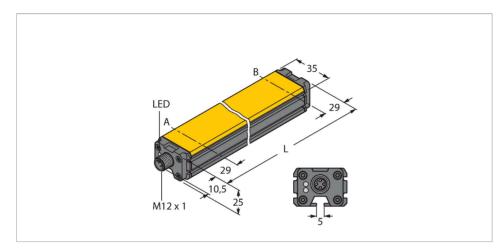


LI2000P0-Q25LM0-ELIU5X3-H1151 Inductive Linear Position Sensor



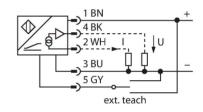
Technical data

Туре	LI2000P0-Q25LM0-ELIU5X3-H1151
ldent. no.	100001320
Measuring principle	Inductive
Measuring range	2000 mm
Resolution	16 bit
Nominal distance	1.5 mm
Blind zone a	29 mm
Blind zone b	29 mm
Repeat accuracy	\leq 0.02 % of full scale
Linearity deviation	\leq 0.05 %f.s.also under the influence of shock and vibration
Temperature drift	$\leq \pm 0.003$ % / K
Hysteresis	omitted as a matter of principle
Ambient temperature	-25+70 °C
Operating voltage	1530 VDC
Residual ripple	$\leq 10 \% U_{ss}$
Isolation test voltage	≤ 0.5 kV
Short-circuit protection	yes
Wire breakage/Reverse polarity protection	yes / yes (voltage supply)
Output function	5-pin, Analog output
Voltage output	010 V
Current output	420 mA
Diagnostic	Positioning element not within detection range: Output signal 24mA or 11 V
Load resistance voltage output	≥ 4.7 kΩ

Features

- Rectangular, aluminium / plastic
- Versatile mounting possibilities
- Measuring range displayed via LED
- Immune to electromagnetic interference
- Extremely short blind zones
- Resolution, 16-bit
- 4-wire, 15...30 VDC
- Analog output
- Programmable measuring range
- 0...10 V and 4...20 mA, improved machine safety possible through redundancy
- M12 × 1 connector, 5-pin

Wiring diagram





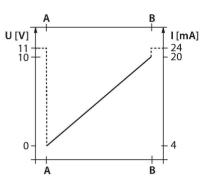
Functional principle

The measuring principle of linear position sensors is based on RLC coupling between the positioning element and the sensor, whereby an output signal is provided proportional to the position of the positioning element. The rugged sensors are wear and tear-free, thanks to the contactless operating principle. They convince through their excellent repeatability, resolution and linearity within a broad temperature range. The innovative technology ensures a high immunity to electromagnetic DC and AC fields.



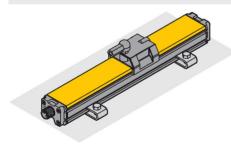
Technical data

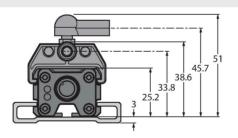
Load resistance, current output	≤ 0.4 kΩ
Sample rate	5000 Hz
Current consumption	< 100 mA
Design	Profile, Q25L
Dimensions	2058 x 35 x 25 mm
Housing material	Aluminum/plastic, PA6-GF30, Anodized
Active area material	Plastic, PA6-GF30
Electrical connection	Connector, M12 × 1
Vibration resistance (EN 60068-2-6)	20 g; 1.25 h/axis; 3 axes
Shock resistance (EN 60068-2-27)	200 g; 4 ms ½ sine
Protection class	IP67 IP66
MTTF	138 years acc. to SN 29500 (Ed. 99) 40 °C
Power-on indication	LED, Green
Measuring range display	multifunction LED, green, yellow, yellow flashing



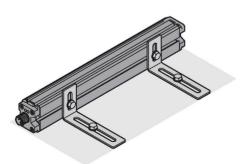
Mounting instructions

Mounting instructions/Description





Extensive mounting accessories provide various options for installation. Due to the measuring
principle, which is based on the functional
principle of an RLC coupling, the linear position
sensor is immune to magnetized metal splinters
and other interferences.Principle of an RLC coupling, the linear position
sensor is immune to magnetized metal splinters
and other interferences.Status display via LED
Green:
Sensor is supplied properlyEED indicates measuring range
Green:
Positioning element is within the measuring range,
low signal intensity (e.g. distance too large)
Yellow flashing:
Positioning element is outside the detection range
Off:
Positioning element is outside the programmed
range (only with teachable versions)Prince Position Position on the teach adapter.
Moreover there is the possibility of inverting the
course of the output curve.Provention Position Position on the teach adapter.
Moreover there is the possibility of inverting the
course of the output curve.Provention Position Positi options for installation. Due to the measuring principle, which is based on the functional





