

**PNOZ e5.13**p



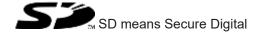
Safety relays

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## Introduction

## Validity of documentation

This documentation is valid for the product PNOZ e5.13p. It is valid until new documentation is published.

This operating manual explains the function and operation, describes the installation and provides guidelines on how to connect the product.

## Using the documentation

This document is intended for instruction. Only install and commission the product if you have read and understood this document. The document should be retained for future reference.

## **Definition of symbols**

Information that is particularly important is identified as follows:



#### **DANGER!**

This warning must be heeded! It warns of a hazardous situation that poses an immediate threat of serious injury and death and indicates preventive measures that can be taken.



#### **WARNING!**

This warning must be heeded! It warns of a hazardous situation that could lead to serious injury and death and indicates preventive measures that can be taken.



## **CAUTION!**

This refers to a hazard that can lead to a less serious or minor injury plus material damage, and also provides information on preventive measures that can be taken.



#### **NOTICE**

This describes a situation in which the product or devices could be damaged and also provides information on preventive measures that can be taken. It also highlights areas within the text that are of particular importance.



#### **INFORMATION**

This gives advice on applications and provides information on special fea-

## Safety

#### Intended use

The safety relay PNOZ e5.13p provides a safety-related interruption of two safety circuits.

The safety relay meets the requirements of EN 60947-5-1 and EN 60204-1 and may be used in applications with:

- ▶ E-STOP pushbuttons
- Safety gates
- Light grids and safety switches with detection of shorts across contacts
- ▶ With safety sensors from the PSEN 2.x series in safety circuits in accordance with EN 60947-5-3: 2005, PDF-M
- As an evaluation device for position switches with N/C / N/C combination and N/C / N/O combination



#### **NOTICE**

If the safety relay is used with a proximity switch of type PDF-M, the max. achievable SIL/PL values are limited to PL d (Cat. 3) and SIL CL 2.

The following is deemed improper use in particular

- Any component, technical or electrical modification to the product,
- ▶ Use of the product outside the areas described in this manual,
- ▶ Use of the product outside the technical details (see Technical details [ 25]).



#### NOTICE

## **EMC-compliant electrical installation**

The product is designed for use in an industrial environment. The product may cause interference if installed in other environments. If installed in other environments, measures should be taken to comply with the applicable standards and directives for the respective installation site with regard to interference.

## Safety regulations

## Safety assessment

Before using a device, a safety assessment in accordance with the Machinery Directive is required.

The product as an individual component fulfils the functional safety requirements in accordance with EN ISO 13849 and EN 62061. However, this does not guarantee the functional safety of the overall plant/machine. To achieve the relevant safety level of the overall plant/machine's required safety functions, each safety function needs to be considered separately.

## Use of qualified personnel

The products may only be assembled, installed, programmed, commissioned, operated, maintained and decommissioned by persons who are competent to do so.

A competent person is a qualified and knowledgeable person who, because of their training, experience and current professional activity, has the specialist knowledge required. To be able to inspect, assess and operate devices, systems and machines, the person has to be informed of the state of the art and the applicable national, European and international laws, directives and standards.

It is the company's responsibility only to employ personnel who

- ▶ Are familiar with the basic regulations concerning health and safety / accident prevention,
- Have read and understood the information provided in the section entitled Safety
- ▶ Have a good knowledge of the generic and specialist standards applicable to the specific application.

### Warranty and liability

All claims to warranty and liability will be rendered invalid if

- ▶ The product was used contrary to the purpose for which it is intended,
- Damage can be attributed to not having followed the guidelines in the manual,
- Operating personnel are not suitably qualified,
- Any type of modification has been made (e.g. exchanging components on the PCB boards, soldering work etc.).

## Disposal

- ▶ In safety-related applications, please comply with the mission time T<sub>M</sub> in the safety-related characteristic data.
- ▶ When decommissioning, please comply with local regulations regarding the disposal of electronic devices (e.g. Electrical and Electronic Equipment Act).

## For your safety

The unit meets all the necessary conditions for safe operation. However, please note the following:

▶ Please make sure you shut down the supply voltage or open the input circuit (e.g. operate the E-STOP pushbutton) when performing maintenance work (e.g. when replacing contactors), otherwise the unit might switch on unexpectedly in the case of a wiring error.

