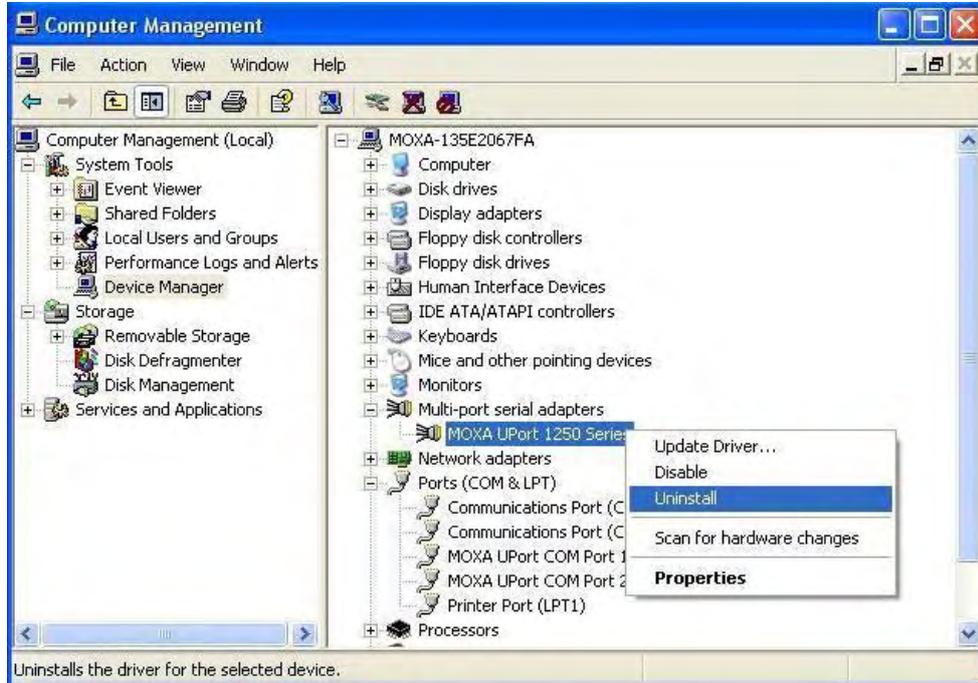
3. Click **OK** to continue uninstalling the UPort. The UPort will be removed from the list of **Multi-port serial adapters**.

Uninstalling the Driver

1. To uninstall the driver, open the Control window, and click **Add/Remove Programs**.
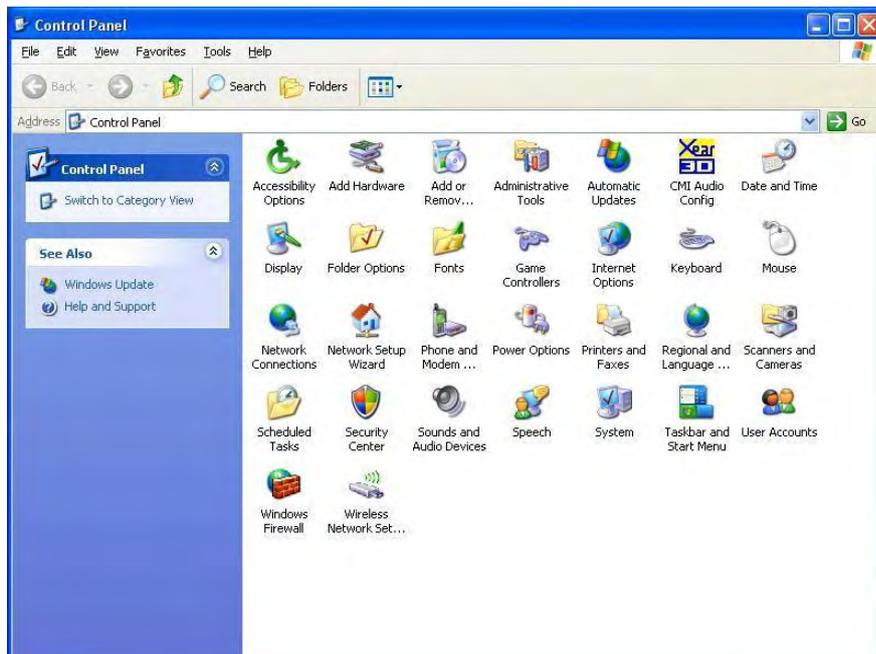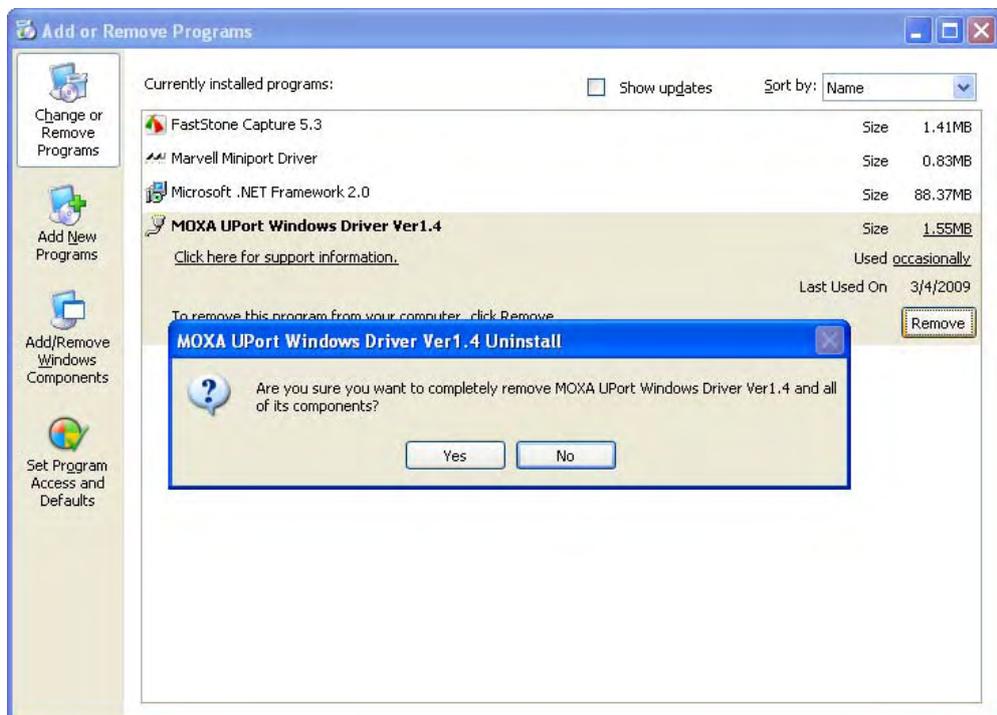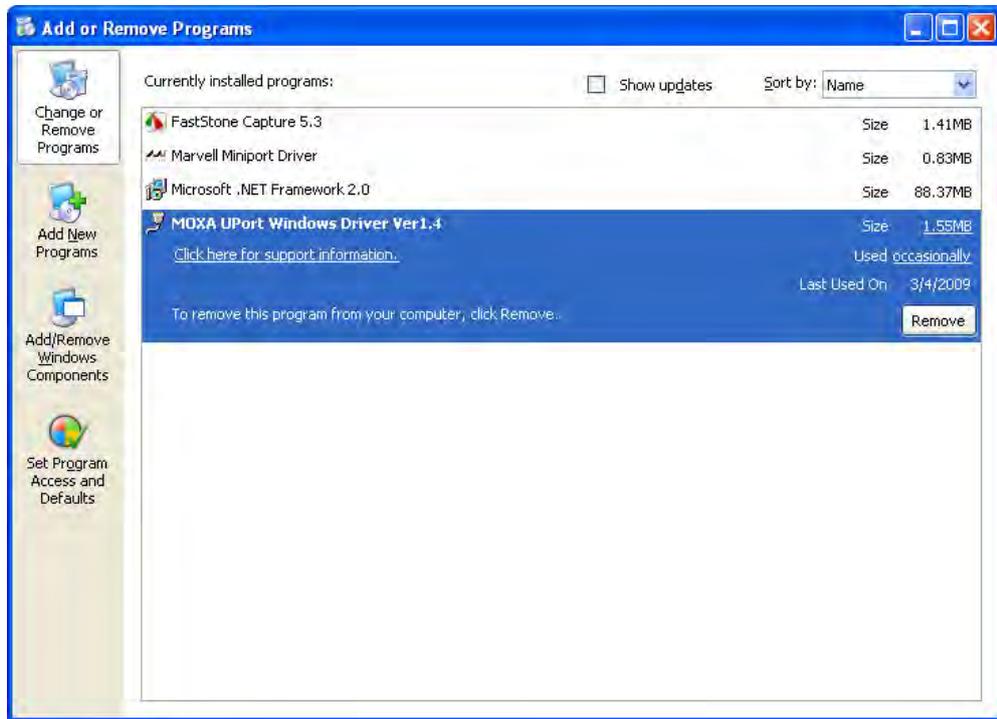
3. Click **OK** to proceed with the un-installation procedure.

