

PNOZ e2.1p



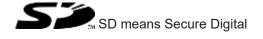
Safety relays

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## Introduction

#### Validity of documentation

This documentation is valid for the product PNOZ e2.1p. It is valid until new documentation is published.

This operating manual explains the function and operation, describes the installation and provides guidelines on how to connect the product.

#### Using the documentation

This document is intended for instruction. Only install and commission the product if you have read and understood this document. The document should be retained for future reference.

# **Definition of symbols**

Information that is particularly important is identified as follows:



#### **DANGER!**

This warning must be heeded! It warns of a hazardous situation that poses an immediate threat of serious injury and death and indicates preventive measures that can be taken.



#### **WARNING!**

This warning must be heeded! It warns of a hazardous situation that could lead to serious injury and death and indicates preventive measures that can be taken.



#### **CAUTION!**

This refers to a hazard that can lead to a less serious or minor injury plus material damage, and also provides information on preventive measures that can be taken.



#### **NOTICE**

This describes a situation in which the product or devices could be damaged and also provides information on preventive measures that can be taken. It also highlights areas within the text that are of particular importance.



#### **INFORMATION**

This gives advice on applications and provides information on special fea-

# Safety

#### Intended use

The two-hand control relay PNOZ e2.1p meets the requirements of EN 574 Type III C. The two-hand control relay forces a press operator to keep his hands out of the danger zone during the dangerous closing movement, so avoiding hand injuries. The unit is suitable for use on controllers for metalworking presses as a component for simultaneous switching. It can be used as a hand protection device according to the following technical regulations:

- ▶ Eccentric and related presses (EN 692)
- ▶ Hydraulic presses (EN 693)
- Fly presses (EN 692) or in
- ▶ Safety circuits in accordance with EN 60204-1

The following is deemed improper use in particular

- Any component, technical or electrical modification to the product,
- Use of the product outside the areas described in this manual,
- ▶ Use of the product outside the technical details (see Technical details [ 26]).



#### **NOTICE**

# **EMC-compliant electrical installation**

The product is designed for use in an industrial environment. The product may cause interference if installed in other environments. If installed in other environments, measures should be taken to comply with the applicable standards and directives for the respective installation site with regard to interference.

# Safety regulations

#### Safety assessment

Before using a device, a safety assessment in accordance with the Machinery Directive is required.

The product as an individual component fulfils the functional safety requirements in accordance with EN ISO 13849 and EN 62061. However, this does not guarantee the functional safety of the overall plant/machine. To achieve the relevant safety level of the overall plant/machine's required safety functions, each safety function needs to be considered separately.

#### Use of qualified personnel

The products may only be assembled, installed, programmed, commissioned, operated, maintained and decommissioned by persons who are competent to do so.

A competent person is a qualified and knowledgeable person who, because of their training, experience and current professional activity, has the specialist knowledge required. To be able to inspect, assess and operate devices, systems and machines, the person has to be informed of the state of the art and the applicable national, European and international laws, directives and standards.

It is the company's responsibility only to employ personnel who

- Are familiar with the basic regulations concerning health and safety / accident prevention,
- Have read and understood the information provided in the section entitled Safety
- ▶ Have a good knowledge of the generic and specialist standards applicable to the specific application.

#### Warranty and liability

All claims to warranty and liability will be rendered invalid if

- ▶ The product was used contrary to the purpose for which it is intended,
- Damage can be attributed to not having followed the guidelines in the manual,
- Operating personnel are not suitably qualified,
- Any type of modification has been made (e.g. exchanging components on the PCB boards, soldering work etc.).

#### **Disposal**

- ▶ In safety-related applications, please comply with the mission time T<sub>M</sub> in the safety-related characteristic data.
- ▶ When decommissioning, please comply with local regulations regarding the disposal of electronic devices (e.g. Electrical and Electronic Equipment Act).

## For your safety

The unit meets all the necessary conditions for safe operation. However, please note the following:

The two-hand circuit and the connected parts of the press control must conform to the relevant VDE requirements and safety standards EN 574, EN 692 and EN 693.

#### **Unit features**

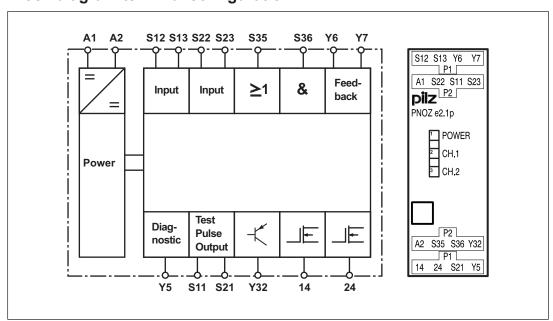
- Outputs using semiconductor technology:
  - 2 safety outputs
  - 1 auxiliary output
  - 2 test pulse outputs
- ▶ Application: Two-hand monitoring
- LED display for:
  - Supply voltage
  - Switch state of safety outputs
- ▶ 2 logic inputs (AND/OR) for logic connections between several units
- ▶ Feedback loops for monitoring external contactors
- Detection of shorts across contacts via test pulse outputs

# Safety features

The relay meets the following safety requirements:

- ▶ The circuit is redundant with built-in self-monitoring.
- ▶ The safety device remains effective in the case of a component failure.
- ▶ The safety outputs are tested periodically using an off-test.