#### **Unit features**

- ▶ Outputs using semiconductor technology:
  - 2 safety outputs
  - 2 auxiliary outputs
  - 1 test pulse output
- ▶ Connection options:
  - E-STOP pushbuttons
  - Safety gate limit switches
  - Start button
  - Proximity switch
  - Safety sensors from the PSEN 2.x series or position switches with N/C / N/O combination
  - Position switch with N/C / N/C combination
- ▶ To process signals from output signal switching devices (OSSDs) on light grids
- LED display for:
  - Supply voltage
  - Switch state of safety outputs
- One logic input to AND-connect several units
- ▶ Feedback loops for monitoring external contactors

## Safety features

The relay meets the following safety requirements:

- ▶ The circuit is redundant with built-in self-monitoring.
- ▶ The safety device remains effective in the case of a component failure.
- ▶ The safety outputs are tested periodically using an off-test.

#### Α1 S12 S22 S32 S44 **S34 S36** Y6 Y7 S12 S22 Y6 Y7 P1 Feed-A1 S32 Y37 S44 & Input Input Start pilz P2 back PNOZ e5.13p POWER CH.1 & Power $\mathsf{H}_{\mathsf{CH.2}}$ Test Diag-**Pulse** nostic Output A2 S34 S36Y32 P1 14 24 Y33 Y5 Y32 Y5 Y37 Y33 14 24

## Block diagram/terminal configuration

# **Function description**

When supply voltage is applied and the set operating mode is detected (initialisation phase), the "POWER" LED is lit. The unit is ready for operation when the feedback loops are closed.

- ▶ Input circuit S12, S22 is closed (e.g. E-STOP pushbutton not operated):
  - The LED "CH.1" is lit.
  - There is a high signal at safety output 14, the unit is active.
- ▶ Input circuit S12, S22 is opened (e.g. E-STOP pushbutton operated):
  - The LED "CH.1" goes out.
  - There is a low signal at safety output 14.

Input circuit S32, S44 is AND-linked with input circuit S12, S22 and logic input S36. The result of the logic operation can be viewed through safety output 24 and auxiliary output Y32:

- Input circuit S12, S22 is closed (e.g. E-STOP pushbutton not operated) and
- ▶ Input circuit S32 closed, S44 open (e.g. safety gate closed) and
- ▶ (If the logic input is active) there is a valid signal at the logic input:
  - The LED "CH.2" is lit.
  - There is a high signal at safety output 24 and auxiliary output Y32. The unit is active.

If one of these conditions is not met, the signal at safety output 24 and auxiliary output Y32 is low.

Auxiliary output Y33 indicates the status of input circuit S32, S44. There is a high signal at the auxiliary output if the input circuit S32 is closed and S44 is open (e.g. safety gate closed).

## Feedback loop

Before a safety output is switched on, a test is run to establish whether the contacts at feedback loop inputs Y6 and Y7 are closed. If a contact is open, an error is detected and LEDs CH.1 and CH.2 will flash alternately. It will not be possible to switch the unit back on until the feedback loops are closed and the safety function has been reset.

The feedback loop contacts are also checked when the signal at the output changes from high to low. After this signal change, the contacts at the feedback loop inputs must close within 150 ms. If a contact is still open after 150 ms has elapsed, an error is detected and is displayed as a flashing code 1,8 (see Faults - malfunctions [22] 20]). It will not be possible to switch the unit back on until the error has been rectified and the supply voltage has been switched off and then on again.

## **Logic AND connection**

The PNOZ e5.13p has a logic input S36 for logic connections between several units.

## **Operating modes**

- Dual-channel operation: Redundant input circuit; earth faults in the input circuit and start circuit are detected.
- ▶ Automatic start: Unit is active when at least input circuit S11, S12 has been closed.
- Monitored start: Unit is not active until the start button has been operated and then released.
- ▶ Increase in the number of available contacts by connecting contact expandsion modules or external contactors/relays.

## **Selecting sensors**

When selecting sensors, you must comply with the technical details of the input circuits on the PNOZelog units.

#### Installation



#### **CAUTION!**

Electrostatic discharge can damage components on the safety system!

Ensure against discharge before touching the safety system, e.g. by touching an earthed, conductive surface or by wearing an earthed armband.

- ▶ The unit should be installed in a control cabinet with a protection type of at least IP54.
- ▶ Use the notch on the rear of the unit to attach it to a DIN rail (35 mm).
- ▶ When installed vertically: Secure the unit by using a fixing element (e.g. retaining bracket or end angle).



## **NOTICE**

If you are connecting several units logically, please note the guidelines in the section entitled Logic connection between several units [44].