Bridge pin 5 and pin 1 for 2 s = sets end value of measuring range After 2 seconds the green LED is illuminated continuously

Factory setting

Bridge pin 5 and pin 1 for 10 s = factory settingAfter 10 seconds the green LED flashes green Bridge pin 5 and pin 3 for 10 s = factory settinginverted

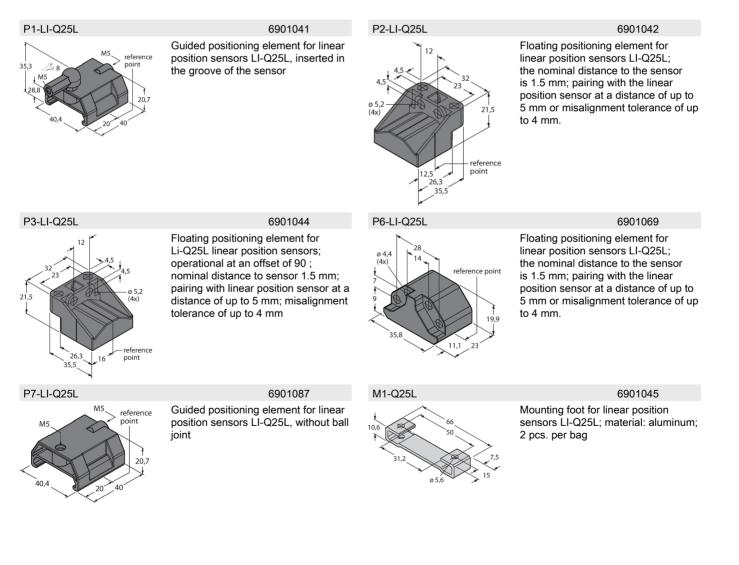
After 10 seconds the green LED flashes green

Optional:

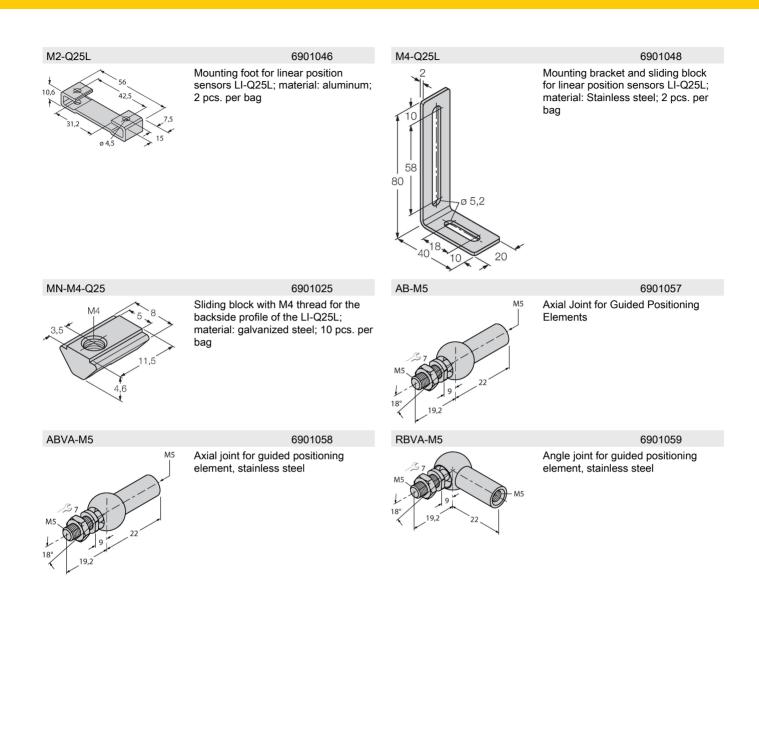
Bridge pin 5 and pin 1 for 30 s = teach lock active/ inactive

After 30 s. the flashing changes to fast flashing The configured settings do not need to be locked using the teach lock because as a general rule they are saved in the sensor's non-volatile memory even after power is lost. The teach lock is recommended in situations where it is necessary to prevent subsequent alteration of the parameters.

Accessories







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