# Block diagram/terminal configuration



# **Function description**

When supply voltage is applied and the set operating mode is detected (initialisation phase), the "POWER" LED is lit. The unit is ready for operation when the feedback loops are closed.

The two-hand control device is activated by simultaneously pressing two pushbuttons. It interrupts the control command for closing the press when one or both pushbuttons are released. The closing movement can only be restarted when both pushbuttons have returned to their start position and are operated again.

- ▶ Both pushbuttons have been operated simultaneously, i.e. within 0.5 s:
  - There are high signals at safety outputs 14 and 24 and auxiliary output Y32
  - The LEDs "CH.1" and "CH.2" are lit.
- ▶ One pushbutton has been released following simultaneous operation:
  - There are low signals at safety outputs 14 and 24 and auxiliary output Y32.
  - The LEDs "CH.1" and "CH.2" go out.
- ▶ There are also low signals at safety outputs 14 and 24 and auxiliary output Y32 when:
  - Only one control element is pressed,
  - Simultaneity is not upheld,
  - The feedback control loop is still open.
- ▶ The safety outputs will not return to a high signal until both control elements are released and then re-operated simultaneously.

# Feedback loop

Before a safety output is switched on, a test is run to establish whether the contacts at feedback loop inputs Y6 and Y7 are closed. If a contact is open, an error is detected and LEDs CH.1 and CH.2 will flash alternately. It will not be possible to switch the unit back on until the feedback loops are closed and the safety function has been reset.

The feedback loop contacts are also checked when the signal at the output changes from high to low. After this signal change, the contacts at the feedback loop inputs must close within 150 ms. If a contact is still open after 150 ms has elapsed, an error is detected and is displayed as a flashing code 1,8 (see Faults - malfunctions [22]). It will not be possible to switch the unit back on until the error has been rectified and the supply voltage has been switched off and then on again.

#### **AND/OR** connection

The PNOZ e2.1p has two logic inputs S35 (OR) and S36 (AND) for logic connections between several units.

#### Operating modes

- Automatic start: Unit is active once the input circuit has been closed within the simultaneity period.
- Increase in the number of available contacts by connecting contact expandsion modules or external contactors/relays.

#### Installation



#### **CAUTION!**

Electrostatic discharge can damage components on the safety system!

Ensure against discharge before touching the safety system, e.g. by touching an earthed, conductive surface or by wearing an earthed armband.

- ▶ The unit should be installed in a control cabinet with a protection type of at least IP54.
- ▶ Use the notch on the rear of the unit to attach it to a DIN rail (35 mm).
- ▶ When installed vertically: Secure the unit by using a fixing element (e.g. retaining bracket or end angle).



#### **NOTICE**

The distance of the pushbutton on the two-hand control device from the nearest danger zone must be large enough so that if one of the pushbuttons is released, the hazardous movement is interrupted before the operator reaches the danger zone or can reach into the danger zone (see EN 999 "Hand-arm speed").



#### **NOTICE**

If you are connecting several units logically, please note the guidelines in the section entitled Logic connection between several units [ 13].

# Wiring

Please note:

- ▶ Information given in the "Technical details [ 26] must be followed.
- ▶ Use copper wiring with a temperature stability of 60/75 °C.
- ▶ To prevent EMC interferences (particularly common-mode interferences) the measures described in EN 60204-1 must be executed. This includes the separate routing of cables of the control circuits (input, start and feedback loop) from other cables for energy transmission or the shielding of cables, for example.
- ▶ Calculation of the max. cable length I<sub>max</sub> in the input circuit:

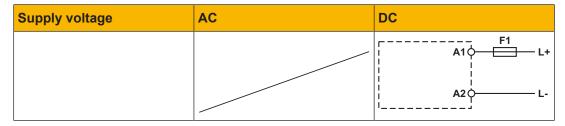
$$I_{max} = \frac{R_{lmax}}{R_{l} / km}$$

 $R_{lmax}$  = max. overall cable resistance (see Technical details [ 26])  $R_{l}$  / km = cable resistance/km