## Wiring

Please note:

- ▶ Information given in the "Technical details [ 25] must be followed.
- ▶ Use copper wiring with a temperature stability of 60/75 °C.
- ▶ To prevent EMC interferences (particularly common-mode interferences) the measures described in EN 60204-1 must be executed. This includes the separate routing of cables of the control circuits (input, start and feedback loop) from other cables for energy transmission or the shielding of cables, for example.
- ▶ Calculation of the max. cable length I<sub>max</sub> in the input circuit:

$$I_{max} = \frac{R_{lmax}}{R_{l}/km}$$

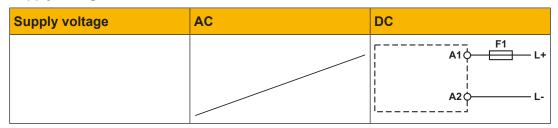
 $R_{lmax}$  = max. overall cable resistance (see Technical details [ 25])  $R_l$  / km = cable resistance/km

- ▶ Cables that have to be laid outside the control cabinet must be protected from mechanical damage, e.g. by installing them in a conduit.
- The unit and the input circuits must always be supplied by a single power supply.
- ▶ Safety outputs 14 and 24 should exclusively be used for safe applications.
- ▶ The safety outputs must **not** be connected to control inputs.
- ▶ To suppress the pulse on switching off at safety outputs 14 and 24, use the terminal block with filter (see Order reference [☐ 30]).
- ▶ You must comply with the idling capacity at safety outputs 14 and 24 (see Technical details [ 25]).
- Only contactors with positive-guided contacts should be used for safety functions.

- ▶ Outputs Y32 and Y33 are auxiliary outputs, e.g. for communication with a PLC or text display.
- ▶ Do **not** use auxiliary outputs Y32 and Y33 for safety circuits!
- ▶ Use freewheel diodes to drive inductive loads (e.g. contactors or relays) with the safety/ auxiliary outputs.
- ▶ The power supply must comply with the regulations for extra low voltages with protective electrical separation (SELV, PELV) in accordance with VDE 0100, Part 410.
- ▶ Terminal Y5 is provided for Pilz-internal diagnostic purposes.

## Preparing for operation

## Supply voltage



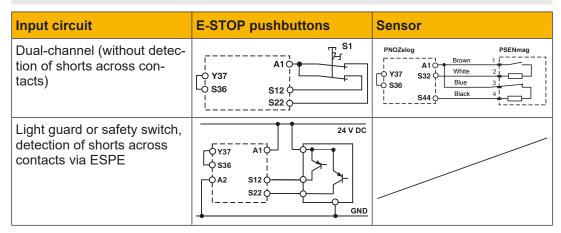
## Input circuit

The table describes how the input circuit is wired when the unit is used as a single unit.



#### **NOTICE**

The logic input S36 must always be wired. If the unit is used as a single unit, terminal S36 must be connected to terminal Y37.



The E-STOP pushbutton symbolises a trigger element with N/C / N/C combination. The sensor symbolises a trigger element with N/C / N/O combination.

## Start circuit/feedback loop

Terminals Y6 and Y7 are used to connect the feedback loops and also to define the start behaviour.

- ▶ The Y6 terminal is used to
  - Determine the start behaviour for input circuit S12, S22 and
  - To connect the feedback loop for safety output 14.
- ▶ The Y7 terminal is used to
  - Determine the start behaviour for input circuit S32, S44 and
  - Connect the feedback loop for safety output 24.

Start behaviour	Input circuit S12, S22	Input circuit S32, S44
Automatic start	\$34 0     Y37 0   Y6 0	\$34 O     Y37 O     Y7 O
Monitored start	S34 O	S34 O

Feedback loop unconnected:

If you do not wish to connect any contacts to the feedback loop, replace the contacts at Y6 / Y7 with a bridge, depending on the required start behaviour.



### **NOTICE**

## With automatic start

The unit starts up automatically when the safeguard is reset, e.g. when the E-STOP pushbutton is released. Use external circuit measures to prevent an unexpected restart.

## Logic connection between several units

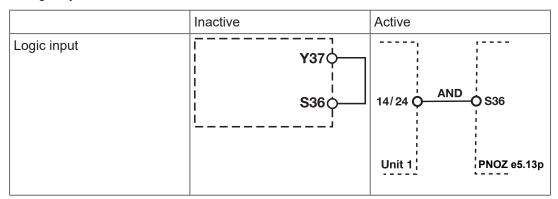
Units from the PNOZelog product range can be logically connected to each other and to units from the PNOZmulti product range. On the PNOZelog, input S35 is intended for the logic OR connection and input S36 for the logic AND connection. Safety outputs 14 and 24 on the PNOZelog are suitable for logic connections.