Installing the Windows CE Driver

In this section, we introduce installation procedures for the Windows CE 5.0 and Windows CE 6.0 drivers. Both Win CE 5.0 and Win CE 6.0 need the Win CE platform builder for installation. The only difference is that Win CE 6.0 also requires Visual Studio 2005. Win CE 6.0 platform builder has tools necessary for you to design, create, build, test, and debug Windows CE. Visual Studio 2005 and Win CE 6.0 Builder provide a workspace where you can work on both OS designs and projects to build your own embedded system.

Win CE 6.0 installation requires both Visual Studio 2005 and Win CE 6.0 Builder. When installing Visual Studio 2005, you can select your preferred language with .NET Framework SDK or use the "default".

After completing installation for Visual Studio 2005, run Win CE 6.0 Builder "setup.exe" to install and download the files.

You will need to select "**x86**" for the CE 6.0 operating system.

This process will may take a couple of hours and the folder size is around 3 GB.

Installation with an installation package for Win CE 6.0

Installation procedure

Copy the UPort 1200/1400/1600 WinCE 6.0 driver package onto your computer and extract. Double click on the installation package and it will automatically copy the **Mxser** folder to C:\MOXAUPORT\wince600\Uport.

Step 1: Launch Visual Studio 2005 with Platform Builder WinCE6.0. Open the OSDesign that you want to install.