- ▶ Cables that have to be laid outside the control cabinet must be protected from mechanical damage, e.g. by installing them in a conduit.
- The unit and the input circuits must always be supplied by a single power supply.
- ▶ Safety outputs 14 and 24 should exclusively be used for safe applications.
- ▶ The safety outputs must **not** be connected to control inputs.
- ▶ To suppress the pulse on switching off at safety outputs 14 and 24, use the terminal block with filter (see Order reference [ 31]).
- ▶ You must comply with the idling capacity at safety outputs 14 and 24 (see Technical details [□ 26]).
- ▶ Only contactors with positive-guided contacts should be used for safety functions.
- ▶ Output Y32 is an auxiliary output, e.g. for communication with a PLC or text display.
- Auxiliary output Y32 should **not** be used for safety circuits!
- Use freewheel diodes to drive inductive loads (e.g. contactors or relays) with the safety/ auxiliary outputs.
- ▶ The operating voltage for the two-hand control device must only be connected after the shutdown device in accordance with § 9 VBG 7n5.1/2.
- ▶ The power supply must comply with the regulations for extra low voltages with protective electrical separation (SELV, PELV) in accordance with VDE 0100, Part 410.
- ▶ Terminal Y5 is provided for Pilz-internal diagnostic purposes.

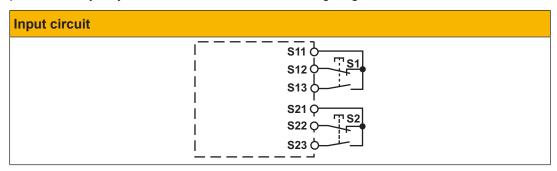
# Preparing for operation

#### Supply voltage



## Input circuit

Connect the N/C and N/O contacts of the two-hand pushbutton to the input circuits. The input circuit may only be wired as shown in the following diagram.



## Feedback loop

The unit has two feedback loop inputs, one (Y6) for safety output 14 and one (Y7) for safety output 24.

The wiring of the feedback loop depends on the unit's logic links:

- ▶ Unit is used as a single unit (no logic links) or is only OR-linked:
  - Safety output 14:
  - Connect the contacts from external contactors between terminals Y6 and S11.

     Safety output 24:
  - Connect the contacts from external contactors to terminals Y7 and A1.
- ▶ Unit is AND-linked:
  - Safety output 14:
     Connect the contacts from external contactors between terminals Y6 and A1.
  - Safety output 24:
     Connect the contacts from external contactors to terminals Y7 and A1.
- ▶ Feedback loop unconnected:

If you do not wish to connect any contacts to the feedback loop, bridge the terminals as described in the table below.

	OR/no logic connection	AND + OR/AND logic connection
without feedback loop monit- oring	Y7 O Y6 O S11 O A1 O	Y7 O Y6 O A1 O
with feedback loop monitor-ing	Y6 \$\infty\$ \$\text{K1} \$\text{ K2}\$ \$\text{Y7} \$\infty\$ \$\text{K3} \$\text{K4}\$ \$\text{K1}\$ \$\text{K2}\$ \$\text{V7}\$ \$\text{V1}\$ \$\text{K1} \$\text{K2}\$ \$\text{K2}\$ \$\text{V1}\$ \$\text{K1} \$\text{K2}\$ \$\text{V1}\$ \$\text{K1} \$\text{K2}\$ \$\text{V2}\$ \$\text{K3} \$\text{K4}\$ \$\text{V4}\$ \$\text{V2}\$ \$\text{V3} \$\text{K4}\$ \$\text{V2}\$ \$\text{V3}\$ \$\text{V4}\$ \$\text{V4}\$ \$\text{V2}\$ \$\text{V3}\$ \$\text{V4}\$ \$\text{V4}\$ \$\text{V4}\$ \$\text{V2}\$ \$\text{V3}\$ \$\text{V4}\$ \$\te	A1 \$\frac{1}{14}\$ \frac{1}{14}\$ \frac{1}{14}

# Logic connection between several units

Units from the PNOZelog product range can be logically connected to each other and to units from the PNOZmulti product range. On the PNOZelog, input S35 is intended for the logic OR connection and input S36 for the logic AND connection. Safety outputs 14 and 24 on the PNOZelog are suitable for logic connections.

# When linking several units logically, please note:

- ▶ When PNOZelog units are linked logically to each other, a safety output from a PNOZelog unit may be connected to logic inputs from one or more PNOZelog units.
- ▶ When linking PNOZelog units logically to PNOZmulti units
  - a cascading output from PNOZmulti units may be connected to logic inputs on PNOZelog units
  - a safety output from PNOZelog units may be connected to cascading inputs on PNOZmulti units.
- ▶ The unit with the lowest SIL/PL value determines the SIL/PL value of the entire circuit.
- ▶ PNOZ e1p, PNOZ e8.1p: These units do not have logic inputs. Their safety outputs can be used to logically link the units to the logic inputs of other PNOZelog units or to the cascading inputs from PNOZmulti units.
- ▶ Safety outputs from the PNOZ e1p are suitable for logic connections from unit version 3.0.
- ▶ Each safety output on a PNOZelog unit that is connected to the load may also be connected to the logic inputs of a maximum of four PNOZelog units (Example 1 [☐ 15]).
- ▶ Up to 50 logic inputs from PNOZelog units can be connected to safety outputs with no load.
- ▶ Logically linking the units leads to delays when switching on and off (see on-delay and response time in the Technical details [ 26]). These are added up with each unit that is logically linked (Example 3 [ 17]).