## When linking several units logically, please note:

- When PNOZelog units are linked logically to each other, a safety output from a PNOZelog unit may be connected to logic inputs from one or more PNOZelog units.
- ▶ When linking PNOZelog units logically to PNOZmulti units
  - a cascading output from PNOZmulti units may be connected to logic inputs on PNOZelog units
  - a safety output from PNOZelog units may be connected to cascading inputs on PNOZmulti units.
- ▶ The unit with the lowest SIL/PL value determines the SIL/PL value of the entire circuit.
- ▶ PNOZ e1p, PNOZ e8.1p: These units do not have logic inputs. Their safety outputs can be used to logically link the units to the logic inputs of other PNOZelog units or to the cascading inputs from PNOZmulti units.
- ▶ Safety outputs from the PNOZ e1p are suitable for logic connections from unit version 3.0.
- ▶ Each safety output on a PNOZelog unit that is connected to the load may also be connected to the logic inputs of a maximum of four PNOZelog units (Example 1 [☐ 16]).
- ▶ Up to 50 logic inputs from PNOZelog units can be connected to safety outputs with no load.
- ▶ Logically linking the units leads to delays when switching on and off (see on-delay and response time in the Technical details [ 25]). These are added up with each unit that is logically linked (Example 3 [ 18]).
- ▶ Install all the logically linked units in the same control cabinet or ensure that faults regarding the units' connection are excluded, e.g. via protected installation of the connection cables.
- ▶ All linked units must be connected to the same supply voltage.

## Logic input S36

Logic input S36 from the PNOZ e5.13p enables additional PNOZelog or PNOZmulti units to be logically AND-linked.

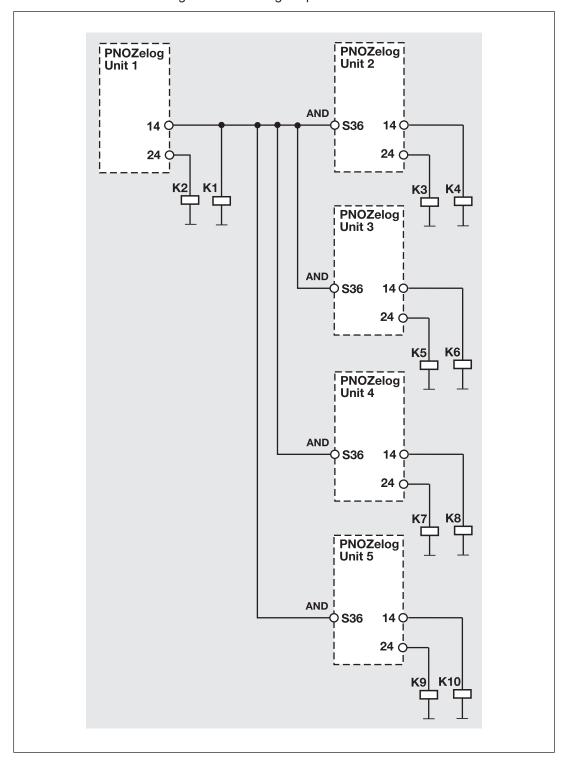


## **Examples**

The following examples represent various ways in which PNOZelog units can be logically connected. In all the application examples, 2 loads may also be connected to the safety outputs.

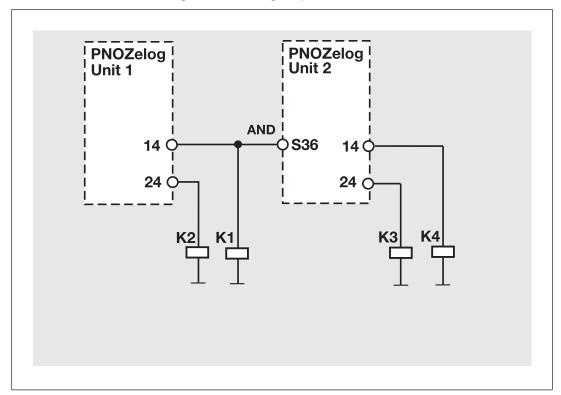
## Example 1:

Loads are connected to the safety outputs of Unit 1. In addition, a safety output is AND-linked to 4 other PNOZelog units via the logic input S36.