In Visual Studio 2005, click **File → New → Project**, and select "Platform Builder for CE 6.0". Select "OS Design" for the template then click **OK**.
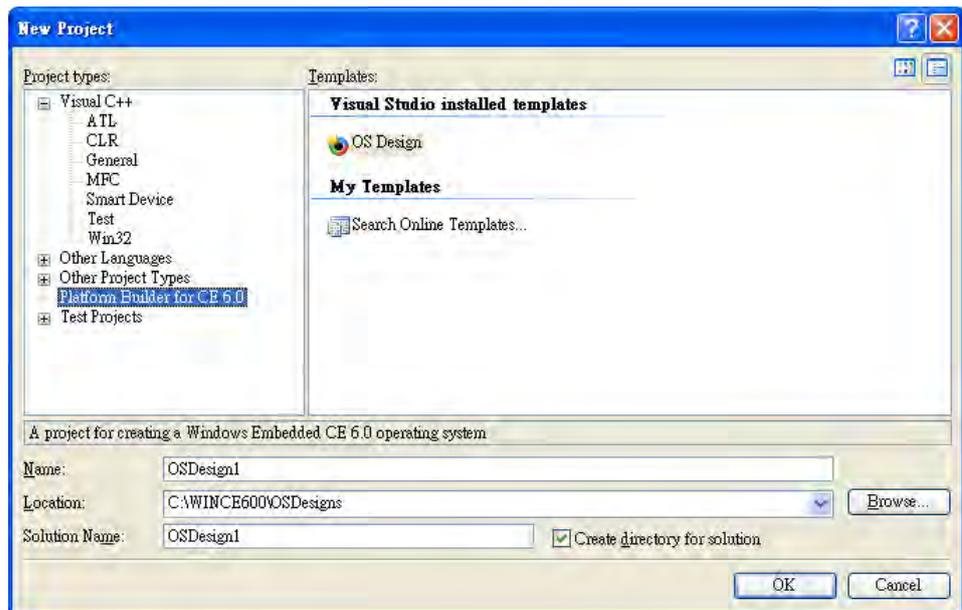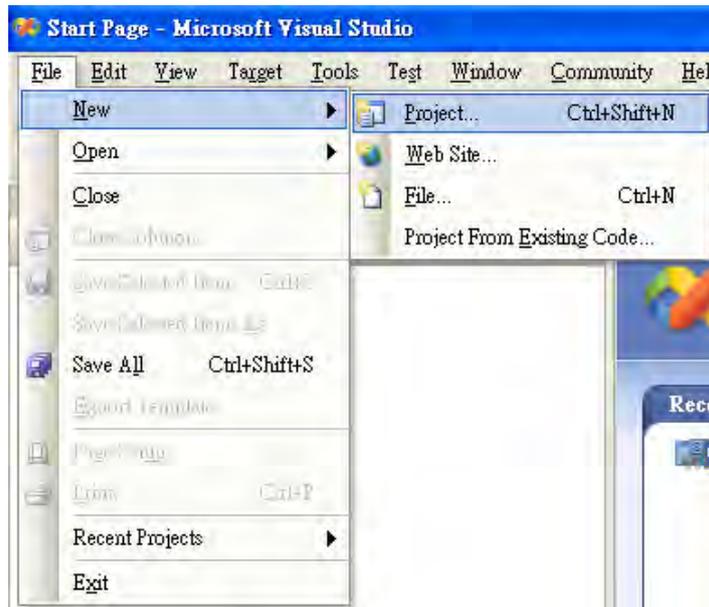
Step 2:   When the CE 6.0 OS Design Wizard starts, select **CEPC: x86** for Board Support Packages.
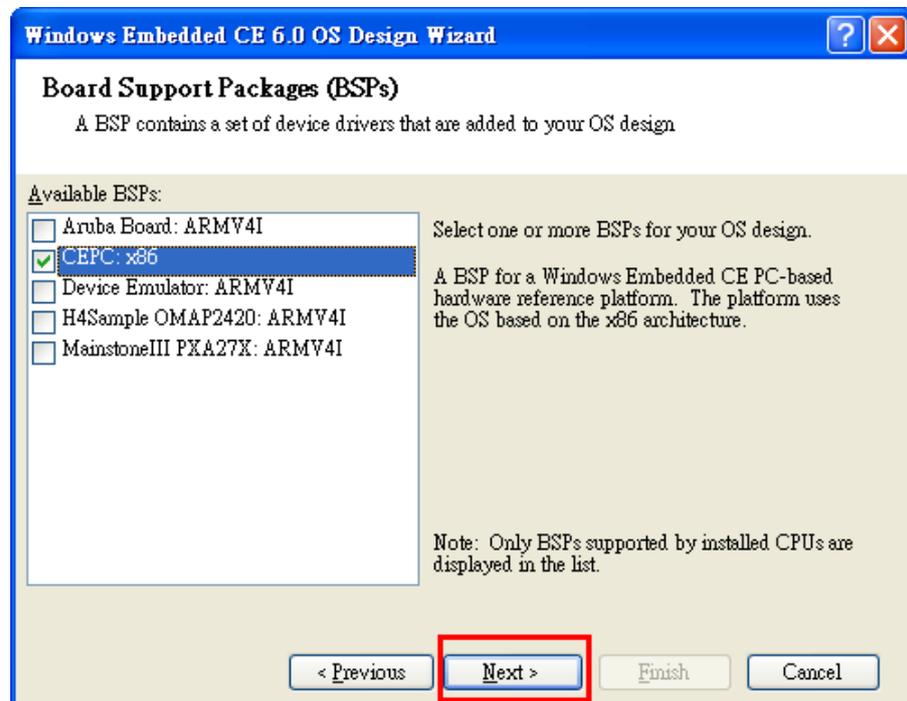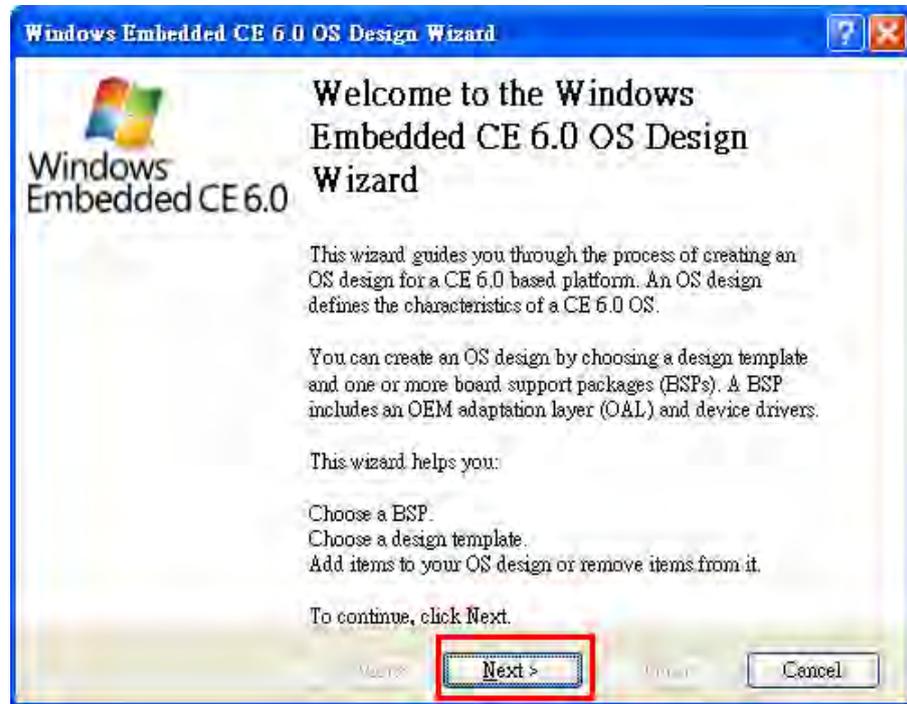
Step 3:   Under **Design Templates** and **Design Template Variants**, select your environment, such as **PDA Device** or **Mobile Handheld**, and then click **Next**. In **Application & Media** and **Networking & Communication**, also select your environment, such as .NET Compact Framework 2.0, ActiveSync, Quarter VGA Resources-Portrait Mode, or TCP/IPv6 Support.