- ▶ Install all the logically linked units in the same control cabinet or ensure that faults regarding the units' connection are excluded, e.g. via protected installation of the connection cables.
- ▶ All linked units must be connected to the same supply voltage.



#### **WARNING!**

# Muting the safety function

A valid signal at the OR input of a PNOZelog unit mutes its safety function and can lead to the most serious injuries and death.

 Before using the OR function, carry out a risk analysis and use other measures to establish a safe condition.



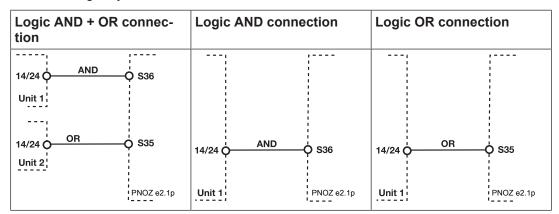
#### **NOTICE**

# **Logic AND connection**

The high signal must always be present at the AND input before the two-hand pushbutton is operated. If the AND input switches from a low to a high signal while the two-hand pushbutton is operated, you will need to release the pushbutton and press it again.

#### Logic inputs S35 and S36

Logic inputs S35 and S36 from the PNOZ e2.1p enable additional PNOZelog or PNOZmulti units to be logically AND/OR connected.

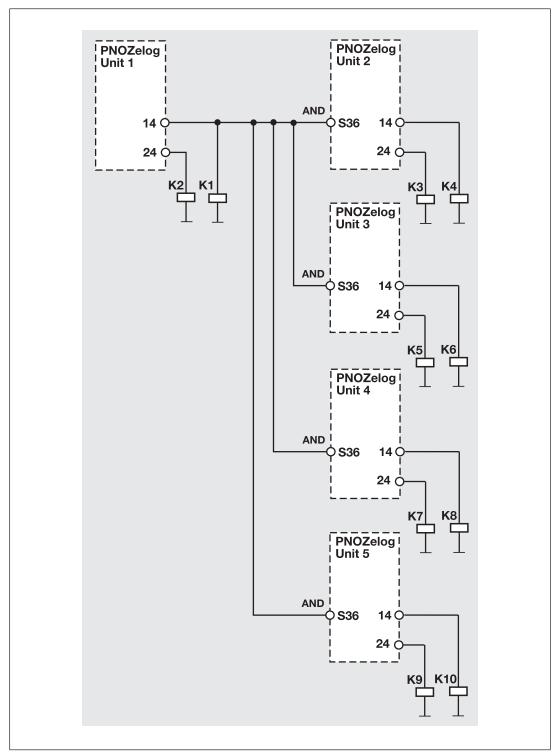


#### **Examples**

The following examples represent various ways in which PNOZelog units can be logically connected. In all the application examples, 2 loads may also be connected to the safety outputs.

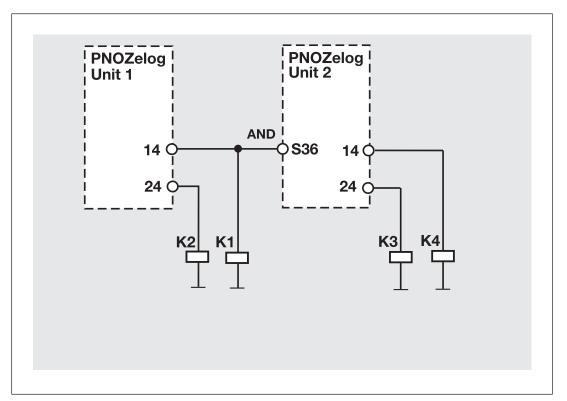
## Example 1:

Loads are connected to the safety outputs of Unit 1. In addition, a safety output is AND-linked to 4 other PNOZelog units via the logic input S36.