# Example 2:

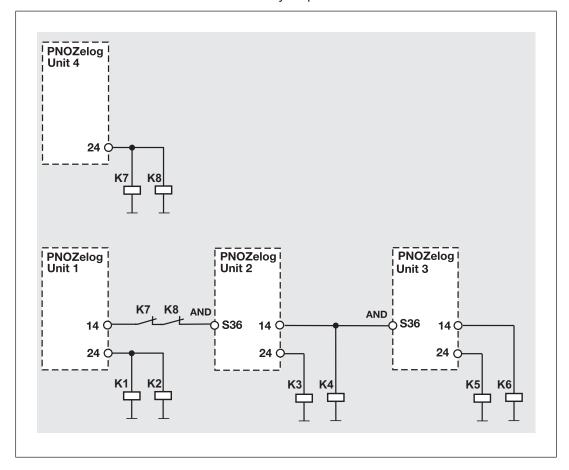
Loads are connected to the safety outputs of Unit 1. In addition, a safety output is AND-linked to another PNOZelog unit via the logic input S36.



## Example 3

The logic connection line between Unit 1 and Unit 2 contains contacts from the external contactors on Unit 4. This means that Unit 4 and Unit 1 can set the outputs on Unit 2 and Unit 3 to low.

A short circuit between +24 VDC and a safety output must be excluded!



## Operation



#### **NOTICE**

The safety function should be checked after initial commissioning and each time the plant/machine is changed. The safety functions may only be checked by qualified personnel.



#### **INFORMATION**

The safety outputs are constantly checked via test pulses. This may generate a humming noise on the connected contactors, which does not affect the function. The test pulses also mean that, when measured with a multimeter, the voltage at the safety outputs is displayed to be less than it actually is.

The unit detects the set operating mode once supply voltage is applied. During this time (initialisation phase) the "POWER" LED will flash. The unit is ready for operation when the "POWER" LED is lit continuously.

LEDs indicate the status and errors during operation:



LED on



LED flashes

## **Status indicators**



## **POWER**

Supply voltage is present, operating mode is detected.



#### POWER

Initialisation phase



#### CH 1

There is a high signal at safety output 14.



#### CH.2

There is a high signal at safety output 24.

## Faults - malfunctions



#### **INFORMATION**

Supply interruptions lasting longer than 20 ms are detected as an error. The LEDs indicate an error and the safety outputs carry a low signal. The plant or machinery driven via the safety outputs will be shut down. The unit can only be restarted when the supply voltage is switched off for at least 1 s and then switched on again.

#### Fault

Fault conditions are indicated by flashing the LEDs. There are faults that are displayed via periodic flashing (see table "Display of fault conditions") and faults where an error code can be determined via the number of flashes (see table "Relationship between the number of flashes and the decimal error code"). These faults are always indicated by three short flashes at LED CH.1 or CH.2. After a longer pause, the LED will then flash at one second intervals. The number of LED flashes corresponds to a digit in the error code. The error code can consist of up to 4 digits. The digits are separated by a longer period without flashing. The entire sequence is constantly repeated.



#### **INFORMATION**

Error code 0: 16 flashes

## Display of fault conditions

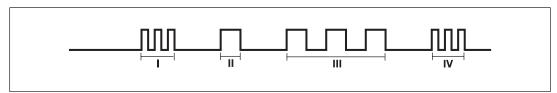
LED	Fault	Remedy		
LEDs unlit	Supply voltage is missing, too low, wrongly connected	Connect supply voltage: A1 - +24 VDC and A2 - 0 VDC Permitted voltage range: 19.2 30 VDC		
POWER flashes	Unknown operating mode, initialisation phase, start not executed	Depending on operating mode: Press start button or perform start-up test		
CH.1 or CH.2 flash a code	Error coding, see table "Error code [ 23]"	See table "Error code [ 23]"		
CH.1 and CH.2 flash alternately	Feedback loop open on start-up     Only one channel of the input circuit is open or is partially operated	1.) Close feedback loop, open input circuit, start unit again 2.) Open both input circuit channels or activate and then clear the safety mat		

## **Examples**

Error code 1, 3:

LED CH.1 or CH.2 flashes

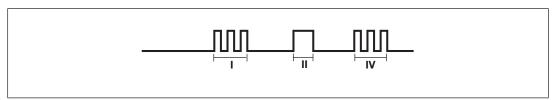
- ▶ 3 times, short
- ▶ Pause
- ▶ Once for one second
- Pause
- ▶ 3 times, for one second each



## Error code 1:

LED CH.1 or CH.2 flashes

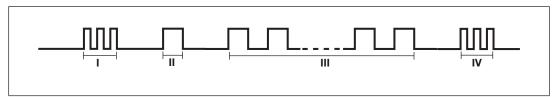
- ▶ 3 times, short
- Pause
- ▶ Once for one second



Error code 1, 0:

LED CH.1 or CH.2 flashes

- ▶ 3 times, short
- ▶ Pause
- ▶ Once for one second
- Pause
- ▶ 16 times, for one second each



- I Code for error message
- II Code for 1st digit
- III Code for 2nd digit
- IV Code for error message repeated

The table below shows the relationship between the number of flashes and the error code. The key to the error codes is described in the Error coding table.