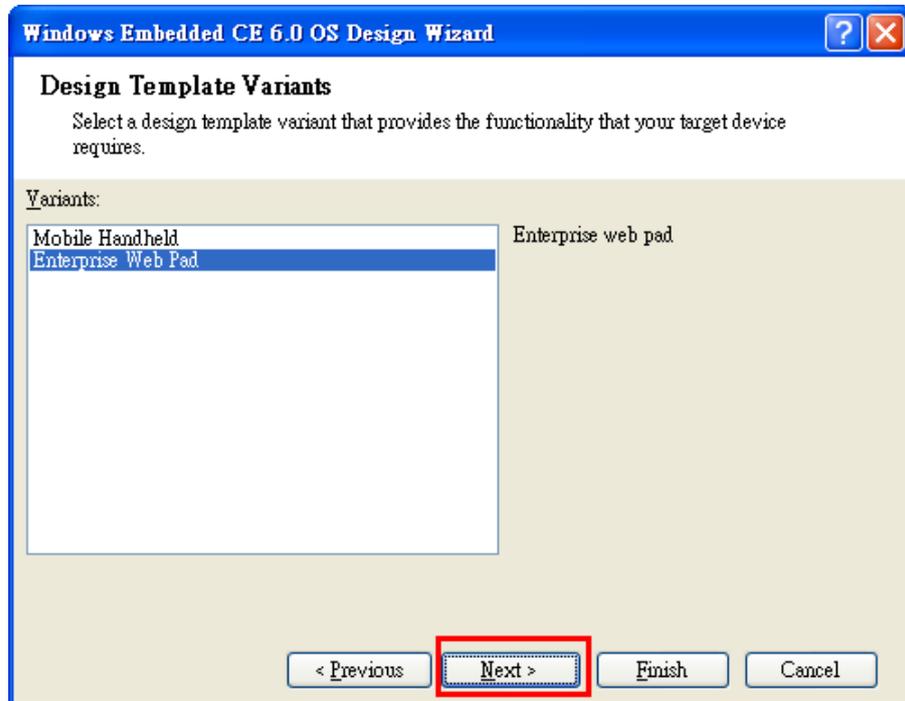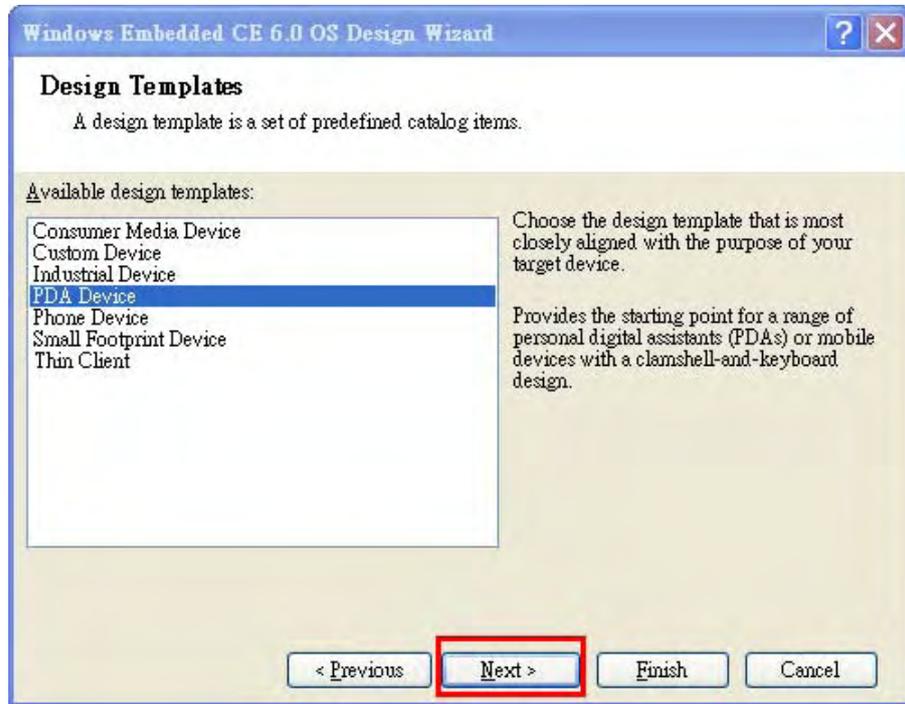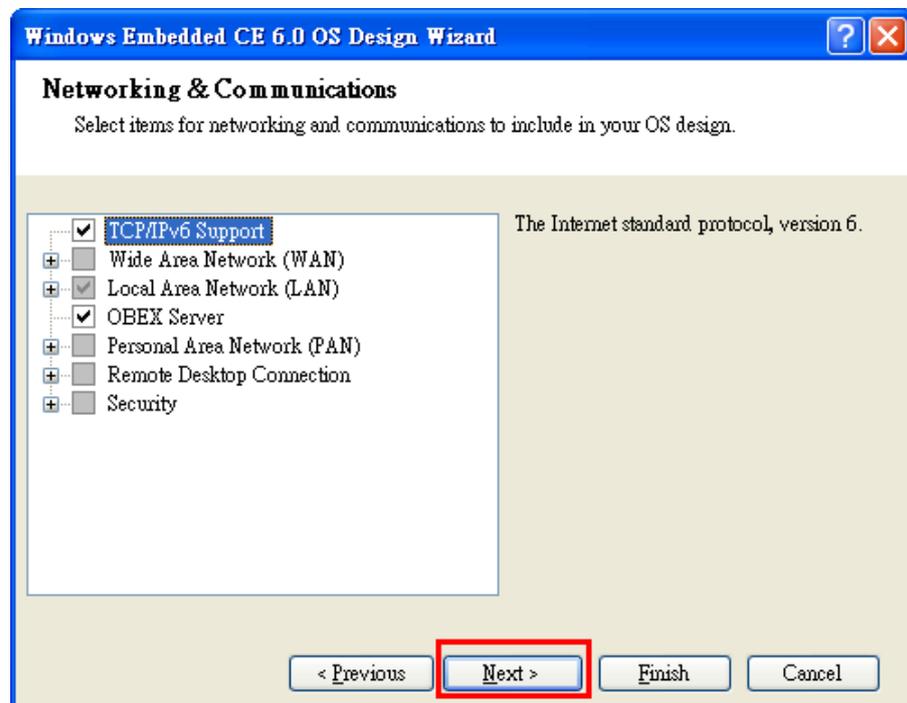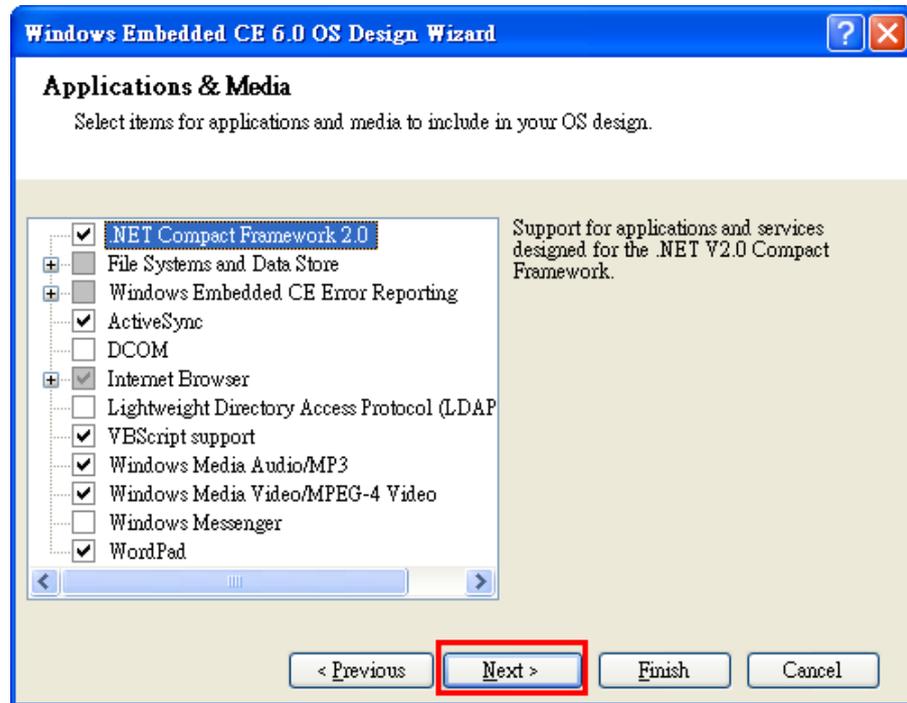
Step 4:   When the **OS Design Project Wizard Complete** screen appears, click **Finish**. The
notification will pop up. Click "**Acknowledge**" to finish the project.
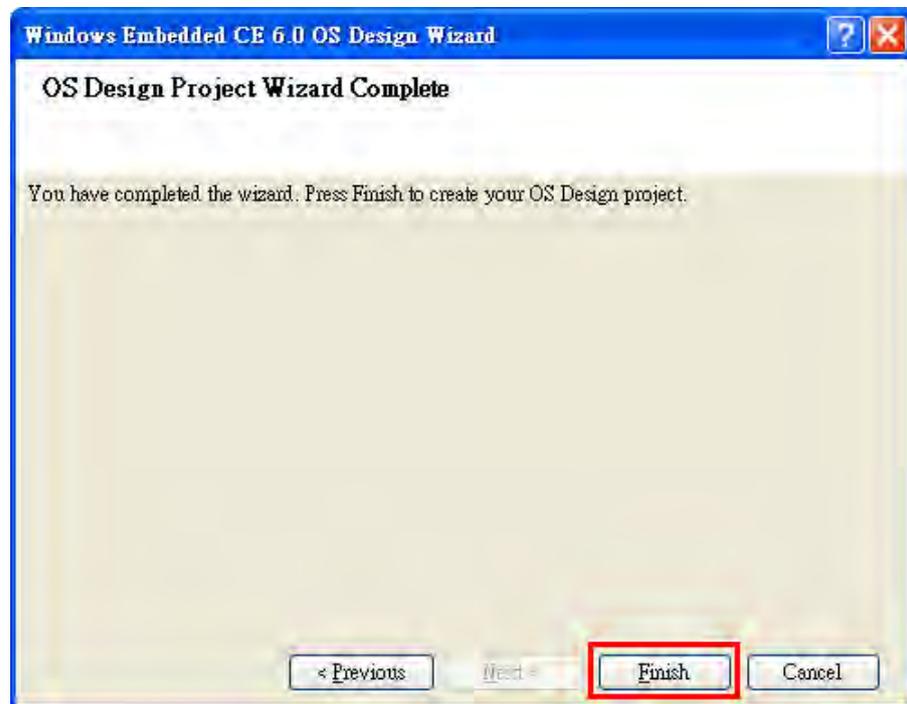
Step 5: Open the project you created. Click **Project** on top of the screen, and then select **Add Existing Subproject**. Switch the folder to **"C:\MOXAUPORT\wince600\Uport"** and add subprojects into your OS Design. Assign the pbpxml file to a different folder (i.e.mxupce6.pbpxml).
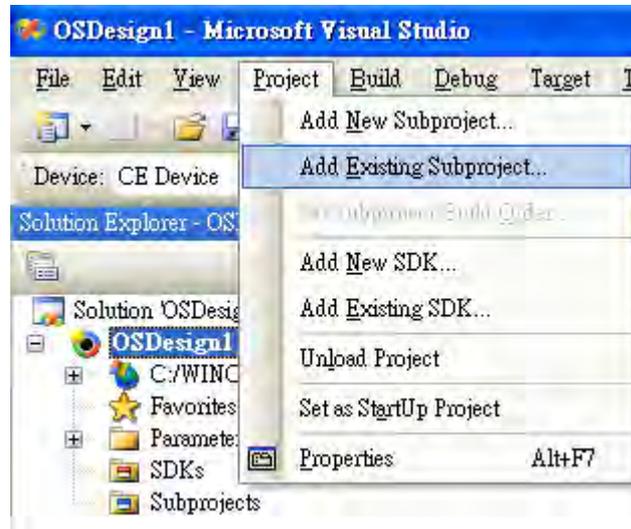