# Example 2:

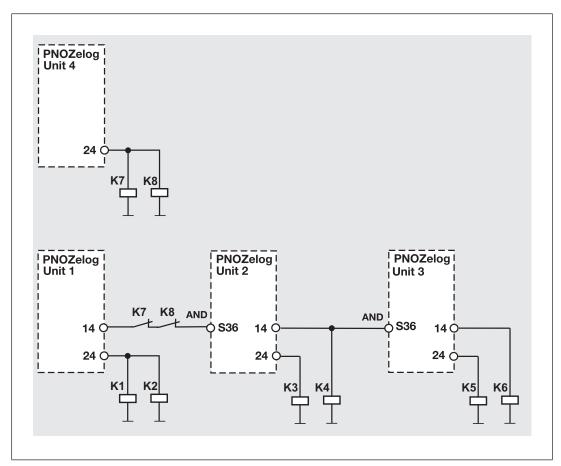
Loads are connected to the safety outputs of Unit 1. In addition, a safety output is AND-linked to another PNOZelog unit via the logic input S36.



# Example 3

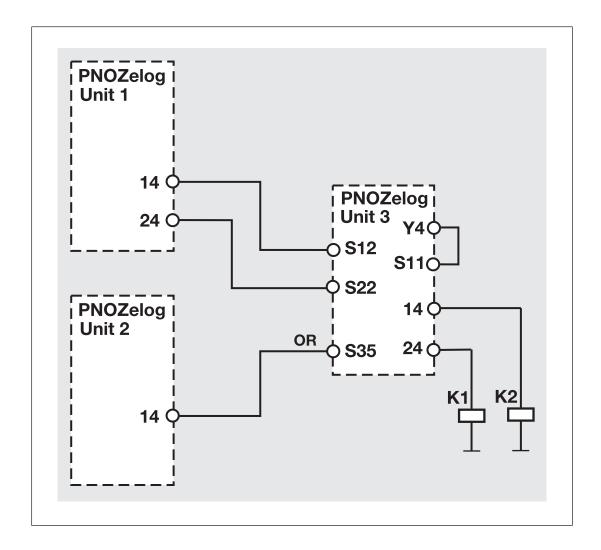
The logic connection line between Unit 1 and Unit 2 contains contacts from the external contactors on Unit 4. This means that Unit 4 and Unit 1 can set the outputs on Unit 2 and Unit 3 to low.

A short circuit between +24 VDC and a safety output must be excluded!



#### Example 4

Unit 1 and Unit 2 are OR-linked via Unit 3. If the output from Unit 2 has a low signal, Unit 1 alone will control the status of the outputs on Unit 3. If Unit 2 sends a high signal to the OR input on Unit 3, a high signal will be present at the outputs on Unit 3, irrespective of the status of its input circuit.



# Operation



#### **NOTICE**

The safety function should be checked after initial commissioning and each time the plant/machine is changed. The safety functions may only be checked by qualified personnel.



#### **INFORMATION**

The safety outputs are constantly checked via test pulses. This may generate a humming noise on the connected contactors, which does not affect the function. The test pulses also mean that, when measured with a multimeter, the voltage at the safety outputs is displayed to be less than it actually is.

The unit detects the set operating mode once supply voltage is applied. During this time (initialisation phase) the "POWER" LED will flash. The unit is ready for operation when the "POWER" LED is lit continuously.

LEDs indicate the status and errors during operation:



LED on



LED flashes

# Status indicators



## **POWER**

Supply voltage is present, operating mode is detected.



#### POWER

Initialisation phase



#### CH 1

There is a high signal at safety output 14.



#### CH.2

There is a high signal at safety output 24.

## Faults - malfunctions



#### **INFORMATION**

Supply interruptions lasting longer than 20 ms are detected as an error. The LEDs indicate an error and the safety outputs carry a low signal. The plant or machinery driven via the safety outputs will be shut down. The unit can only be restarted when the supply voltage is switched off for at least 1 s and then switched on again.

#### Fault

Fault conditions are indicated by flashing the LEDs. There are faults that are displayed via periodic flashing (see table "Display of fault conditions") and faults where an error code can be determined via the number of flashes (see table "Relationship between the number of flashes and the decimal error code [23]"). These faults are always indicated by three short flashes at LED CH.1 or CH.2. After a longer pause, the LED will then flash at one second intervals. The number of LED flashes corresponds to a digit in the error code. The error code can consist of up to 4 digits. The digits are separated by a longer period without flashing. The entire sequence is constantly repeated.



#### **INFORMATION**

Error code 0: 16 flashes

# Display of fault conditions

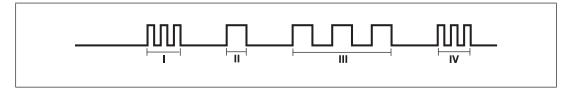
LED	Fault	Remedy
LEDs unlit	Supply voltage is missing, too low, wrongly connected	Connect supply voltage: A1 - +24 VDC and A2 - 0 VDC Permitted voltage range: 19.2 30 VDC
POWER flashes	Unknown operating mode, initialisation phase, start not executed	Depending on operating mode: Press start button or perform start-up test
CH.1 or CH.2 flash a code	Error coding, see table "Error code [ 24]"	See table "Error code [ 24]"
CH.1 <b>or</b> CH.2 flashes briefly (50 ms on, 250 ms off)	Simultaneity conditions not met	Release two-hand pushbut- tons and press again
CH.1 <b>and</b> CH.2 flash briefly (50 ms on, 250 ms off)	One pushbutton defective or error in the wiring	Change pushbutton or rectify wiring error
CH.1 and CH.2 flash alternately	Feedback loop open on start-up     Only one channel of the input circuit is open or is partially operated	1.) Close feedback loop, open input circuit, start unit again 2.) Open both input circuit channels or activate and then clear the safety mat