Number of flashes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Decimal er- ror code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	0

# **Error coding**



## **INFORMATION**

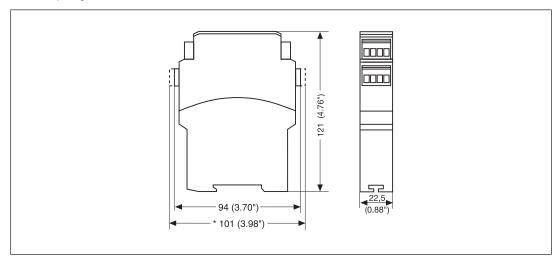
Each time a fault is rectified, switch the supply voltage off for at least 1 s and then switch it back on.

Decim al error	Number of flashes	Description	Remedy
code			
1	3x short – 1x long – 3x short	Faulty wiring, short circuit	Wiring error at start input, input circuits, feedback loop or programming
2	3x short – 2x long – 3x short		input
3	3x short – 3x long – 3x short	Operating mode changed during operation	Check wiring for the operating mode and rectify fault
4	3x short – 4x long – 3x short	In the initialisation phase, short circuit between the safety outputs and +24 VDC	Rectify wiring error at terminals 14, 24
9	3x short – 9x long – 3x short		
10	3x short – 10x long – 3x short	During operation, short circuit between the safety outputs and +24 VDC	Rectify wiring error at terminals 14, 24
		1.24 1.00	
1, 0	3x short – 1x long – 16x long – 3x short		
1, 1	3x short – 1x long – 1x long – 3x short		
1, 9	3x short – 1x long – 9x long – 3x short		
10.1	3x short – 10x long – 1x long – 3x short		
14.5	3x short – 14x long – 5x long – 3x short		
1, 2	3x short – 1x long – 2x long – 3x short	During operation, short circuit between the safety outputs and	Rectify wiring error at terminals 14, 24; Keep within the supply voltage range
1, 3	3x short – 1x long – 3x long – 3x short	0 VDC or U <sub>B</sub> <19.2 VDC	of 19.2 30 VDC
1, 12	3x short – 1x long – 12x long – 3x short		
1, 13	3x short – 1x long – 13x long – 3x short		
1, 4	3x short – 1x long – 4x long – 3x short	Operating mode changed during operation	Check wiring for the operating mode and rectify fault

Decim	Number of flashes	Description	Remedy
al error	Number of flasties	Description	Remedy
1, 5	3x short – 1x long – 5x long – 3x short	Unexpected status at S36	Check wiring at terminal S36
1, 6	3x short – 1x long – 6x long – 3x short	Wiring of operating mode "with detection of shorts across con-	Rectify wiring error at input circuits
1, 7	3x short – 1x long – 7x long – 3x short	tacts" faulty	
1, 8	3x short – 1x long – 8x long – 3x short	Maximum time of feedback loop monitoring exceeded	Check contactor for contact weld- ing
1, 11	3x short – 1x long – 11x long – 3x short	PNOZ e6.1p, PNOZ e6vp:     External feedback loop     closed, but internal feedback     loop faulty	No user remedy possible. Change the unit.
1, 10	3x short – 1x long – 10x long – 3x short	Open circuit	Check safety mat wiring
5, 10	3x short – 5x long – 10x long – 3x short	U <sub>B</sub> <19.2 VDC	Keep within the supply voltage range of 19.2 30 VDC
8, 1	3x short – 8x long – 1x long – 3x short	Invalid operating mode	Check wiring for the operating mode and rectify fault
8, 2	3x short – 8x long – 2x long – 3x short	Supply interrupted, possibly caused by a short to earth	Rectify wiring error at terminal A1 or check supply voltage
8, 3	3x short – 8x long – 3x long – 3x short		
14, 13	3x short – 14x long – 13x long – 3x short		
2, 0, 0	3x short – 2x long – 16x long – 16x long – 3x short	U <sub>B</sub> <19.2 VDC	Keep within the supply voltage range of 19.2 30 VDC
2, 0, 1	3x short – 2x long – 16x long – 1x long – 3x short		
2, 0, 2	3x short – 2x long – 16x long – 2x long – 3x short	In the initialisation phase, short circuit between the safety outputs and +24 VDC	Rectify wiring error at terminals 14, 24
2, 0, 3	3x short – 2x long – 16x long – 3x long – 3x short	U <sub>B</sub> <19.2 VDC	Keep within the supply voltage range of 19.2 30 VDC