Step 6: After the subproject is added, you may configure the "**mxupce6.reg**" registry file with the location
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\USB\ClientDrivers\MXU_PORT].
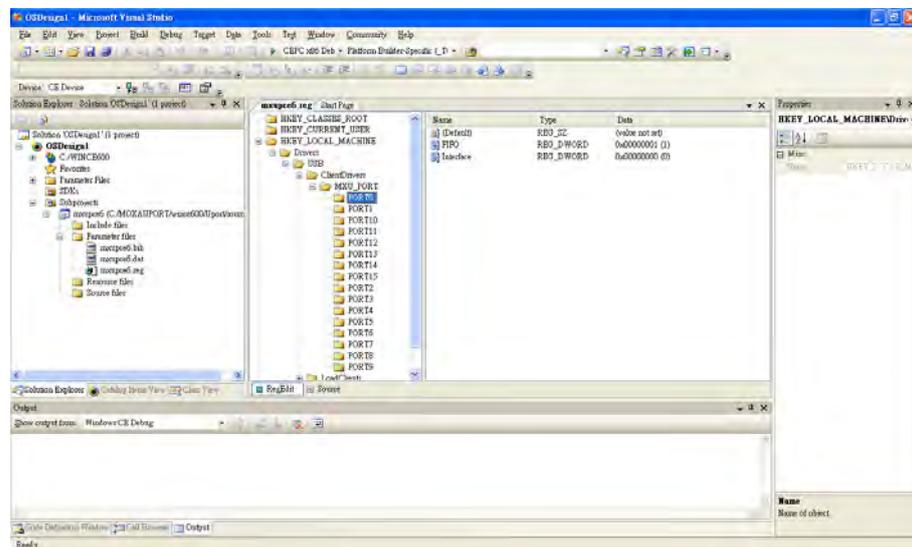
Step 7: Open "**Build**", select "**Advanced Build Commands**" and "**Build Sysgen**". This operation will take you a few minutes.
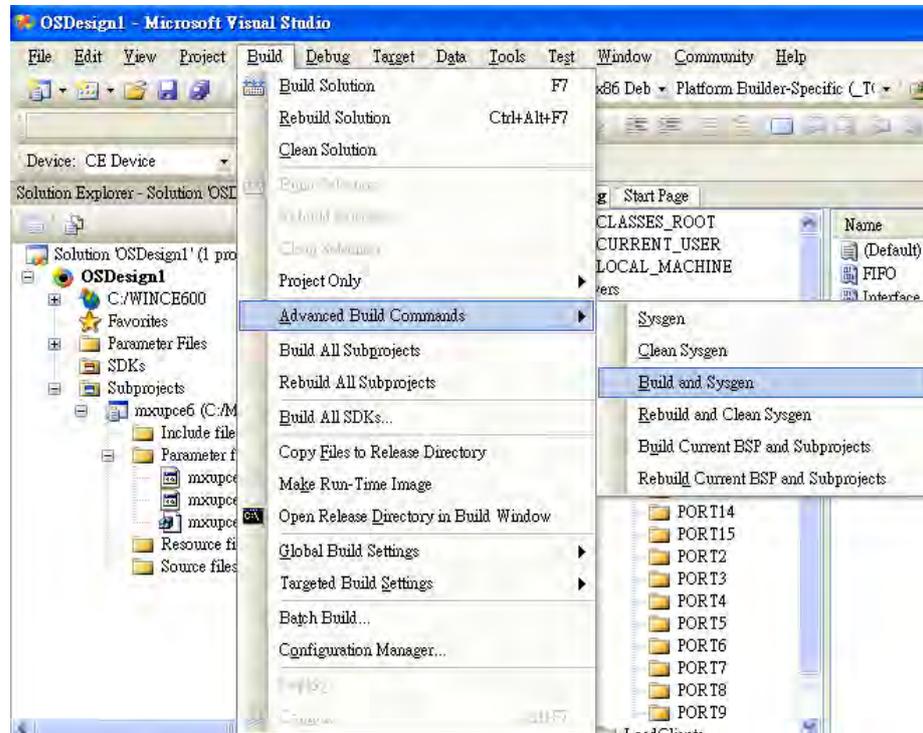
Step 8: After building sysgen, select "**Build**" and "**Make Run-Time Image**" to create the WinCE OS image. Finally, copy your image file to the target Host.
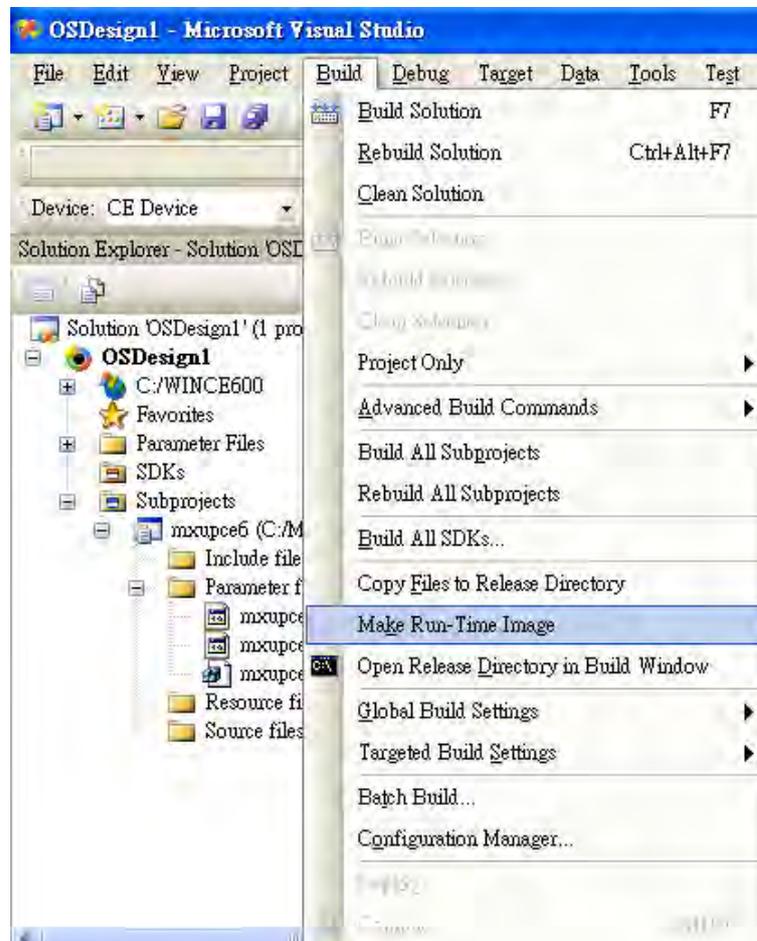
Step 9: Configure the interface on the target device using the configuration tool found in "**Start → Programs → MOXA UP Configuration Panel\UPort Configuration Utility**".