# **Examples**

Error code 1, 3:

The Fault LED flashes

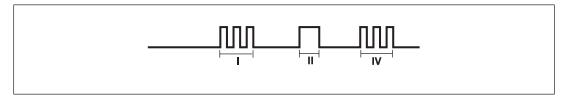
- ▶ 3 times, short
- Pause
- ▶ Once for one second
- ▶ Pause
- ▶ 3 times, for one second each
- ▶ 3 times, short



# Error code 1:

The Fault LED flashes

- ▶ 3 times, short
- ▶ Pause
- ▶ Once for one second
- ▶ 3 times, short



# Error code 1, 0:

The Fault LED flashes

- ▶ 3 times, short
- ▶ Pause
- ▶ Once for one second
- ▶ Pause
- ▶ 16 times, for one second each
- ▶ 3 times, short



I	Code for error message
П	Code for 1st digit
Ш	Code for 2nd digit
IV	Code for error message repeated

The table below shows the relationship between the number of flashes and the error code. The key to the error codes is described in the Error coding table.

Number of flashes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Decimal error code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	0

# **Error coding**



# **INFORMATION**

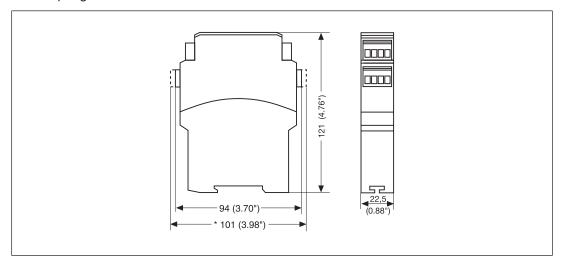
Each time a fault is rectified, switch the supply voltage off for at least 1 s and then switch it back on.

Decim al error	Number of flashes	Description	Remedy
code			
1	3x short – 1x long – 3x short	Faulty wiring, short circuit	Wiring error at start input, input circuits, feedback loop or programming
2	3x short – 2x long – 3x short		input
3	3x short – 3x long – 3x short	Operating mode changed during operation	Check wiring for the operating mode and rectify fault
4	3x short – 4x long – 3x short	In the initialisation phase, short circuit between the safety outputs and +24 VDC	Rectify wiring error at terminals 14, 24
9	3x short – 9x long – 3x short		
10	3x short – 10x long – 3x short	During operation, short circuit between the safety outputs and +24 VDC	Rectify wiring error at terminals 14, 24
		1.24 1.00	
1, 0	3x short – 1x long – 16x long – 3x short		
1, 1	3x short – 1x long – 1x long – 3x short		
1, 9	3x short – 1x long – 9x long – 3x short		
10.1	3x short – 10x long – 1x long – 3x short		
14.5	3x short – 14x long – 5x long – 3x short		
1, 2	3x short – 1x long – 2x long – 3x short	During operation, short circuit between the safety outputs and	Rectify wiring error at terminals 14, 24; Keep within the supply voltage range
1, 3	3x short – 1x long – 3x long – 3x short	0 VDC or U <sub>B</sub> <19.2 VDC	of 19.2 30 VDC
1, 12	3x short – 1x long – 12x long – 3x short		
1, 13	3x short – 1x long – 13x long – 3x short		
1, 4	3x short – 1x long – 4x long – 3x short	Operating mode changed during operation	Check wiring for the operating mode and rectify fault