# **Dimensions in mm**

\* With spring-loaded terminals



# **Technical details**

General	774191	784191
Certifications	CE, EAC (Eurasian), TÜV, cULus Listed	CE, EAC (Eurasian), TÜV, cULus Listed
Electrical data	774191	784191
Supply voltage		
Voltage	24 V	24 V
Kind	DC	DC
Voltage tolerance	-20 %/+25 %	-20 %/+25 %
Output of external power supply (DC) at no load	2 W	2 W
Residual ripple DC	20 %	20 %
Duty cycle	100 %	100 %
External unit fuse protection F1		
max.	6 A slow/10 A quick	6 A slow/10 A quick
Inputs	774191	784191
Voltage at		
Input circuit DC	24 V	24 V
Start circuit DC	24 V	24 V
Feedback loop DC	24 V	24 V
Logic input	24 V	24 V
Current at		
Input circuit DC	5 mA	5 mA
Start circuit DC	5 mA	5 mA
Feedback loop DC	5 mA	5 mA
Logic input	5 mA	5 mA

Inputs	774191	784191
Max. overall cable resistance RI-		
max		
Start circuit and feedback loop	1.000 Ohm	1.000 Ohm
Input circuit, single-channel	1.000 Ohm	1.000 Ohm
Input circuit, dual-channel	2.000 Ohm	2.000 Ohm
Max. line capacitance	450 nF	450 nF
Semiconductor outputs	774191	784191
Overall performance ext. loading, semiconductor	100 W	100 W
Number of safety outputs		
Instantaneous	2	2
Number of auxiliary outputs	2	2
Number of test pulse outputs	1	1
Residual current at "0" signal	4 mA	4 mA
Max. internal voltage drop	1 V	1 V
Switching capability, 2 safety outputs under load		
Current at UB ≤ 26.5 V	1,5 A	1,5 A
Current at UB > 26,5 V	1 A	1 A
Power at UB ≤ 26.5 V	40 W	40 W
Power at UB > 26,5 V	30 W	30 W
Switching capability, 1 safety output under load		
Current at UB ≤ 26.5 V	2 A	2 A
Current at UB > 26,5 V	1,5 A	1,5 A
Power at UB ≤ 26.5 V	50 W	50 W
Power at UB > 26,5 V	45 W	45 W
Conditional rated short circuit current	100 A	100 A
Lowest operating current	3 mA	3 mA
Utilisation category in accordance with EN 60947-1	DC-12	DC-12
Max. line capacitance at the outputs without load	2 nF	2 nF
Voltage auxiliary and test pulse outputs	24 V	24 V
Current auxiliary and test pulse outputs	0,5 A	0,5 A

Times	774191	784191
Switch-on delay		
After power on	3 s	3 s
With automatic start typ.	60 ms	60 ms
With automatic start max.	210 ms	210 ms
With monitored start typ.	120 ms	120 ms
With monitored start typ. With monitored start max.	260 ms	260 ms
	60 ms	60 ms
Logic inputs typ.	200 ms	200 ms
Logic inputs max.	200 HIS	200 IIIS
Response time tr semiconductor outputs		
max.	35 ms	35 ms
Maximum time of feedback loop monitoring	150 ms	150 ms
Supply interruption before de-ener-		
gisation	20 ms	20 ms
Simultaneity, channel 1 and 2 max.	∞	∞
Environmental data	774191	784191
Climatic suitability	EN 60068-2-78	EN 60068-2-78
Ambient temperature		
Temperature range	-10 - 55 °C	-10 - 55 °C
Storage temperature		
Temperature range	-25 - 70 °C	-25 - 70 °C
Climatic suitability		
Humidity	93 % r. h. at 40 °C	93 % r. h. at 40 °C
Condensation during operation	Not permitted	Not permitted
EMC	EN 60947-5-1, EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-4, EN 61326-3-1	EN 60947-5-1, EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-4, EN 61326-3-1
Vibration	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
In accordance with the standard	EN 60068-2-6	EN 60068-2-6
Frequency	10 - 55 Hz	10 - 55 Hz
Amplitude	0,35 mm	0,35 mm
Airgap creepage	•	
In accordance with the standard	EN 60947-1	EN 60947-1
Overvoltage category	III	III
Pollution degree	2	2
Rated insulation voltage	30 V	30 V
Rated impulse withstand voltage	0,8 kV	0,8 kV
Protection type	·	
Housing	IP40	IP40
Terminals	IP20	IP20
Mounting area (e.g. control cab-		
inet)	IP54	IP54
Mechanical data	774191	784191
Mounting position	Any	Any