Installation with an installation package for Win CE 5.0

In this section, we describe how to install the Moxa Win CE 5.0 Driver on a Windows CE 5.0 operating system.

Step 1: Obtain a copy of the UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series WinCE 5.0 driver package and extract it to your computer. Double click the installation package and it will automatically copy the UPort folder to "**\WINCE500\PLATFORM**" (e.g., C:\WINCE500\PLATFORM\UPort) and import the UPort 1200/1400/1600 WinCE 5.0 driver into the "Catalog".

Step 2: Open your workspace in Platform Builder, and then open "Manage Catalog Items" (**View → Catalog**). You will find the UPort 1200/1400/1600 WinCE 5.0 driver in the "Third Party" folder.
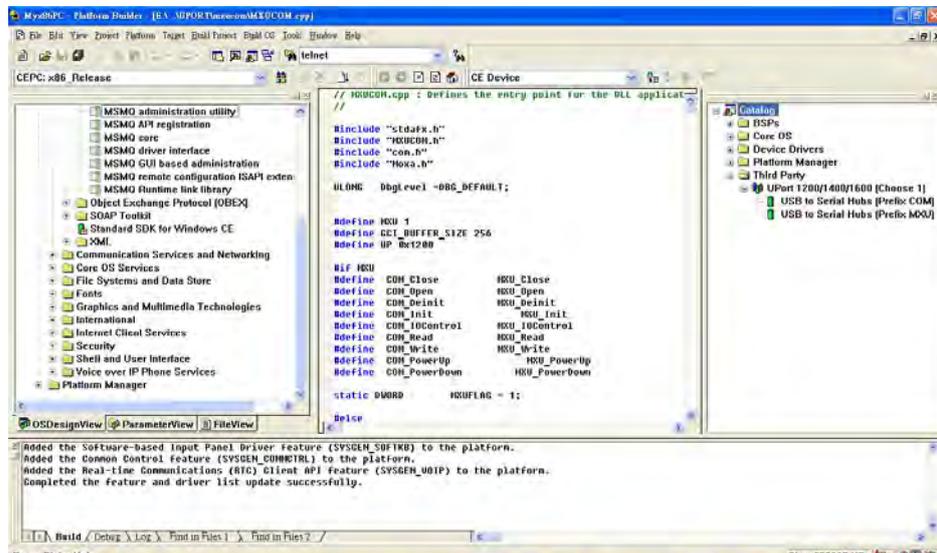
Step 3: Right-click on the driver "USB to Serial Adaptors (Prefix COM)" or "USB to Serial Adaptors (Prefix MXU)" and then choose "Add to OS Design." After adding the driver, you will be able to find it in your workspace, after which you can start to build your OS and download it into a target.

Step 4: Interface configuration. On the target device, configuration tool will be found in
           "Start→Programs→MOXA UP Configuration Panel\UPort Configuration Utility".
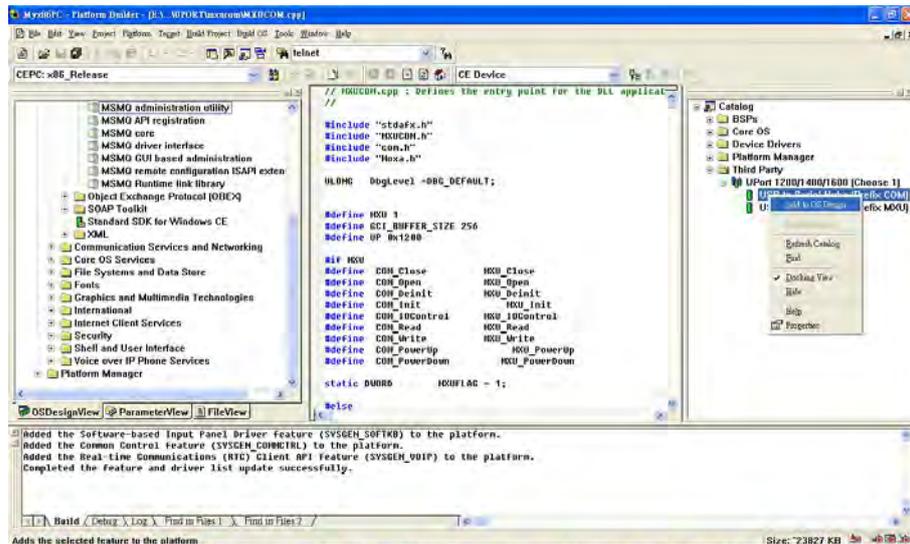
Removing the Moxa Win CE 5.0/ CE6.0 Driver

For Win CE 6.0 Driver:

Step 1: Select the driver to remove.
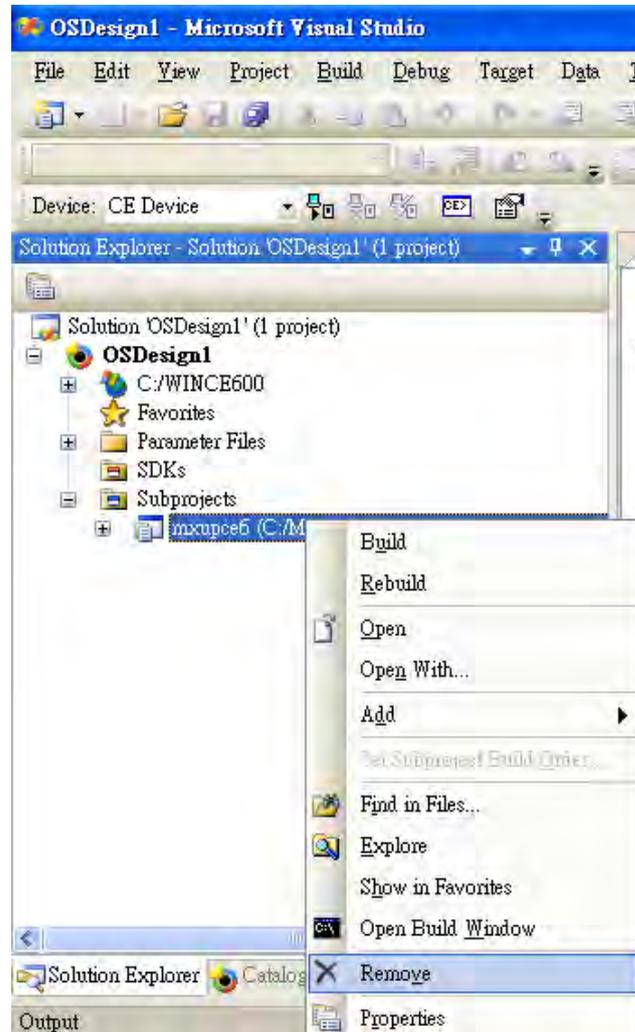
Step 2: Switch the folder to **C:\ MOXAUPORT \ and double click "unins000.exe"** to remove the installation folder.

For Win CE 5.0 Driver:

Step 1: In the "OSDesign_View", delete "USB to Serial Adaptors (Prefix XXX)".

Step 2: Remove the driver from Control Panel.

Step 3: Checkmark "clean before building".

Step 4: Use "build and sysgen" to rebuild the image.

Installation with a CAB File

Install the UPort 1200/1400/1600 series Win CE driver onto the target host.

Step 1: If you do not have ActiveSync, install Microsoft ActiveSync in the source PC. Before running ActiveSync, use an RS-232 null modem cable to connect the WinCE Device (CEPC) and the PC.

Step 2: Execute the command **repllog** from the WinCE device's command prompt. When the **New Partnership** window appears, select **No** and then click **Next** to connect through ActiveSync.
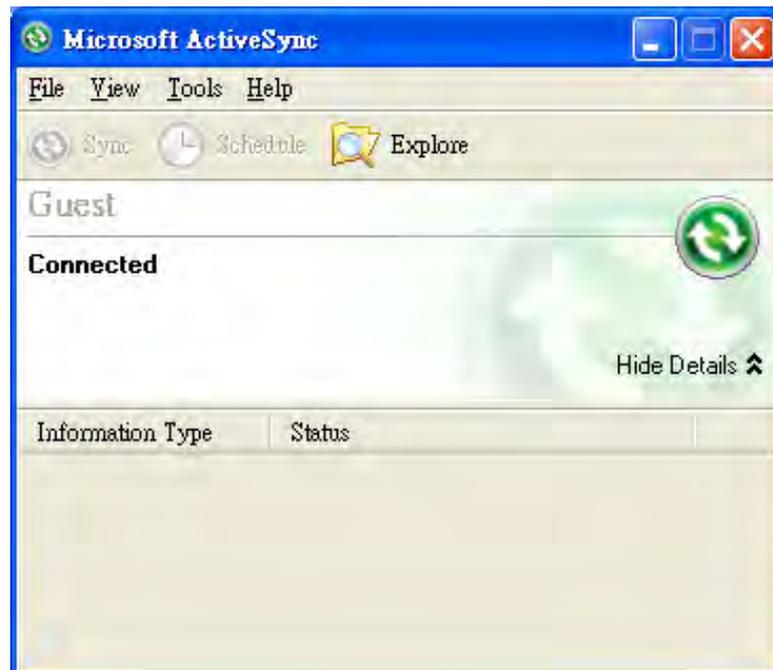
Step 3: Click on the "**Explore**" button in the ActiveSync window, and then copy the UPort_COM_v1.0_Setup.cab (Win CE 6.0) or UPort_COM_v1.1_Setup.cab (Win CE 5.0) file to the "Mobile/Target Device".
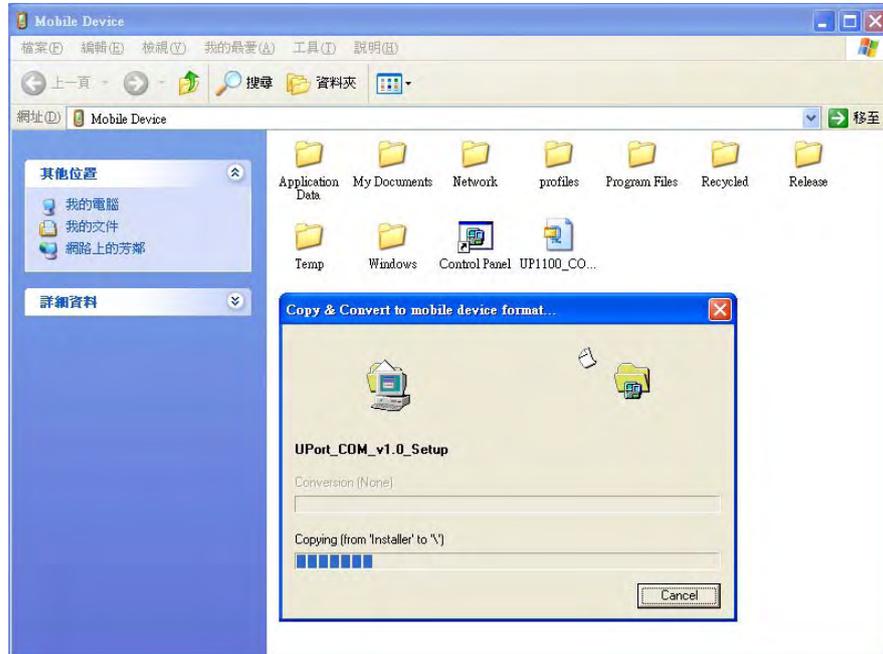
Step 4: Double click on the CAB file (UPort_COM_v1.0_Setup.cab (Win CE 6.0) or UPort_COM_v1.1_Setup.cab (Win CE 5.0)) to start installing the UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series WinCE driver. After installing the driver, plug the UPort 1200/1400/1600 Series USB Serial device into the WinCE device's USB port. The driver will be loaded automatically, after which the UPort 1200/1400/1600 will be ready to use.

Removing the Moxa Win CE 5.0/ CE6.0 Driver

Step 1: Enter **Control Panel → Remove Programs**.

Step 2: Select MOXA UPort 1200/1400/1600 Windows CE6 Driver Ver1.0 (For Win CE 6.0) or MOXA UPort 1200/1400/1600 Windows CE5 Driver Ver1.1 (For Win CE 5.0)

Step 3: Click **Remove**.