Decim al error	Number of flashes	Description	Remedy
code			
1, 5	3x short – 1x long – 5x long – 3x short	Unexpected status at S36	Check wiring at terminal S36
1, 6	3x short – 1x long – 6x long – 3x short	Wiring of operating mode "with detection of shorts across con-	Rectify wiring error at input circuits
1, 7	3x short – 1x long – 7x long – 3x short	tacts" faulty	
1, 8	3x short – 1x long – 8x long – 3x short	Maximum time of feedback loop monitoring exceeded	Check contactor for contact weld- ing
1, 11	3x short – 1x long – 11x long – 3x short	PNOZ e6.1p, PNOZ e6vp:     External feedback loop     closed, but internal feedback     loop faulty	No user remedy possible. Change the unit.
1, 10	3x short – 1x long – 10x long – 3x short	Open circuit	Check safety mat wiring
5, 10	3x short – 5x long – 10x long – 3x short	U <sub>B</sub> <19.2 VDC	Keep within the supply voltage range of 19.2 30 VDC
8, 1	3x short – 8x long – 1x long – 3x short	Invalid operating mode	Check wiring for the operating mode and rectify fault
8, 2	3x short – 8x long – 2x long – 3x short	Supply interrupted, possibly caused by a short to earth	Rectify wiring error at terminal A1 or check supply voltage
8, 3	3x short – 8x long – 3x long – 3x short		
14, 13	3x short – 14x long – 13x long – 3x short		
2, 0, 0	3x short – 2x long – 16x long – 16x long – 3x short	U <sub>B</sub> <19.2 VDC	Keep within the supply voltage range of 19.2 30 VDC
2, 0, 1	3x short – 2x long – 16x long – 1x long – 3x short		
2, 0, 2	3x short – 2x long – 16x long – 2x long – 3x short	In the initialisation phase, short circuit between the safety outputs and +24 VDC	Rectify wiring error at terminals 14, 24
2, 0, 3	3x short – 2x long – 16x long – 3x long – 3x short	U <sub>B</sub> <19.2 VDC	Keep within the supply voltage range of 19.2 30 VDC

# **Dimensions in mm**

\* With spring-loaded terminals



# **Technical details**

General	774136	784136
Certifications	CE, EAC (Eurasian), TÜV, cULus Listed	CE, EAC (Eurasian), TÜV, cULus Listed
Electrical data	774136	784136
Supply voltage		
Voltage	24 V	24 V
Kind	DC	DC
Voltage tolerance	-20 %/+25 %	-20 %/+25 %
Output of external power supply (DC) at no load	2 W	2 W
Residual ripple DC	20 %	20 %
Duty cycle	100 %	100 %
External unit fuse protection F1 max.	6 A slow/10 A quick	6 A slow/10 A quick
Two-hand control relay type		
In accordance with the standard	EN 574	EN 574
Туре	III C	III C
Inputs	774136	784136
Voltage at		
Input circuit DC	24 V	24 V
Feedback loop DC	24 V	24 V
Logic input	24 V	24 V
Current at		
Input circuit DC	5 mA	5 mA
Feedback loop DC	5 mA	5 mA
Logic input	5 mA	5 mA

Inputs	774136	784136
Max. overall cable resistance RI-		
max		
Start circuit and feedback loop	2.000 Ohm	2.000 Ohm
Input circuit, dual-channel	2.000 Ohm	2.000 Ohm
Max. line capacitance	450 nF	450 nF
Semiconductor outputs	774136	784136
Overall performance ext. loading, semiconductor	130 W	130 W
Number of safety outputs		
Instantaneous	2	2
Number of auxiliary outputs	1	1
Number of test pulse outputs	2	2
Residual current at "0" signal	4 mA	4 mA
Max. internal voltage drop	1 V	1 V
Switching capability, 2 safety outputs under load		
Current at UB ≤ 26.5 V	2 A	2 A
Current at UB > 26,5 V	1,5 A	1,5 A
Power at UB ≤ 26.5 V	50 W	50 W
Power at UB > 26,5 V	45 W	45 W
Switching capability, 1 safety output under load		
Current at UB ≤ 26.5 V	2,7 A	2,7 A
Current at UB > 26,5 V	2,2 A	2,2 A
Power at UB ≤ 26.5 V	70 W	70 W
Power at UB > 26,5 V	65 W	65 W
Conditional rated short circuit cur-		
rent	100 A	100 A
Lowest operating current	3 mA	3 mA
Utilisation category in accordance with EN 60947-1	DC-12	DC-12
Max. line capacitance at the outputs without load	2 nF	2 nF
Voltage auxiliary and test pulse outputs	24 V	24 V
Current auxiliary and test pulse		
outputs	0,5 A	0,5 A
Times	774136	784136
Switch-on delay		
After power on	3 s	3 s
Logic inputs typ.	120 ms	120 ms
Logic inputs max.	200 ms	200 ms
Response time tr semiconductor outputs		
typ.	40 ms	40 ms
max.	43 ms	43 ms