Mechanical data	774191	784191
Material		
Bottom	PPO UL 94 V0	PPO UL 94 V0
Front	ABS UL 94 V0	ABS UL 94 V0
Тор	PPO UL 94 V0	PPO UL 94 V0
Connection type	Screw terminal	Spring-loaded terminal
Mounting type	plug-in	-
Conductor cross section with screw terminals		
1 core flexible	0,25 - 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> , 24 - 12 AWG	_
2 core with the same cross section, flexible with crimp connectors, no plastic sleeve	0,25 - 1 mm², 24 - 16 AWG	_
2 core with the same cross sec- tion, flexible without crimp con- nectors or with TWIN crimp con- nectors	0,2 - 1,5 mm², 24 - 16 AWG	_
Torque setting with screw terminals	0,5 Nm	_
Stripping length with screw terminals	8 mm	_
Conductor cross section with spring-loaded terminals: Flexible with/without crimp connector	_	0,2 - 1,5 mm², 24 - 16 AWG
Spring-loaded terminals: Terminal points per connection	_	2
Stripping length with spring-loaded terminals	_	8 mm
Dimensions		
Height	94 mm	101 mm
Width	22,5 mm	22,5 mm
Depth	121 mm	121 mm
Weight	130 g	125 g

Where standards are undated, the 2020-07 latest editions shall apply.

## Safety characteristic data



#### **NOTICE**

You must comply with the safety characteristic data in order to achieve the required safety level for your plant/machine.

Operating mode	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015	EN 62061 SIL CL	EN 62061 PFH <sub>D</sub> [1/h]	IEC 61511 SIL	IEC 61511 PFD	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015
	PL	Category					T <sub>м</sub> [year]
SC output via logic in- put	PL e	Cat. 4	SIL CL 3	3,61E-09	SIL 3	5,82E-05	20
SC output via 2-ch. input circuit	PL e	Cat. 4	SIL CL 3	3,44E-09	SIL 3	4,53E-05	20

Explanatory notes for the safety-related characteristic data:

- ▶ The SIL CL value in accordance with EN 62061 corresponds to the SIL value in accordance with EN 61508.
- ▶ T<sub>M</sub> is the maximum mission time in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1. The value also applies as the retest interval in accordance with EN 61508-6 and IEC 61511 and as the proof test interval and mission time in accordance with EN 62061.

All the units used within a safety function must be considered when calculating the safety characteristic data.



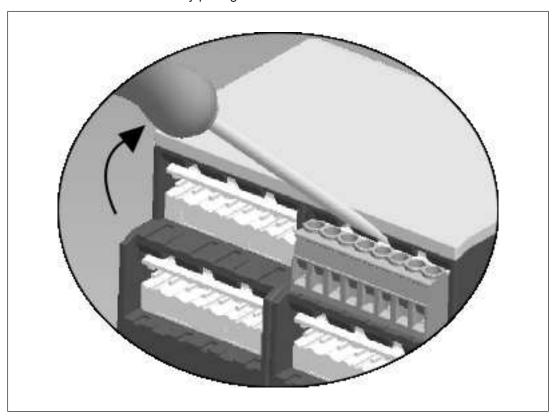
## INFORMATION

A safety function's SIL/PL values are **not** identical to the SIL/PL values of the units that are used and may be different. We recommend that you use the PAScal software tool to calculate the safety function's SIL/PL values.

# Remove plug-in terminals

Procedure: Insert the screwdriver into the housing recess behind the terminal and lever the terminal out.

Do **not** remove the terminals by pulling the cables!



# Order reference

## Product

Product type	Features	Connection type	Order no.
PNOZ e5.13p	24 V DC	Screw terminals	774191
PNOZ e5.13p C	24 V DC	Spring-loaded terminals	784191

## Accessories

Product type	Features	Order no.
Terminal block filter 1	Terminal block with filter for 3-10 kOhm load range	774195
Terminal block filter 2	Terminal block with filter for 10-30 kOhm load range	774196



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