Installing the Linux Driver

Linux Kernel 2.6.x

The Linux driver provided with the UPort 1200/1400/1600 maps Linux host ttyMXUSBxx ports to UPort device ports. Once the mapping has been set up, Linux users and applications can connect to a device port as if it were a ttyMXUSBxx port. These drivers have been designed and tested for the majority of Linux distributions, including Linux kernel version 2.6.x. Please check Moxa's website (http://www.moxa.com) for the latest Linux kernel support.

The Linux drivers support the following models:

2-port UPort Models

- UPort 1250:   2-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter
- UPort 1250I: 2-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter with isolation

4-port UPort Models

- UPort 1410:   4-port RS-232 USB-to-serial converter
- UPort 1450:   4-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter
- UPort 1450I: 4-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter with isolation

8-port UPort Models

- UPort 1610-8:   8-port RS-232 USB-to-serial converter
- UPort 1650-8:   8-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter

16-port UPort Models

- UPort 1610-16:   16-port RS-232 USB-to-serial converter
- UPort 1650-16:   16-port RS-232/422/485 USB-to-serial converter

Driver Files

First obtain the Linux driver file **driv_linux2.6_uport_v1.0_build_xxx.tgz** from the Document and Software CD, or from Moxa's website at http://www.moxa.com. Save the driver file to a specific directory, such as **/moxa**, and then execute the commands listed below. In this example, we use the Ver. 1.0 driver file name: **driv_linux2.6_uport_v1.0_build_xxx.tgz**.

 # cd /
 # mkdir moxa
 # cd /moxa
 # cp /dev/fd0/driv_linux2.6_uport_v1.0_build_xxx.tgz .
 # tar xvfz driv_linux2.6_uport_v1.0_build_xxx.tgz

or

 # cd /
 # mkdir moxa
 # cd /moxa
 # cp /mnt/cdrom/<driver dir>/driv_linux2.6_uport_v1.0_build_xxx.tgz .
 # tar xvfz driv_linux2.6_uport_v1.0_build_xxx.tgz

Module Driver Configuration

We cover the following topics in this section:

- Building the Moxa Driver
- Installing the Moxa Driver

Building the Moxa Driver

Before using the Moxa driver, you will need to compile all of the source code. This only needs to be done once, unless you modify the source code. If the source code is modified, then you will need to re-compile it.

To compile the source code, change to the **/moxa/mxuport** directory, and then run the **ls** (list) command to check if the **Makefile** file is in the directory. Next, run the "make" command as follows:

 # make

Installing the Moxa Driver

To install the Moxa driver, change to the **/moxa/mxuport** directory, and then run the **ls** (list) command to check if the **Makefile** file is in the directory. Next, run the "make install" command as follows:

 # make install

The driver files "mxuport.ko" and "mxusbserial.ko" will be compiled and copied to system directories.

Loading the Moxa Driver

To load the Moxa driver, change to the **/moxa/mxuport** directory, and then run the **ls** (list) command to check if the **Makefile** file is in the directory. Next, run the "modprobe mxuport" command as follows:

 # modprobe mxuport

After loading the Moxa driver, run the following command to check the Moxa serial port

 # ls /dev/ttyMXUSB*

NOTE: The serial COM port will be ttyMXUSB[nnn], nnn = 0~255.
         For example,ttyMXUSB0,ttyMXUSB1 ...

Unloading the Moxa driver

To unload the Moxa driver, change to the **/moxa/mxuport** directory, and then run the **ls** (list) command to check if the **Makefile** file is in the directory. Next, run the two "rmmod" commands as follows:

 # rmmod mxuport
 # rmmod mxusbserial

Uninstalling the Moxa driver

To uninstall the Moxa driver, change to the **/moxa/mxuport** directory, and then run the **ls** (list) command to check if the **Makefile** file is in the directory. Next, run the two "make remove" command as follows:

 # make remove

Setting the Serial Parameters

After installing the Moxa Linux Driver, you will be able to configure parameters.

1. **Serial Interface:**
    The UPort 1250/1250I/1450/1450I/1650-8/1650-16 supports four interfaces: RS-232, RS-485 2W, RS-485 4W, RS-422. If you want to switch to a different interface, execute the setserial command to set the port's interface. The supported parameters are listed below.

Parameter Value	Interface
0x0	RS-232
0x1	RS-485 2W
0x2	RS-422
0x3	RS-485 4W

    Example:
    (i) The following command sets the interface of "/dev/ttyMXUSB0" to RS-422:
    # setserial /dev/ttyMXUSB0 port 0x2

    (ii) Use the following command to look up the serial settings of the current port:
    # setserial -g /dev/ttyMXUSB0

2. **Serial Baudrate:**
spd_hi	Use 57.6 KB when the application requests 38.4 KB.
spd_vhi	Use 115.2 KB when the application requests 38.4 KB.
spd_shi	Use 230 KB when the application requests 38.4 KB.
spd_warp	Use 460 KB when the application requests 38.4 KB.
spd_normal	Use 38.4 KB when the application requests 38.4 KB.

    Example:
    # setserial /dev/ttyMXUSB0 spd_vhi

Troubleshooting

1. **Compile error**
    Building a Moxa driver requires kernel header files. If you get a compile error, run **rpm -qa | grep kernel** to check if the kernel-source package is installed properly. If not, get the kernel-source irpm package and run **rpm -ivh <pacakge>** to install it. You also need to make sure the build tool is ready by including make/gcc/lib. See Linux related documents for more information.

2. **No such file or directory**
    This problem occurs when a device node is not generated automatically when loading the driver. It usually happens with previous kernel versions, such as versions 2.6.0 to 2.6.5. Therefore, just execute the make node script "upmknod" to generate the device node.

3

Pin Assignment

The UPort 1250/1250I have 2 RS-232/422/485 ports, the UPort 1410 has 4 RS-232 ports, the UPort 1450/1450I have 4 RS-232/422/485 ports, the UPort 1610-8/1610-16 have 8 or 16 RS-232 ports, and the UPort 1650-8/1650-16 has 8/16 RS-232/422/485 ports.

Serial Port Pinouts

DB9 Male RS-232 Port for UPort 1410/1610-8/1610-16
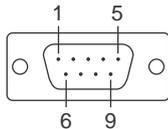
Pin	RS-232
1	DCD
2	RxD
3	TxD
4	DTR
5	GND
6	DSR
7	RTS
8	CTS

DB9 Male RS-232/422/485 Port for UPort 1250/1250I/1450/1450I/1650-8/1650-16
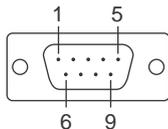
Pin	RS-232	RS-422/ 4-wire RS-485	2-wire RS-485
1	DCD	TxD-(A)	---
2	RxD	TxD+(B)	---
3	TxD	RxD+(B)	Data+(B)
4	DTR	RxD-(A)	Data-(A)
5	GND	GND	GND
6	DSR	---	---
7	RTS	---	---
8	CTS	---	---

Mini DB9F-to-TB* for RS-422/485 wiring

DB9F		Terminal Block
1		2
2		1
3		3
4		4
5		5

* An adaptor is included with the UPort 1250, 1250I, 1450, 1450I, 1650-8, and 1650-16.