Times	774136	784136
Maximum time of feedback loop		
monitoring	150 ms	150 ms
Supply interruption before de-ener-		
gisation	20 ms	20 ms
Simultaneity, channel 1 and 2 max.	·	500 ms
Environmental data	774136	784136
Climatic suitability	EN 60068-2-78	EN 60068-2-78
Ambient temperature		
Temperature range	-10 - 55 °C	-10 - 55 °C
Storage temperature		
Temperature range	-25 - 70 °C	-25 - 70 °C
Climatic suitability		
Humidity	93 % r. h. at 40 °C	93 % r. h. at 40 °C
Condensation during operation	Not permitted	Not permitted
EMC	EN 60947-5-1, EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-4, EN 61326-3-1	EN 60947-5-1, EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-4, EN 61326-3-1
Vibration		
In accordance with the standard	EN 60068-2-6	EN 60068-2-6
Frequency	10 - 55 Hz	10 - 55 Hz
Amplitude	0,35 mm	0,35 mm
Airgap creepage		
In accordance with the standard	EN 60947-1	EN 60947-1
Overvoltage category	III	III
Pollution degree	2	2
Rated insulation voltage	30 V	30 V
Rated impulse withstand voltage	0,8 kV	0,8 kV
Protection type		
Housing	IP40	IP40
Terminals	IP20	IP20
Mounting area (e.g. control cabinet)	IP54	IP54
Mechanical data	774136	784136
Mounting position	Any	Any
Material		
Bottom	PPO UL 94 V0	PPO UL 94 V0
Front	ABS UL 94 V0	ABS UL 94 V0
Тор	PPO UL 94 V0	PPO UL 94 V0
Connection type	Screw terminal	Spring-loaded terminal
Mounting type	plug-in	plug-in
		<u>.                                      </u>

Mechanical data	774136	784136
Conductor cross section with screw terminals		
1 core flexible	0,25 - 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> , 24 - 12 AWG	_
2 core with the same cross section, flexible with crimp connectors, no plastic sleeve	0,25 - 1 mm², 24 - 16 AWG	_
2 core with the same cross sec- tion, flexible without crimp con- nectors or with TWIN crimp con- nectors	0,2 - 1,5 mm², 24 - 16 AWG	_
Torque setting with screw terminals		_
Stripping length with screw terminals	8 mm	_
Conductor cross section with spring-loaded terminals: Flexible with/without crimp connector	_	0,2 - 1,5 mm², 24 - 16 AWG
Spring-loaded terminals: Terminal points per connection	_	2
Stripping length with spring-loaded terminals	_	8 mm
Dimensions		
Height	94 mm	101 mm
Width	22,5 mm	22,5 mm
Depth	121 mm	121 mm
Weight	130 g	125 g

Where standards are undated, the 2020-07 latest editions shall apply.

#### Safety characteristic data



#### **NOTICE**

You must comply with the safety characteristic data in order to achieve the required safety level for your plant/machine.

Operating mode	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015	EN 62061 SIL CL	EN 62061 PFH <sub>D</sub> [1/h]	IEC 61511 SIL	IEC 61511 PFD	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015
	PL	Category					T <sub>M</sub> [year]
SC output via logic in- put	PL e	Cat. 4	SIL CL 3	3,61E-09	SIL 3	5,82E-05	20
Two-hand function	PL e	Cat. 4	SIL CL 3	3,44E-09	SIL 3	4,53E-05	20

Explanatory notes for the safety-related characteristic data:

- ▶ The SIL CL value in accordance with EN 62061 corresponds to the SIL value in accordance with EN 61508.
- ▶ T<sub>M</sub> is the maximum mission time in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1. The value also applies as the retest interval in accordance with EN 61508-6 and IEC 61511 and as the proof test interval and mission time in accordance with EN 62061.

All the units used within a safety function must be considered when calculating the safety characteristic data.



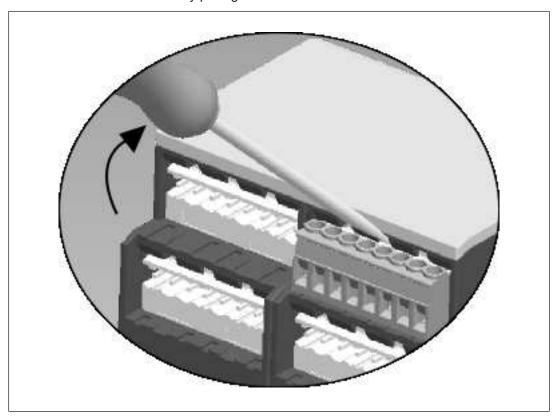
#### **INFORMATION**

A safety function's SIL/PL values are **not** identical to the SIL/PL values of the units that are used and may be different. We recommend that you use the PAScal software tool to calculate the safety function's SIL/PL values.

# Remove plug-in terminals

Procedure: Insert the screwdriver into the housing recess behind the terminal and lever the terminal out.

Do **not** remove the terminals by pulling the cables!



# Order reference

# **Product**

Product type	Features	Connection type	Order no.
PNOZ e2.1p	24 V DC	Screw terminals	774136
PNOZ e2.1p C	24 V DC	Spring-loaded terminals	784136

# Accessories

Product type	Features	Order no.
Terminal block filter 1	Terminal block with filter for 3-10 kOhm load range	774195
Terminal block filter 2	Terminal block with filter for 10-30 kOhm load range	774196



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